OEIC Factsheet

Emerging Markets Local Currency Debt Fund

'I' shares, GBP As at end May 2024



Fund overview

The Fund aims to provide income and capital growth (to grow the value of your investment) over at least 5 years.

The Fund invests primarily (at least two-thirds) in bonds (or similar debt-based assets) issued by emerging market borrowers or borrowers who have significant economic exposure to emerging markets (countries that have less developed economies) and in related derivatives (financial contracts whose value is linked to the price of such bonds (or similar debt-based assets)).

The index used in the performance section is deemed to be a good representation of the Fund's investable universe and is widely used, independently calculated and readily available. Fund performance can also be compared to the IA sector average. Many funds sold in the UK are grouped into sectors by the Investment Association (the trade body that represents UK investment managers), to facilitate comparison between funds with broadly similar characteristics.

Monthly and annual average performance (%)

	1 month	1month 1year	3 yea	rs	5 years	10 years
	THIOHUT	i yeai	annualise	ed anr	nualised	annualised
Fund - I Acc GBP	0.0	3.7	1.	4	0.9	1.8
Benchmark	-O.1	1.9	0.0	0	-0.6	1.7
Sector	0.1	2.2	0.	9	0.6	1.3
Fund/Sector rank	14/29	6/29	13/2	9	7/26	7/15
Calendar year performance (%)						
	YTD	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Fund - I Acc GBP	-2.2	6.9	-0.3	-6.2	1.1	10.5
Benchmark	-2.7	6.0	-0.9	-8.2	-0.8	8.6
Sector	-3.2	7.7	0.3	-7.6	0.6	9.7
Fund/Sector rank	4/29	21/29	19/29	6/29	8/28	6/24
Rolling 12 month performance (%)						
	31.05.23 -31.05.24	31.05.22 -31.05.23			31.05.20 31.05.21	31.05.19 -31.05.20
Fund - I Acc GBP	3.7	4.7	-4	.1	-3.8	4.4
Benchmark	1.9	4.5	-6.	2	-6.1	3.6

2.2

6/29

Investors must read the Key Information Document (or Key Investor Information Document where relevant) and Prospectus prior to investing.

Key facts

Portfolio managers: Werner Gey van Pittius, Antoon de Klerk, Christine Reed

Fund size: GBP 73.9m Fund launch date: 30.06.06

I Acc GBP share class launch date: 02.05.12

Domicile: United Kingdom

Sector: IA Global Emerging Markets Bond - Local

Currency

Benchmark: JP Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified (Net of Tax Return) (JP Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Index prior to 14 December 2023). The current benchmark is shown since inception.

'I' share class dealing currency: GBP

Risk and reward profile (KIID SRRI): 4 out of 7

'I' Acc Share class charges

Maximum initial charge: 0.00% Ongoing charge: 0.98%

Other information

Pricing: 12 noon (forward pricing) Minimum investment: GBP1,000,000 lump sum

'I' Acc GBP

ISIN: GB00B3TB1H89 Sedol: B3TB1H8 Distribution Payment dates: 31 Jul,31 Oct,31 Jan,30 Apr

'I' Inc-2 GBP

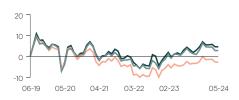
ISIN: GB00B58SJV49 Sedol: B58SJV4 Yield: 7.35% (6.37%)*

Distribution Payment Dates: 31 Jul, 31 Oct, 31 Jan, 30 Apr

*Yield if charges had been taken from income. See yield explanation on page 4.

Performance (%)

Fund/Sector rank



Risk statistics

4.9

16/29

-4.4

16/29

-2.9

10/29

3.2

3/26

	J	5
	years	years
Annualised volatility (%)	6.8	9.6

Fund - Benchmark - Sector

Performance data source: Morningstar, dates to 31.05.24, NAV based, (net of fees, excluding initial charges), total return with net income reinvested where applicable, in Sterling. The Fund does not track an index, any index shown is for illustrative purposes only. Performance prior to 02 May 2012 has been simulated.

Emerging Markets Local Currency Debt Fund

Top holdings (%)	
Thailand Government Bond 2.65 Jun 17 28	3.7
Brazil Notas DO Tesouro Nacion 10 Jan 01 29	3.3
Thailand Government Bond 3.35 Jun 17 33	3.1
Mexican Bonos 7.75 May 29 31	2.9
Republic of South Africa 8 Jan 31 30	2.6
China Government Bond 2.64 Jan 15 28	2.4
Hungary Government Bond 6.75 Oct 22 28	2.4
Czech Republic Government Bond 4.9 Apr 14 34	1.8
Malaysia Government Bond 3.828 Jul 05 34	1.7
Colombian TES 7.25 Oct 18 34	1.7
Total	25.6
Number of bond holdings:	132

Credit breakdown (%)*	
AAA	1.7
AA	9.5
A	22.3
BBB	37.0
BB	15.9
В	5.9
CCC	3.4
С	0.2
Cash and near cash	4.1
Total	100.0
Average credit rating	BBB
*Bond ratings are Ninety One app	proximations.

Maturity profile (%)	
0 - 1 year	9.2
1-3 years	9.6
3 - 5 years	24.9
5 - 10 years	37.6
10 - 20 years	15.0
20 years +	3.7
Total	100.0
Average maturity (years)	7.7
Yield to maturity (%)	7.1

Geographic allocation ((%)
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Malaysia	10.2
Thailand	9.4
Czech Republic	8.9
South Africa	7.8
Peru	7.3
China*	6.9
Colombia	5.1
Indonesia	5.1
Hungary	4.8
Brazil	4.6
Mexico	4.4
Poland	3.4
Chile	2.4
Egypt	2.1
Uruguay	1.8
Zambia	1.8
Dominican Republic	1.4
Ukraine	1.3
Kenya	1.1
Turkey	1.1
Other	5.0
Cash and near cash	4.1
Total	100.0

Currency positions (%)

	Duration contrib.	%NAV
US Dollar	-0.1	-18.8
Brazilian Real	0.2	13.4
Polish Zloty	0.1	11.4
Malaysian Ringgit	0.7	10.1
Indonesian Rupiah	0.4	9.9
Mexican Peso	0.3	9.9
South African Rand	0.7	7.5
Thai Baht	0.6	6.9
Turkish Lira	0.1	6.0
Colombian Peso	0.2	4.6
Indian Rupee	0.0	4.6
Singapore Dollar	0.0	4.5
Romanian Leu	0.1	4.1
Chinese Offshore Renminbi	0.0	4.0
Chilean Peso	0.1	3.6
Hungarian Forint	0.3	3.1
Czech Koruna	0.6	3.0
Philippine Peso	0.0	-2.2
Other	1.3	14.4
Total	5.6	100.0

Sector analysis (%)

Duration contrib.	%NAV
5.0	92.3
0.2	2.6
0.0	0.6
0.0	0.5
0.0	0.1
0.3	-
0.1	-0.2
0.0	4.1
5.6	100.0
	0.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.3 0.1 0.0

The portfolio may change significantly over a short period of time. This is not a buy or sell recommendation for any particular security. Figures may not always sum to 100 due to rounding.

The yield information has been calculated as at 31.05.24. Where FTSE data is shown, source: FTSE International Limited ("FTSE") © FTSE 2024. Please note a disclaimer applies to FTSE data and can be found at https://research.ftserussell.com/products/downloads/FTSE_Wholly_Owned_Non-Partner.pdf. Where MSCI data is shown, source: MSCI. MSCI makes no express or implied warranties or representations and shall have no liability whatsoever with respect to any MSCI data contained herein. The MSCI data may not be further redistributed or used as a basis for other indices or any securities or financial products. This report is not approved, endorsed, reviewed or produced by MSCI. None of the MSCI data is intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such. All other information is from Ninety One at 31.05.24.

^{*} Offshore and/or Mainland

Emerging Markets Local Currency Debt Fund

General risks

The value of these investments, and any income generated from them, will be affected by changes in interest rates, general market conditions and other political, social and economic developments, as well as by specific matters relating to the assets in which they invest

Past performance does not predict future returns; losses may be made. Ongoing costs and charges will impact returns.

For Inc-2 and Inc-3 shares classes, expenses are charged to the capital account rather than to income, so capital will be reduced. This could constrain future capital and income growth. Income may be taxable.

The Fund's objectives will not necessarily be achieved and there is no guarantee that these investments will make profits; losses may be made.

Environmental, social or governance related risk events or factors, if they occur, could cause a negative impact on the value of investments.

This Fund may not be appropriate for investors who plan to withdraw their money within the short to medium term.

Specific fund risks

Currency exchange: Changes in the relative values of different currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

Default: There is a risk that the issuers of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The worse the credit quality of the issuer, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.

Derivatives: The use of derivatives may increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses leading to large changes in value and potentially large financial loss. A counterparty to a derivative transaction may fail to meet its obligations which may also lead to a financial loss.

Emerging market: These markets carry a higher risk of financial loss than more developed markets as they may have less developed legal, political, economic or other systems.

Government securities exposure: The Fund may invest more than 35% of its assets in securities issued or guaranteed by a permitted sovereign entity, as defined in the definitions section of the Fund's prospectus.

Interest rate: The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to decrease when interest rates rise.

Important information

All data as at 31.05.24. The most up to date fund details (e.g. name, overview, key facts etc) are reflected as at the date of publication. Any changes effective after publication will appear in the next update. This factsheet template was approved by Ninety One on 2 January 2024. This is a marketing communication. We recommend that you seek independent financial advice to ensure this Fund is suitable for your investment needs. This communication should not be distributed to retail customers who are resident in countries where the Fund is not registered for sale or in any other circumstances where its distribution is not authorised or is unlawful.

All the information contained in this communication is believed to be reliable but may be inaccurate or incomplete. A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold a fund.

The Fund is a sub-fund of the Ninety One Funds Series range (series i - iv) which are incorporated in England and Wales as investment companies with variable capital. Ninety One Fund Managers UK Ltd (registered in England and Wales No. 2392609 and authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority) is the authorised corporate director of the Ninety One Funds Series range.

This communication is not an invitation to make an investment nor does it constitute an offer for sale. Any decision to invest in the Fund should be made only after reviewing the full offering documentation, including the Key Investor Information Documents (KIID) and Prospectus, which set out the fund specific risks. Fund prices and copies of the Prospectus, annual and semi-annual Report & Accounts, Instruments of Incorporation and the Key Investor Information Documents may be obtained from www.ninetyone.com.

Glossary summary

Alpha: Jensen's alpha is a risk adjusted measure of a fund's performance relative to its performance comparison benchmark.

Beta: A measure of the volatility of a fund relative to its performance comparison index, i.e. how sensitive the fund is to movements in the market. A figure greater than 1 indicates that the fund will tend to outperform in a rising market and under perform in a falling one, i.e. is more volatile than the market. The reverse applies to a Beta of less than 1.

Credit rating: A score awarded by an independent rating agency to indicate the financial strength of the issuer of a bond, and the potential for a default on interest and principal payments. The top credit rating is 'AAA'. The lowest rating to be considered 'investment grade' is 'BBB'. Below 'BBB', bonds are termed 'sub investment grade' or 'high yield'. Average credit ratings are based on the individual bond ratings issued by the ratings agencies. For each bond, the ratings issued by each agency are combined to form a single rating based on the methodology that most closely matches the performance comparison index (PCI), otherwise median is typically used where there is no PCI. The portfolio rating is the

Distribution types

Accumulation (Acc): An accumulation share will not make income payments to shareholders but will instead accrue the income daily in the net asset value of the share class. Income is deemed distributed for UK tax purposes.

Income (Inc): An income share will distribute all or part of the income accruing in that share class.

Income-2 (Inc-2): These distribute the income accruing in the share class and charge all their expenses to capital. This maximises the income available for distribution – although it also reduces capital by an equivalent extent which could constrain future capital and income growth. This can be inefficient from a tax perspective in those countries where income tax rates are higher than those on capital gains.

Duration: This is a measure of risk for funds which invest in bonds as it predicts the sensitivity of the value of a fund's portfolio given changes in interest rates. The higher the value the greater the volatility of the fund's performance resulting from changes to interest rates. The Modified duration is shown.

OEIC:Open Ended Investment Company

weighted average of the above bond ratings.

Information ratio: A measure of a portfolio manager's skill against a performance comparison index. The over or underperformance of the fund relative to its performance comparison index is divided by the tracking error. In this way, we arrive at the value, per unit of extra risk assumed, that the manager's decisions have added to what the market would have delivered anyway. The higher the Information Ratio the better.

KIID SRRI: The Synthetic Risk Reward Indicator (SRRI) which appears in the Key Investor Information Document (KIID). A number on a scale of 1 to 7 based on how much the value of a fund has fluctuated over the past 5 years (or an estimate if the fund has a shorter track record). A rating of 1 represents the lower end of the risk scale with potentially lower rewards available whilst a rating of 7 reflects higher risk but potentially higher rewards.

Maturity profile: The average life of each bond in a fund's portfolio, weighted by value.

Ongoing charge: This figure includes the annual management fee and administrative costs but excludes any performance fee or portfolio transaction costs (except in the case of an entry or exit charge paid by a fund when buying or selling units in another fund). Ongoing charges may vary from year to year.

NAV: The Net Asset Value (NAV) represents the value of the assets of a fund less its liabilities.

Sector: A peer group of funds managed to a similar investment policy. Not every fund will have a relevant sector, but for those that do, a full list of the funds included in the sector can be obtained from us on request.

Tracking error: A measure of how much a fund's returns deviate from those of its performance comparison index. The lower the number the closer the fund's historic performance has followed that of its performance comparison index.

Volatility: The amount by which the performance of a fund fluctuates over a given period.

YTD: Year to date.

Yields

Yield:The Yield reflects the amounts that may be distributed over the next 12 months as a percentage of the Fund's net asset value per share, as at the date shown, based on a snapshot of the portfolio on that day. Where there is a yield number in brackets, it is calculated in the same way, however, as the charges of the share class are deducted from capital rather than income, it shows the level of yield had these charges been deducted from income. Yields do not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on their distributions. The effect of taking expenses from capital is to increase income whilst reducing capital to an equivalent extent and may constrain future capital and income growth.

For an explanation of other statistical terms, please see www.ninetyone.com/glossary

Contact us

UK

Ninety One Telephone: +44 (0)20 3938 1800 If calling within the UK: +44 (0) 800 389

Email:ninetyoneenquiries@uk.sscinc.com

Telephone calls may be recorded for training, monitoring and regulatory purposes and to confirm investors' instructions.