Interim Manager's Report for the period ended 15 February 2024 (Unaudited)



Contents

Legal & General Multi-Index Funds		Legal & General Multi-Index 5 Fund	
Authorised Status	3	Manager's Investment Report	44
Sub-Fund Cross-Holdings	3	Portfolio Statement	47
Directors' Statement	3	Statement of Total Return	50
La cod O Carrand Discouring of Free d		Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable	
Legal & General Diversified Fund		to Unitholders	50
Manager's Investment Report	4	Balance Sheet	50
Portfolio Statement	6	Notes to the Financial Statements	51
Statement of Total Return	10	Sub-fund Information	52
Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable		Risk and Reward Profile	53
to Unitholders	10	Legal & General Multi-Index Income 5 Fund	
Balance Sheet	10		
Notes to the Financial Statements	11	Manager's Investment Report	54
Sub-fund Information	12	Portfolio Statement	57
Risk and Reward Profile	13	Statement of Total Return	60
Legal & General Multi-Index 3 Fund		Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders	60
Manager's Investment Report	14	Balance Sheet	60
Portfolio Statement	17	Notes to the Financial Statements	61
Statement of Total Return	20	Sub-fund Information	
Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable	20		62
to Unitholders	20	Risk and Reward Profile	63
Balance Sheet	20	Legal & General Multi-Index 6 Fund	
Notes to the Financial Statements	21	Manager's Investment Report	64
Sub-fund Information	22	Portfolio Statement	67
Risk and Reward Profile	23	Statement of Total Return	70
Legal & General Multi-Index 4 Fund		Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders	70
Manager's Investment Report	24	Balance Sheet	70
Portfolio Statement	27	Notes to the Financial Statements	71
Statement of Total Return	30	Sub-fund Information	72
Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders	30	Risk and Reward Profile	73
Balance Sheet	30	Legal & General Multi-Index Income 6 Fund	
Notes to the Financial Statements	31	Manager's Investment Report	74
Sub-fund Information	32	Portfolio Statement	77
Risk and Reward Profile	33	Statement of Total Return	80
Legal & General Multi-Index Income 4 Fund		Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders	80
Manager's Investment Report	34	Balance Sheet	80
Portfolio Statement	37	Notes to the Financial Statements	81
Statement of Total Return	40	Sub-fund Information	82
Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable		Risk and Reward Profile	83
to Unitholders	40		
Balance Sheet	40		
Notes to the Financial Statements	41		
Sub-fund Information	42		
Risk and Reward Profile	43		

Contents continued

Legal & General Multi-Index 7 Fund		Legal & General Future World ESG Multi-Index 6)
Manager's Investment Report	84	Fund	
Portfolio Statement	87	Manager's Investment Report	127
Statement of Total Return	90	Portfolio Statement	130
Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable		Statement of Total Return	134
to Unitholders	90	Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable	
Balance Sheet	90	to Unitholders	134
Notes to the Financial Statements	91	Balance Sheet	134
Sub-fund Information	92	Notes to the Financial Statements	135
Risk and Reward Profile	93	Sub-fund Information	136
La seal & Carranel Folore Ward FCC Mall' Indian 2		Risk and Reward Profile	137
Legal & General Future World ESG Multi-Index 3 Fund		Legal & General Future World ESG Multi-Index 7	,
	0.4	Fund	
Manager's Investment Report	94	Manager's Investment Report	138
Portfolio Statement	97	Portfolio Statement	141
Statement of Total Return	101	Statement of Total Return	141
Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders	1.01		144
Balance Sheet	101 101	Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders	144
Notes to the Financial Statements	101	Balance Sheet	144
		Notes to the Financial Statements	145
Sub-fund Information	103	Sub-fund Information	146
Risk and Reward Profile	104	Risk and Reward Profile	147
Legal & General Future World ESG Multi-Index 4		Nisk and Reward I forme	14/
Fund		General Information	148
Manager's Investment Report	105		
Portfolio Statement	108		
Statement of Total Return	112		
Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders	112		
Balance Sheet	112		
Notes to the Financial Statements	113		
Sub-fund Information	114		
Risk and Reward Profile	115		
Legal & General Future World ESG Multi-Index 5 Fund			
Manager's Investment Report	116		
Portfolio Statement	119		
Statement of Total Return	123		
Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable			
to Unitholders	123		
Balance Sheet	123		
Notes to the Financial Statements	124		
Sub-fund Information	125		
Risk and Reward Profile	126		

Authorised Status

The Scheme is an Authorised Unit Trust Scheme as defined in section 243 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and is a non-UCITS Retail Scheme "Umbrella Fund" within the meaning of the FCA Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook.

The Scheme currently consists of 14 Sub-funds:

- Legal & General Diversified Fund;
- Legal & General Multi-Index 3 Fund;
- Legal & General Multi-Index 4 Fund;
- Legal & General Multi-Index Income 4 Fund;
- Legal & General Multi-Index 5 Fund;
- Legal & General Multi-Index Income 5 Fund;
- Legal & General Multi-Index 6 Fund;
- Legal & General Multi-Index Income 6 Fund;
- Legal & General Multi-Index 7 Fund;
- Legal & General Future World ESG Multi-Index 3 Fund;
- Legal & General Future World ESG Multi-Index 4 Fund;
- Legal & General Future World ESG Multi-Index 5 Fund;
- Legal & General Future World ESG Multi-Index 6 Fund; and
- Legal & General Future World ESG Multi-Index 7 Fund.

Further Sub-funds may be established in the future.

Sub-Fund Cross-Holdings

No Sub-fund held shares in any other sub-fund within the Unit Trust during the current period.

Directors' Statement

We hereby certify that this Manager's Report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the FCA Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook.

A. J. C. Craven (Director)

L. W. Toms (Director)

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited 12 April 2024

Manager's Investment Report

Investment Objective and Policy

The objective of the Sub-fund is to provide a combination of capital growth and income. The Sub-fund aims to achieve a total return of both income and capital of the Bank of England Base Rate +3.75% per annum, the "Benchmark". This objective is before the deduction of any charges and measured over rolling five year periods.

Whilst the Sub-fund aims to achieve its objective, there is no guarantee that this will be achieved over that period or any other period and capital invested in the Sub-fund is at risk.

The Sub-fund is actively managed and may have exposure to shares in companies, government and corporate bonds (investment grade and sub-investment grade), money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash, permitted deposits and indirectly to alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property. The shares in companies and bonds may represent all economic sectors and geographical areas including developed and emerging markets.

The Sub-fund will have exposure of between 20-50% in bonds.

To obtain the exposure to shares in companies, bonds, money market instruments, cash, permitted deposits and indirectly to alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property, at least 80% of the Sub-fund will invest in collective investment schemes. The collective investment schemes that the Sub-fund invests in may be actively or passively managed, including those which are operated by the Manager or an associate of the Manager. At times, the Sub-fund may be fully invested in collective investment schemes only.

The Manager will aim to achieve the Sub-fund's objective as described above whilst also aiming to manage the overall volatility of the Sub-fund to be equivalent to two thirds of the volatility of developed equity markets over five year rolling periods.

The Sub-fund may only use derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes.

Manager's Investment Report

During the period under review, the published price of the Sub-fund's I-Class accumulation units increased by 6.17%.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Market/Economic Review

Markets finished strongly over the six months under review as most risk assets delivered positive returns, driven in particular by the 'Santa rally' in the final month of 2023. The late rally in global equity markets was led by US technology stocks which delivered double-digit returns. UK and Japanese equities lagged the wider market, but still eked out a positive return overall. Sovereign bonds and credit delivered positive returns as investor expectations of interest rate cuts in 2024 grew. After peaking at more than 5.00% early in the fourth quarter of 2023, two-year Gilt yields fell by a full percent towards quarter end, finishing 2023 below 4.00%.

As global macroeconomic data continued to improve into 2024 and major central banks adopted an increasingly dovish tone, developed equity markets continued to perform strongly. This positive momentum continued into the end of the period, with most equity markets recording strong gains. The US and Japan were the best performing regions, with the Japanese market hitting a new all-time high after over 30 years. The end of the period saw a more difficult time for government bond markets, as increasing confidence about the growth outlook in the US and stubborn inflation data prompted investors to reappraise their expectations for the number of likely interest rate cuts over 2024.

Sub-fund Review

The Sub-fund aims to achieve a before fees total return of the Bank of England base rate of +3.75% per annum, over a rolling five-year period. Realised performance against a cash plus comparator will always be volatile due to the volatility of markets and the stable comparator.

The largest asset class contributors to Sub-fund performance were North American and Japanese equities as developed equities rallied over the period. Private equity also contributed significantly to Sub-fund returns. Most risk assets gained over the period. However, commodities and frontier equities both declined over the period. Consequently, exposure to these asset classes marginally detracted from Sub-fund returns.

There were no Sub-fund positioning changes over the period.

Outlook

There is little doubt that the economic landscape in the US has improved significantly over the six months under review. However, while we take comfort from a stronger backdrop, this favourable combination of economic conditions is reflected in consensus forecasts and market prices. When investors' base case scenario is so optimistic, the potential for disappointment is high. Developed markets have seen a substantial increase in interest rates over the past 18 months, which can take time to impact the real economy, and inflation remains above target. Moreover, we are entering a volatile period for global politics. There are plenty of crosscurrents for the global economy to navigate to reach a 'soft landing'.

Manager's Investment Report continued

Against this backdrop, we remain cautious about the potential for further gains in risk assets and see the distribution of potential outcomes as more skewed towards the downside. However, we remain vigilant for signs that the economic resilience can be maintained while inflation returns to target. We maintain a reduced exposure to global equities and investment grade credit, preferring to target specific opportunities where valuation or sentiment present a more attractive risk or reward trade off. We continue to have a positive view of government bonds, with US inflation-linked bonds appearing particularly attractive given high levels of real interest rates. Our preference remains to focus on ensuring our portfolios our well diversified and robust to a variety of different economic scenarios.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) 2 April 2024

Important Note from the Manager Geopolitical Events

In response to events in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, the Manager is closely monitoring financial markets and any potential liquidity and volatility risks which may have an impact on the Sub-fund.

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited February 2024

Portfolio Statement

Portfolio Statement as at 15 February 2024

All investments are in investment grade securities, ordinary shares or collective investment schemes unless otherwise stated. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent holdings at 15 August 2023.

	w the equivalent nothings at 15 magust 2025.		
Holding/		Market	% of
Nominal	Investment	Value £	Net Assets
Value		L	Assets
	EQUITIES — 4.08% (4.82%) United Kingdom — 0.42% (0.81%)		
10.090	3i Group	241,655	0.16
	Intermediate Capital Group	171,603	0.11
	National Grid	8,920	0.01
	Pantheon International	143,259	0.09
	Severn Trent	31,198	0.02
1,185		18,836	0.01
,	United Utilities Group	32,448	0.02
37.17	S. mod S. millos S. sop		
		647,919	0.42
	Continental Europe — 0.74% (1.30%)		
573	Cellnex Telecom	16,284	0.01
10,481	EDP - Energias de Portugal	34,372	0.02
379	Encavis	3,967	_
8,147	Enel	41,336	0.03
1,438	Engie	17,910	0.01
849	Eurazeo	56,391	0.04
1,814	Getlink	23,872	0.02
2,832	Holmen	86,163	0.06
4,063	Iberdrola	37,618	0.02
146	Orsted	6,832	_
374	Partners Group Holding	412,427	0.27
432	Redeia Corporacion	5,474	_
6,693	Scatec	36,408	0.02
2,890	Stora Enso	27,141	0.02
22,471	Svenska Cellulosa 'B'	236,961	0.15
1,100	Terna - Rete Elettrica Nazionale	7,011	0.01
672	UPM-Kymmene	16,478	0.01
747	Véolia Environnement	18,893	0.01
241	Verbund	13,210	0.01
652	Wendel	48,778	0.03
		1,147,526	0.74
1⊿Ω	North America — 2.80% (2.33%) American Tower	22,351	0.02
	American Water Works Company	11,578	0.02
	Apollo Global Management	403,655	0.26
	Ares Capital	348,430	0.22
	Blackstone	412,969	0.22
	Blue Owl Capital	202,710	0.13
	Boralex	4,539	0.13
	Brookfield	422,646	0.27
		320,317	
	Brookfield Asset Management		0.21
	Brookfield Renewable	15,788	0.01
	Cannae Holdings	27,926	0.02
	Carlyle Group	37,653	0.02
	Consolidated Edison	7,991	0.01
	Crown Castle	18,699	0.01
	Edison International	8,266	0.01
	Essential Utilities	41,014	0.03
	Eversource Energy	6,273	_
7,399	FS KKR Capital	118,363	0.08

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	North America — (cont.)		
16,786	Golub Capital BDC	207,832	0.13
693	Hamilton Lane	64,633	0.04
1,620	Hydro One	38,259	0.03
557	Innergex Renewable Energy	2,533	_
2,696	KKR & Company	205,465	0.13
8,219	Main Street Capital	291,903	0.19
419	NextEra Energy	19,179	0.01
306	Northland Power	4,359	_
1,255	Onex	76,211	0.05
106	Ormat Technologies	5,599	_
8,838	PotlatchDeltic	317,251	0.20
13,348	Rayonier	354,928	0.23
100	SBA Communications	16,834	0.01
11,645	Weyerhaeuser	310,015	0.20
		4,346,169	2.80
	South America — 0.05% (0.21%)		
	Empresas CMPC	29,799	0.02
	Klabin	16,042	0.01
3,4/4	Suzano	29,031	0.02
		74,872	0.05
	Africa — 0.00% (0.02%)		
4,332	Sappi	8,344	
	Asia Pacific — 0.05% (0.09%)		
201	East Japan Railway	9,389	_
11,379	MTR Corporation	28,794	0.02
4,241	Oji Holdings	12,385	0.01
5,546	Transurban Group	37,164	0.02
		87,732	0.05
	Pacific Basin — 0.02% (0.06%)		
1 859	Contact Energy	7,281	0.01
	Mercury NZ	7,162	0.01
	Meridian Energy	7,102	0.01
2,702	Michalan Energy	21,847	0.02
			0.02
	GOVERNMENT BONDS — 2.26% (4.13%)		
GRP802 749	United Kingdom — 0.50% (0.00%) United Kingdom Gilt 4.25% 07/12/2046	767,838	0.50
051 002,7 07	Grinda Kingdom Giri 1.20/00/71/2010		0.00
EUD07 440	Continental Europe — 0.64% (0.90%)	74.070	0.05
	French Republic Government Bond 2.5% 25/05/2030	74,378	0.05
	French Republic Government Bond 0.1% 25/07/2038	270,027	0.17
	Portugal Obrigacoes do Tesouro 3.50% 18/06/2038	139,796	0.09
EUR515,000	Spain Government Bond 4.90% 30/07/2040	510,806	0.33
		995,007	0.64
	North America — 1.05% (1.34%)		
USD253,100	United States Treasury Bond 6.25% 15/05/2030	223,191	0.14
	United States Treasury Bond 4.25% 15/11/2040	289,697	0.19

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	North America — (cont.)		
USD1,300,000	United States Treasury Inflation Indexed Bonds 0.75% 15/02/2042	1,111,098	0.72
		1,623,986	1.05
	Asia Pacific — 0.07% (0.29%)		
AUD217,000	Australia Government Bond 3.25% 21/04/2025	111,534	0.07
	CATASTROPHE BOND — 0.65% (1.60%)		
	Cape Lookout Re 6.50% 28/04/2030	201,931	0.13
	Fish Pond Re 9.37% 08/01/2027	198,673	0.13
	Foundation Re IV 11.62% 08/01/2027	197,819	0.12
	Titania Re 12.25% 27/02/2026	215,560	0.14
USD250,000	Vitality Re XIV 8.87% 05/01/2027	198,494	0.13
		1,012,477	0.65
	SUPRANATIONAL — 0.13% (0.53%)		
USD250,000	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 10.13% 31/03/2026	204,494	0.13
	COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES INVESTING IN — 78.86% (69.77%):		
14 101 050	United Kingdom — 13.61% (12.34%)	5.004.700	0.7/
	Legal & General All Stocks Gilt Index Trust "L' Acci	5,834,793	3.76
	Legal & General All Stocks Index Linked Gilt Index Trust 'L' Acc' Legal & General UK Equity 'GBP' Acc UCITS ETF	2,572,571 5,520,761	1.66 3.55
	Legal & General UK Property Fund 'L' Inc ¹	7,213,379	4.64
		21,141,504	13.61
288,132	Continental Europe — 2.53% (0.32%) Legal & General Europe ex UK Equity 'EUR' Acc UCITS ETF	3,935,883	2.53
	North America — 2.88% (3.90%)		
286,356	Legal & General US Equity 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	4,477,462	2.88
	Asia Davida - 0.0107 // 0007		
421,977	Asia Pacific — 8.21% (6.88%) Legal & General Asia Pacific ex Japan Equity 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	4,123,981	2.65
299	Legal & General India INR Government Bond 'GBP' Inc UCITS ETF	2,079	_
	Legal & General India INR Government Bond 'USD' Inc UCITS ETF	854,833	0.55
718,090	Legal & General Japan Equity 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	7,784,096	5.01
		12,764,989	8.21
	Global — 42.44% (37.08%)		
24,124,292	Legal & General Active Global High Yield Bond Fund 'I' Inc ¹	9,121,395	5.87
3,040,132	Legal & General Commodity Index Fund 'Z' Acc1	3,039,045	1.96
1,051,767	Legal & General ESG GBP Corporate Bond 'GBP' Inc UCITS ETF	8,395,204	5.40
1,633,872	Legal & General ESG USD Corporate Bond 'USD' Inc UCITS ETF	10,979,620	7.07
	Legal & General Global Inflation Linked Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	3,085,079	1.99
	Legal & General Global Infrastructure Index Fund 'L' Acc ¹	5,613,291	3.61
	Legal & General Global Real Estate Dividend Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	7,588,348	4.88
	LGIM Euro Liquidity Fund Class 11	6,859,963	4.42
	LGIM Global Corporate Bond Fund 'B' Acc1	6,676,225	4.30 2.94
3,/32,/31	LGIM US Dollar Liquidity Fund Class 1 ¹	4,571,661	
		65,929,831	42.44

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
18 956 596	Emerging Markets — 8.35% (8.23%) Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (Local Currency) Index		
.5,, 55,57	Fund 'L' Inc ¹	8,342,798	5.37
11,368,438	Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (US\$) Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	4,628,091	2.98
1,965	Legal & General Global Emerging Markets Index Fund 'L' Acc ¹	1,104	
		12,971,993	8.35
	Frontier Markets — 0.84% (1.02%)		
1,523,026	Legal & General Frontier Markets Equity Fund 'Z' Acc1	1,301,353	0.84
	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — -0.01% (0.00%)		
USD(2,665,000)		(1.142)	
USD(2,015,000)	for Sterling (Expires 21/02/2024) ¹ Sold US Dollars	(1,143)	_
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	for Sterling (Expires 21/02/2024) ¹	87	_
	Sold Hong Kong Dollar		
	for Sterling (Expires 21/02/2024) ¹	(429)	_
USD(1,235,000) GBP985,051	for Sterling (Expires 21/02/2024) ¹	3,618	_
	Sold Hong Kong Dollar	.,.	
	for Sterling (Expires 21/02/2024) ¹	(476)	_
· · ·	Sold US Dollars for Stading (Expires 21/02/2024)]	300	
	for Sterling (Expires 21/02/2024) ¹ Sold Hong Kong Dollar	300	_
	for Sterling (Expires 17/04/2024) ¹	(123)	_
USD(6,500,000)			(0.01)
GBP5,161,229	for Sterling (Expires 17/04/2024) ¹	(10,962)	(0.01)
		(9,128)	(0.01)
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — 0.81% (-0.23%)		
29	DJ Real Estate Index Future Expiry March 2024	15,671	0.01
	E-Mini Russell 2000 Index Future Expiry March 2024	341,323	0.22
	E-Mini S&P 500 Index Future Expiry March 2024	414,584	0.27
	E-Mini Utilities Select Sector Future Expiry March 2024 Euro STOXX 50 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(40,688) 239,128	(0.03) 0.15
	Euro STOXX 600 Utilities Index Future Expiry March 2024	(93,843)	(0.06)
	Euro STOXX Small 200 Index Future Expiry March 2024	65,174	0.04
	FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry March 2024	546	_
	FTSE EPRA Index Future Expiry March 2024	(18,371)	(0.01)
238	MSCI Emerging Markets Index Future Expiry March 2024	267,123	0.17
2	SFE SPI 200 Index Future Expiry March 2024	8,759	0.01
5	TOPIX Future Expiry March 2024	60,822	0.04
		1,260,228	0.81
Portfolio of investments ^{2,3}		134,823,860	86.78
Net other assets ⁴ Total net assets		£155,357,694	13.22
IOIGI HEI GSSEIS		&1JJ,JJ/,074	100.00%

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Unlisted securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

Total purchases for the period: £113,060,759. Total sales for the period: £16,847,208.

² Including investment liabilities.

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 3}\,$ All investments are admitted to an official stock exchange unless otherwise stated.

⁴ Includes shares in the LGIM Sterling Liquidity Fund Class 1 to the value of £13,885,593 which is shown as cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the Sub-fund.

Financial Statements

Balance Sheet as at 15 February 2024

Statement of To	tal Batur					15/02/24 £	15/08/23 £
for the period e		-	024		ASSETS		
		15/02/24		15/02/23	Fixed assets:		
	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £	Investments	134,989,895	30,032,445
	_	_	_	_	Current assets:		
Income					Debtors	512,224	118,231
Net capital gains/					Cash and bank balances	7,109,207	1,138,736
(losses)		7,147,696		(712,615)	Cash equivalents	13,885,593	6,790,547
Revenue	2,052,542		554,425		Total assets	156,496,919	38,079,959
Expenses	(121,144)		(45,434)		Total assets	130,470,717	36,077,737
Interest					LIABILITIES		
payable and similar					Investment liabilities	(166,035)	(129,099)
charges	(242,471)		(850)		Creditors:		
Net revenue before taxation	1,688,927		508,141		Bank overdrafts	(829,788)	(3,697)
Taxation	(26,142)		(7,023)		Distributions payable	(84,944)	(91,706)
Net revenue	(20,1 12)	_	(7,020)		Other creditors	(58,458)	(14,299)
after taxation for the period		1,662,785		501,118	Total liabilities	(1,139,225)	(238,801)
Total return before	_		_		Net assets attributable to Unitholders	£155,357,694	£37,841,158
distributions		8,810,481		(211,497)			<u> </u>
Distributions		(1,683,458)		(506,395)			
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from	_		_				
investment activities	-	£7,127,023	_	£(717,892)			

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders for the period ended 15 February 2024

		15/02/24		15/02/23
	£	£	£	£
Opening net assets attributable to Unitholders	•	37,841,158		31,981,545
Amounts received on issue of units	109,406,083		11,729,160	
Amounts paid on cancellation of units	(1,079,851)	_	(596,826)	
		108,326,232		11,132,334
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activitie	es	7,127,023		(717,892)
Retained distribution on accumulation u		2,063,281		454,161
Closing net assets attributable to Unitholders		£155,357,694	_	£42,850,148

The difference between the opening net assets and the comparative closing net assets is the movement in the second half of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with the most recent annual Financial Statements.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. In making this assessment, the Manager has considered, amongst other things, factors such as Sub-fund size, cash flows through the Sub-fund and Sub-fund liquidity in its assessment of the Sub-fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the twelve month period from the date the financial statements are signed. Based on this assessment, the Manager deems the basis of preparation appropriate.

Sub-fund Information

Net Asset Values and Units in Issue

Class I-Class Distribution Units	Net Asset Value (£)	Units in Issue	Net Asset Value per Unit (p)
Accumulation Units	2,376,889 26.623.320	4,819,708 49,144,286	49.32 54.17
C-Class			
Distribution Units	3,715,921	7,536,470	49.31
Accumulation Units	122,640,726	225,763,550	54.32
L-Class Accumulation Units	838	1,514	55.35

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Ongoing Charges Figures

	15 Feb 24	15 Aug 23
I-Class	0.28%	0.28%
C-Class	0.21%	0.21%
L-Class	0.08%	0.08%

The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is the ratio of the Sub-fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) and all costs suffered through holdings in underlying Collective Investment Schemes, to the average net assets of the Sub-fund.

The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Distribution Information

I-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.6771p per unit for distribution units and 0.7338p per unit for accumulation units.

C-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.6940p per unit for distribution units and 0.7541p per unit for accumulation units.

L-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.8044p per unit for accumulation units.

Risk and Reward Profile



- The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. It is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Sub-fund. The shaded area in the table above shows the Sub-fund's ranking on the Risk and Reward Indicator.
- The Sub-fund is in category four because the mix of different asset types in which the Sub-fund invests has a balancing effect on the rate at which the Sub-fund share price moves up and down. This type of fund is generally considered to be higher risk than one investing only in bonds and lower risk than one investing only in company shares.
- Even a fund in the lowest category is not a risk free investment.

Manager's Investment Report

Investment Objective and Policy

The objective of the Sub-fund is to provide a combination of growth and income within a pre-determined risk profile. The Sub-fund's potential gains and losses are likely to be constrained by the objective to remain within the risk profile.

The Sub-fund is actively managed and will have exposure to bonds (both government and non-government), shares in companies, money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash, permitted deposits and indirectly to alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property. Due to the risk profile, the intention is that the Sub-fund will typically have higher exposure to bonds, money market instruments and cash than to shares in companies, relative to other sub-funds in the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range. However, the aggregate exposure to shares in companies may still be material.

To obtain this exposure, at least 75% of the Sub-fund will invest in collective investment schemes. At least 50% of the Sub-fund will invest in Index tracker schemes which are operated by the Manager or an Associate.

The Sub-fund may also invest directly in shares in companies, bonds (both government and non-government), money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash and permitted deposits.

The Sub-fund may only use derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes.

The risk profiles used by the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range reflect the scale of risk that each sub-fund can take in pursuit of achieving its investment objective, with 1 being the lowest risk and 10 being the highest risk. The risk profiles are determined by an external agency. This Sub-fund's objective is to remain within the risk profile 3.

The Sub-fund's risk profile is managed by adjusting the level of exposure to bonds, shares in companies, money market instruments and property within the portfolio based on the scale and frequency of their change in value. For full details of the portfolio breakdown, please refer to the factsheet available on the Manager's website.

Manager's Investment Report

During the period under review, the published price of the Sub-fund's R-Class accumulation units increased by 4.38%.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Market/Economic Review

Over the six months under review, inflationary pressures and tighter monetary policy dominated the thoughts of market participants. Fears of an economic slowdown remain at the forefront of the minds of investors but, even with inflation falling across developed markets, expectations are that interest rates will remain higher for longer and no sharp cutting of rates is anticipated imminently.

In the UK, there was positive news as wage growth slowed yet further in the three months to November, rising at an annual rate of 6.50%, down from 7.20% in the three months to October. Annualised consumer price inflation was at 4.00% in December. The Bank of England has held rates unchanged at the 15-year high of 5.25% since its August 2023 meeting, while expectations for rate cuts have been pushed into the back end of 2024 at the earliest.

In the US, Federal Reserve (Fed) Chair Jerome Powell poured cold water on the prospects of an interest rate cut in March, despite inflation continuing to fall in recent months. The US central bank chief explained that the Fed needs to have confidence that inflation is 'sustainably' lower. US interest rates remain at a 23-year high of between 5.25% and 5.50%.

The European Central Bank (ECB) kept its headline deposit facility rate at an all-time high of 4.00% in January, with President Christine Lagarde reiterating that it is premature to be discussing interest rate cuts.

Global equity markets made decent gains over the six months in US Dollar terms, despite developed market monetary tightening in progress and recessionary fears coming to the fore.

US equities made solid gains over the period in US Dollar terms and outperformed the global average. Communication services and technology led the way with double-digit returns, while strong performances also came from financials and healthcare. UK equities finished the six-month period in marginal negative territory in Sterling terms, some way behind the global average. At the sector level, while technology enjoyed a strong six months, along with decent showings from real estate and industrials, these were largely offset by weakness from other sectors. European equity markets rose over the six months in Euro terms but marginally underperformed the global average over the period.

Asia Pacific ex Japan equity markets lost notable ground over the past six months in US Dollar terms and underperformed global equities. While Chinese equities had rallied at the start of 2023 as Beijing announced an easing of its pandemic restrictions, the rebound could not be sustained. Indeed, over the six months the Chinese market lost significant ground on fears about the state of its property market and the general health of its ailing economy. India, by contrast, delivered a double-digit return.

Manager's Investment Report continued

Benchmark developed market government bond yields painted a mixed picture, with significant fluctuations throughout the period. The yield on the 10-year US Treasury was flat from start to finish but this masks a 100 basis-point rise to mid-October before falling back to almost flat by year end on rate-cutting expectations and growing hopes of an economic 'soft landing'. The yield on the 10-year UK Gilt fell (prices rose) markedly; it started the period touching the heady highs it reached during the brief tenure of the Liz Truss-led Conservative government, before falling sharply, by 90 basis points, into year end. It then rose again marginally in January. The yield on the 10-year German Bund made a less drastic move, but still fell sharply over the period.

Elsewhere, Japanese government bond yields moved higher over the period. Towards the end of the period, the Bank of Japan made the notable move to effectively scrap its yield curve control, having eased the limits over the course of the past 12 months. The policy, in place since 2016, had limited the movement of the 10-year bond yield to 0.50%.

Spreads on UK investment-grade bonds narrowed over the six months. Spreads on US investment-grade bonds narrowed too but were tighter than their UK peers, a move matched by European investment-grade bonds. High yield bond yield spreads, having fluctuated early in the period, also narrowed over the six months as a whole.

Despite the headwinds of tight Fed monetary policy, fears of a US recession and ongoing worries around the economic growth prospects of the world's second largest economy, China, emerging market debt held up remarkably well over the period, making decent gains.

Sub-fund Review

The Sub-fund delivered a positive return over the period, with the main positive contributions to performance coming from US equities and UK Government bonds. There were no significant negative contributors over the period.

In the third quarter of 2023, we reduced exposure to UK Gilts and added to global government bonds, following strong performance from our UK Gilt trade which we have held in recent months.

In the same period, we also increased exposure to listed infrastructure. Relative valuations for listed infrastructure (compared to equites) have become more interesting recently, driven by weak infrastructure returns. However, we consider listed infrastructure to be a 'defensive' asset class, and given our cautious outlook, we could see outperformance, for the asset class, and are looking for opportunities in this space.

In the fourth quarter of 2023, we increased our exposure to risk assets including equities, global REITs and investment-grade credit. We have softened our negative view on the economic cycle given the continued economic resilience in the US in recent months and the downside surprises to inflation across developed markets. We have also seen some of the concerns around the global banking sector soften since some of the bank failures earlier in 2023.

In the last few months of 2023, we also reduced our exposure to US inflation-linked bonds. This followed downside surprises to inflation across developed markets which has brought forward expectations for interest rate cuts among investors. This has led to large falls in bond yields which worsens the valuation case, in our view. We still maintain a positive view on bonds given bond yields are still attractive in our view, despite falling, and the exposure would benefit either from further downside surprises to inflation, or from a recessionary outcome – one of the key scenarios we consider. We increased exposure to these bonds at the end of the period, following the rise in bond yields towards the start of this year which improved the valuation case for our view.

Outlook

Stronger-than-expected US economic data, more rapid declines in inflation, and a policy pivot by the Fed has led us to adjust our base case economic forecast for 2024, with the Fed now seemingly more willing to risk stoking inflation to support economic growth through rate cuts. While we still believe the lagged effects of 2023 rate hikes could precipitate a US recession in 2024, this is no longer our base case view. We now expect a period of weak US growth and should a recession occur, a milder one than previously thought. Despite this upward revision, we remain below market consensus which increasingly expects steady US growth in 2024. In our view, a macroeconomic backdrop of tight labour markets and high interest rates limits the upside growth potential for the economy; we remain vigilant for evidence which refutes this

Although the fourth-quarter risk asset rally left equities looking more expensive in absolute terms, lower bonds yields have improved valuations on a relative basis. Given our more benign economic outlook we have moderated our negative medium-term view on equities. We prefer more defensive positioning, with current equity market pricing vulnerable to any negative surprises, in our view. The recent sharp rally in yields has prompted us to temper our positive outlook for government bonds. However, we still view rates as restrictive at current levels and anticipate further declines in government bond yields over the medium term.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) 15 March 2024

Manager's Investment Report continued

Important Note from the Manager Geopolitical Events

In response to events in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, the Manager is closely monitoring financial markets and any potential liquidity and volatility risks which may have an impact on the Sub-fund.

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited February 2024

Portfolio Statement

Portfolio Statement as at 15 February 2024

All investments are in investment grade securities, ordinary shares or collective investment schemes unless otherwise stated. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent holdings at 15 August 2023.

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	EQUITIES — 1.06% (1.10%)		
	Continental Europe — 0.39% (0.42%)		
	Holmen	577,556	0.14
	Stora Enso	205,960	0.05
/5,384	Svenska Cellulosa 'B'	797,047	0.20
		1,580,563	0.39
	North America — 0.52% (0.53%)		
	PotlatchDeltic	717,206	0.18
	Rayonier	666,195	0.16
26,616	Weyerhaeuser	708,576	0.18
		2,091,977	0.52
	Asia Pacific — 0.15% (0.15%)		
	Oji Holdings	217,814	0.05
18,497	Sumitomo Forestry Company	395,816	0.10
		613,630	0.15
	GOVERNMENT BONDS — 5.29% (3.25%)		
	North America — 5.29% (3.25%)		
USD27,997,000	United States Treasury Inflation Indexed Bonds 1.125% 15/01/2033	21,427,056	5.29
	SUPRANATIONAL — 1.09% (1.09%)		
	European Investment Bank 0.05% 16/01/2030	2,242,614	0.55
EUR2,506,000	European Investment Bank 3.00% 14/10/2033	2,174,122	0.54
		4,416,736	1.09
	COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES INVESTING IN — 78.74% (77.05%):		
	United Kingdom — 22.62% (20.39%)		
	Legal & General All Stocks Gilt Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	38,568,879	9.53
	Legal & General All Stocks Index Linked Gilt Index Trust 'l' Inc ¹	17,180,170	4.24
	Legal & General UK Nid Car Inday Fund II Line	16,671,325	4.12
	Legal & General UK Mid Cap Index Fund 'L' Inc¹ Legal & General UK Property Fund 'L' Inc¹	5,645,605 13,511,577	1.39 3.34
20,220,770	Logal a Constal Statiopent, Fortal Ellife	91,577,556	22.62
		71,377,336	
00 000 107	Continental Europe — 9.65% (7.42%)	04040007	5.05
	Legal & General Euro High Alpha Corporate Bond Fund 'Z' Inc¹ Legal & General Euro Treasury Bond Index Fund 'Z' Acc¹	24,062,887 8,024,465	5.95 1.98
	Legal & General European Index Trust "I' Inc."	6,952,436	1.72
1,002,007		39,039,788	9.65
2.173.305	North America — 4.30% (3.62%) Legal & General US Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	17,419,039	4.30
_, 5,500			
	Asia Pacific — 5.54% (5.27%)	:-	
	Legal & General India INR Government Bond 'USD' Inc UCITS ETF	2,053,840	0.51
22,023,755	Legal & General Japan Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	14,159,201	3.50

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	Asia Pacific — (cont.)		
4,962,081	Legal & General Pacific Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	6,222,449	1.53
		22,435,490	5.54
	QLL L. 1. 22 2277 (22 2277)		
15.857.285	Global — 31.33% (33.89%) Legal & General Active Global High Yield Bond Fund "I' Inc ¹	5,995,639	1.48
	Legal & General Artificial Intelligence 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	5,292,179	1.31
	Legal & General Battery Value-Chain 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	604,298	0.15
	Legal & General Clean Energy 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	2,521,406	0.62
	Legal & General Clean Water 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	841,161	0.21
	Legal & General Commodity Index Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	3,803,097	0.94
	Legal & General Global High Yield Bond Fund 'Z' Acc GBP Hedged'	4,555,644	1.13
	Legal & General Global Inflation Linked Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc	35,849,795	8.85
	Legal & General Global Infrastructure Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	2,229,896	0.55
	Legal & General Global Real Estate Dividend Index Fund 'L' Inc	5,427,747	1.34
	Legal & General Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc	7,766,015	1.92
	Legal & General Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	31,244,536	7.72
	LGIM Global Corporate Bond Fund 'B' Acc¹	20,709,098	5.11
		126,840,511	31.33
10 001 272	Emerging Markets — 4.70% (5.86%) Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (Local Currency) Index		
10,201,3/3	Fund 'L' Inc ¹	4,489,625	1.11
15.017.927	Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (US\$) Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	6,113,798	1.51
	Legal & General Emerging Markets Short Duration Bond Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	1,753,191	0.43
	Legal & General Global Emerging Markets Index Fund 'L' Inc	6,683,478	1.65
, , 200		19,040,092	4.70
	Frontier Markets — 0.60% (0.60%)		
2,845,409	Legal & General Frontier Markets Equity Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	2,431,266	0.60
	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — -0.09% (-0.15%)		
USD(18,691,378)		(211,891)	(0.05)
USD(22,711,968)	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹ Sold US Pollars	(211,071)	(0.05)
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(227,362)	(0.05)
	Sold US Dollars	((/
GBP5,906,000	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	9,418	_
USD(2,460,745)	Sold US Dollars		
	for Norwegian Krone (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(38,633)	(0.01)
. ,	Sold US Dollars	0.020	
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹ Sold US Dollars	2,032	_
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	2,016	_
	Sold US Dollars	2,010	
. ,	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	2,048	_
USD(164,837)	Sold US Dollars		
TRY5,478,938	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	2,007	_
	Sold US Dollars		
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	2,066	_
. ,	Sold US Dollars	0.041	
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	2,041	_
EUR (885,000) USD 963 206	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	5,549	_
332703,200	. 5. 55 5 5 1015 [ENDITO 1770 17 E027]	5,547	

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£	Assets
EUR(4,681,000)	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — (cont.)		
,	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	76,604	0.02
		(374,105)	(0.09)
(0)	FUTURES CONTRACTS — 0.01% (-0.14%)	(100)	
` '	Euro Bond Future Expiry March 2024	(188)	(0.01)
	Long Gilt Future Expiry March 2024	(36,010)	(0.01)
	SFE 10 Year Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024	35,132 137,193	0.01
	US 10 Year Treasury Notes Future Expiry March 2024	217,870	0.03 0.05
	E-Mini Russell 2000 Index Future Expiry March 2024 E-Mini S&P 500 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(124,120)	(0.03)
, ,	Euro STOXX 50 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(28,143)	(0.03)
, ,	Euro STOXX 600 Food & Beverages Index Future Expiry March 2024	7,207	(0.01)
	Euro STOXX 600 Health Care Future Expiry March 2024	26,238	0.01
	Euro STOXX 600 Telecommunications Index Future Expiry March 2024	(18,962)	0.01
	Euro STOXX 600 Utilities Index Future Expiry March 2024	(43,989)	(0.01)
	FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(1,734)	(0.01)
` '	FTSE 250 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(23,575)	(0.01)
, ,	MSCI Emerging Markets Index Future Expiry March 2024	(110,746)	(0.03)
, ,	SFE SPI 200 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(92,237)	(0.02)
, ,	TOPIX Future Expiry March 2024	(543,589)	(0.13)
	EUR/GBP Currency Future Expiry March 2024	(12,450)	· <u> </u>
(283)	EUR/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	136,344	0.03
625	GBP/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	188,807	0.05
(115)	JPY/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	313,949	0.08
		26,997	0.01
Portfolio of investments ^{2,3}		348,566,596	86.10
Net other assets ⁴		56,282,271	13.90
Total net assets		£404,848,867	100.00%

¹ Unlisted securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

Total purchases for the period: £39,813,749.

Total sales for the period: £62,599,423.

² Including investment liabilities.

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 3}$ All investments are admitted to an official stock exchange unless otherwise stated.

⁴ Includes shares in the LGIM Sterling Liquidity Fund Class 1 to the value of £23,533,250 and LGIM Sterling Liquidity Plus Fund Class 1 to the value of £29,055,443 which are shown as cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the Sub-fund.

Financial Statements

Balance Sheet as at 15 February 2024

15/02/24

15/08/23

						. • , •= , = .	, ,
Statement of To			2004		ASSETS	£	£
for the period e	nded 15	February 2	2024				
		15/02/24		15/02/23	Fixed assets:		
	£	£	£	£	Investments	350,080,225	360,953,016
					Current assets:		
Income					Debtors	698,684	3,418,430
Net capital gains/					Cash and bank balances	6,150,109	11,641,841
(losses)		13,131,320		(24,916,839)	Cash equivalents	52,588,693	67,439,174
Revenue Expenses	6,081,477 (585,457)		6,448,689 (769,855)		Total assets	409,517,711	443,452,461
Interest	(303,437)		(707,033)		LIABILITIES		
payable and similar					Investment liabilities	(1,513,629)	(2,714,580)
charges _	(167,105)	_	(3,968)		Creditors:		
Net revenue before taxation	5,328,915		5,674,866		Bank overdrafts	(44,835)	(2,566,132)
Taxation	(77,953)		(56,929)		Distributions payable	(166,822)	(221,955)
Net revenue		_			Other creditors	(2,943,558)	(2,153,393)
after taxation for the period		5,250,962		5,617,937	Total liabilities	(4,668,844)	(7,656,060)
Total return before	_		-		Net assets attributable to Unitholders	£404,848,867	£435,796,401
distributions		18,382,282		(19,298,902)	io ciminolacio		2-100,7 70,-101
Distributions		(5,306,247)		(5,682,790)			
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from	_		-				
investment activities	-	£13,076,035	-	£(24,981,692)			

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders for the period ended 15 February 2024

		15/02/24		15/02/23
	£	£	£	£
Opening net assets attributable to Unitholders	5	435,796,401		584,959,298
Amounts received on issue of units	5,738,476		12,758,876	
Amounts paid on cancellation of units	(54,606,279)	_	(43,955,446)	
		(48,867,803)		(31,196,570)
Change in net assets attributable to Shareholders fro investment activities		13,076,035		(24,981,692)
		13,076,033		(24,701,072)
Retained distribution on accumulation u		4,844,234		5,311,078
Closing net assets attributable to Unitholders		£404,848,867	-	£534,092,114

The difference between the opening net assets and the comparative closing net assets is the movement in the second half of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with the most recent annual Financial Statements.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. In making this assessment, the Manager has considered, amongst other things, factors such as Sub-fund size, cash flows through the Sub-fund and Sub-fund liquidity in its assessment of the Sub-fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the twelve month period from the date the financial statements are signed. Based on this assessment, the Manager deems the basis of preparation appropriate.

Sub-fund Information

Net Asset Values and Units in Issue

Net Asset		Net Asset Value per
Value (£)	Units in Issue	Unit (p)
502	1,028	48.83
136,834	248,578	55.05
47,251	80,982	58.35
72,790	104,858	69.42
12,479,898	21,389,484	58.35
274,233,045	387,947,919	70.69
898,802	1,540,178	58.36
101,990,238	143,297,102	71.17
609	1,044	58.33
11,027,890	20,581,507	53.58
587	999	58.76
3,960,421	5,564,446	71.17
	Value (£) 502 136,834 47,251 72,790 12,479,898 274,233,045 898,802 101,990,238 609 11,027,890 587	Value (£) Units in Issue 502 1,028 136,834 248,578 47,251 80,982 72,790 104,858 12,479,898 21,389,484 274,233,045 387,947,919 898,802 1,540,178 101,990,238 143,297,102 609 1,044 11,027,890 20,581,507 587 999

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Ongoing Charges Figures

	15 Feb 24	15 Aug 23
R-Class	0.61%	0.61%
F-Class	0.50%	0.50%
I-Class	0.31%	0.31%
C-Class	0.24%	0.24%
L-Class	0.06%	0.06%
J-Class	0.24%	0.24%

The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is the ratio of the Sub-fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) and all costs suffered through holdings in underlying Collective Investment Schemes, to the average net assets of the Sub-fund.

The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Distribution Information

R-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.5233p per unit for distribution units and 0.5934p per unit for accumulation units.

F-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.6694p per unit for distribution units and 0.7876p per unit for accumulation units.

I-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7236p per unit for distribution units and 0.8659p per unit for accumulation units.

C-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7445p per unit for distribution units and 0.8959p per unit for accumulation units.

I_Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7940p per unit for distribution units and 0.7218p per unit for accumulation units.

J-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7537p per unit for distribution units and 0.8962p per unit for accumulation units.

Risk and Reward Profile



- The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. It is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Sub-fund. The shaded area in the table above shows the Sub-fund's ranking on the Risk and Reward Indicator.
- The Sub-fund is in category four because the mix of different asset types in which the Sub-fund invests has a balancing effect on the rate at which the Sub-fund share price moves up and down. This type of fund is generally considered to be higher risk than one investing only in bonds and lower risk than one investing only in company shares.
- Even a fund in the lowest category is not a risk free investment.

The Sub-fund targets risk profile three as calculated by Distribution Technology. They are an independent agency who provide risk profiling tools to advisers and fund managers.

The Risk and Reward profile scale above is calculated differently to the Distribution Technology Risk Profiles. The Distribution Technology profiles range from 1 to 10 with 10 being the highest (rather than a scale of 1 to 7 for the Risk and Reward profile).

More information on the Distribution Technology risk profiles is shown in the Prospectus. Alternatively, you can contact us with any queries.

Manager's Investment Report

Investment Objective and Policy

The objective of the Sub-fund is to provide a combination of growth and income within a pre-determined risk profile. The Sub-fund's potential gains and losses are likely to be constrained by the objective to remain within the risk profile.

The Sub-fund is actively managed and will have exposure to bonds (both government and non-government), shares in companies, money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash, permitted deposits and indirectly to alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property. Due to the risk profile, the intention is that the Sub-fund will typically have higher exposure to bonds, money market instruments and cash than to shares in companies relative to other sub-funds in the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range with a higher risk profile. However, the aggregate exposure to shares in companies may still be material.

To obtain this exposure, the Sub-fund will invest at least 75% in collective investment schemes. At least 50% of the Sub-fund will invest in index tracker schemes which are operated by the Manager or an Associate.

The Sub-fund may also invest directly in shares in companies, bonds (both government and non-government), money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash and permitted deposits.

The Sub-fund may only use derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes.

The risk profiles used by the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range reflect the scale of risk that each sub-fund can take in pursuit of achieving its investment objective, with 1 being the lowest risk and 10 being the highest risk. The risk profiles are determined by an external agency. This Sub-fund's objective is to remain within the risk profile 4.

The Sub-fund's risk profile is managed by adjusting the level of exposure to bonds, shares in companies, money market instruments and property within the portfolio based on the scale and frequency of their change in value. For full details of the portfolio breakdown, please refer to the factsheet available on the Manager's website.

Manager's Investment Report

During the period under review, the published price of the Sub-fund's R-Class accumulation units increased by 4.97%.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Market/Economic Review

Over the six months under review, inflationary pressures and tighter monetary policy dominated the thoughts of market participants. Fears of an economic slowdown remain at the forefront of the minds of investors but, even with inflation falling across developed markets, expectations are that interest rates will remain higher for longer and no sharp cutting of rates is anticipated imminently.

In the UK, there was positive news as wage growth slowed yet further in the three months to November, rising at an annual rate of 6.50%, down from 7.20% in the three months to October. Annualised consumer price inflation was at 4.00% in December. The Bank of England has held rates unchanged at the 15-year high of 5.25% since its August 2023 meeting, while expectations for rate cuts have been pushed into the back end of 2024 at the earliest.

In the US, Federal Reserve (Fed) Chair Jerome Powell poured cold water on the prospects of an interest rate cut in March, despite inflation continuing to fall in recent months. The US central bank chief explained that the Fed needs to have confidence that inflation is 'sustainably' lower. US interest rates remain at a 23-year high of between 5.25% and 5.50%.

The European Central Bank (ECB) kept its headline deposit facility rate at an all-time high of 4.00% in January, with President Christine Lagarde reiterating that it is premature to be discussing interest rate cuts.

Global equity markets made decent gains over the six months in US Dollar terms, despite developed market monetary tightening in progress and recessionary fears coming to the fore.

US equities made solid gains over the period in US Dollar terms and outperformed the global average. Communication services and technology led the way with double-digit returns, while strong performances also came from financials and healthcare. UK equities finished the six-month period in marginal negative territory in Sterling terms, some way behind the global average. At the sector level, while technology enjoyed a strong six months, along with decent showings from real estate and industrials, these were largely offset by weakness from other sectors. European equity markets rose over the six months in Euro terms but marginally underperformed the global average over the period.

Asia Pacific ex Japan equity markets lost notable ground over the past six months in US Dollar terms and underperformed global equities. While Chinese equities had rallied at the start of 2023 as Beijing announced an easing of its pandemic restrictions, the rebound could not be sustained. Indeed, over the six months the Chinese market lost significant ground on fears about the state of its property market and the general health of its ailing economy. India, by contrast, delivered a double-digit return.

Manager's Investment Report continued

Benchmark developed market government bond yields painted a mixed picture, with significant fluctuations throughout the period. The yield on the 10-year US Treasury was flat from start to finish but this masks a 100 basis-point rise to mid-October before falling back to almost flat by year end on rate-cutting expectations and growing hopes of an economic 'soft landing'. The yield on the 10-year UK Gilt fell (prices rose) markedly; it started the period touching the heady highs it reached during the brief tenure of the Liz Truss-led Conservative government, before falling sharply, by 90 basis points, into year end. It then rose again marginally in January. The yield on the 10-year German Bund made a less drastic move, but still fell sharply over the period.

Elsewhere, Japanese government bond yields moved higher over the period. Towards the end of the period, the Bank of Japan made the notable move to effectively scrap its yield curve control, having eased the limits over the course of the past 12 months. The policy, in place since 2016, had limited the movement of the 10-year bond yield to 0.50%.

Spreads on UK investment-grade bonds narrowed over the six months. Spreads on US investment-grade bonds narrowed too but were tighter than their UK peers, a move matched by European investment-grade bonds. High yield bond yield spreads, having fluctuated early in the period, also narrowed over the six months as a whole.

Despite the headwinds of tight Fed monetary policy, fears of a US recession and ongoing worries around the economic growth prospects of the world's second largest economy, China, emerging market debt held up remarkably well over the period, making decent gains.

Sub-fund Review

The Sub-fund delivered a positive return over the period, with the main positive contributions to performance coming from North American equities & UK Government bonds. There were no significant negative contributors over the period.

In the third quarter of 2023, we reduced exposure to UK Gilts and added to global government bonds, following strong performance from our UK Gilt trade which we have held in recent months.

In the same period, we also increased exposure to listed infrastructure. Relative valuations for listed infrastructure (compared to equites) have become more interesting recently, driven by weak infrastructure returns. However, we consider listed infrastructure to be a 'defensive' asset class, and given we are currently forecasting a recession, we would expect relative outperformance for the asset class, and are looking for opportunities in this space.

In the fourth quarter of 2023, we increased our exposure to equities in the Sub-fund. We have softened our negative view on the economic cycle given the continued economic resilience in the US in recent months and the downside surprises to inflation across developed markets. We have also seen some of the concerns around the global banking sector soften since some of the bank failures earlier in 2023.

In the last few months of 2023, we also reduced our exposure to US inflation-linked bonds over December. This followed downside surprises to inflation across developed markets which has brought forward expectations for interest rate cuts among investors. This has led to large falls in bond yields which worsens the valuation case, in our view. We still maintain a positive view on bonds given bond yields are still attractive in our view, despite falling, and the exposure would benefit either from further downside surprises to inflation, or from a recessionary outcome – one of the key scenarios we consider.

Outlook

Stronger-than-expected US economic data, more rapid declines in inflation, and a policy pivot by the Fed has led us to adjust our base case economic forecast for 2024, with the Fed now seemingly more willing to risk stoking inflation to support economic growth through rate cuts. While we still believe the lagged effects of 2023 rate hikes could precipitate a US recession in 2024, this is no longer our base case view. We now expect a period of weak US growth and should a recession occur, a milder one than previously thought. Despite this upward revision, we remain below market consensus which increasingly expects steady US growth in 2024. In our view, a macroeconomic backdrop of tight labour markets and high interest rates limits the upside growth potential for the economy; we remain vigilant for evidence which refutes this stance.

Although the fourth-quarter risk asset rally left equities looking more expensive in absolute terms, lower bonds yields have improved valuations on a relative basis. Given our more benign economic outlook we have moderated our negative medium-term view on equities. We prefer more defensive positioning, with current equity market pricing vulnerable to any negative surprises, in our view. The recent sharp rally in yields has prompted us to temper our positive outlook for government bonds. However, we still view rates as restrictive at current levels and anticipate further declines in government bond yields over the medium term.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) 15 March 2024

Manager's Investment Report continued

Important Note from the Manager Geopolitical Events

In response to events in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, the Manager is closely monitoring financial markets and any potential liquidity and volatility risks which may have an impact on the Sub-fund.

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited February 2024

Portfolio Statement

Portfolio Statement as at 15 February 2024

All investments are in investment grade securities, ordinary shares or collective investment schemes unless otherwise stated. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent holdings at 15 August 2023.

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	EQUITIES — 1.03% (0.98%)	-	7.000.0
	Continental Europe — 0.41% (0.37%)		
,-	Holmen	2,090,649	0.16
	Stora Enso	578,607	0.04
2/4,995	Svenska Cellulosa 'B'	2,899,871	0.21
		5,569,127	0.41
	North America — 0.50% (0.49%)		
	PotlatchDeltic	2,753,886	0.20
	Rayonier	1,929,796	0.14
01,076	Weyerhaeuser	2,158,418	0.16
		6,842,100	0.50
	Asia Pacific — 0.12% (0.12%)		
	Oji Holdings	561,603	0.04
51,861	Sumitomo Forestry Company	1,109,768	0.08
		1,671,371	0.12
	GOVERNMENT BONDS — 5.02% (3.60%)		
	North America — 5.02% (3.60%)		
USD89,298,300	United States Treasury Inflation Indexed Bonds 1.125% 15/01/2033	68,343,026	5.02
	COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES INVESTING IN — 83.26% (85.08%):		
90 700 744	United Kingdom — 20.55% (20.67%) Legal & General All Stocks Gilt Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	86,737,123	6.36
	Legal & General All Stocks Gill Index Trust "I" Inc ¹	41,857,286	3.07
	Legal & General UK Index Trust 'L' Inc ¹	94,829,333	6.96
57,911,309	Legal & General UK Mid Cap Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	28,990,401	2.13
51,671,652	Legal & General UK Property Fund 'L' Inc ¹	27,675,337	2.03
		280,089,480	20.55
	Continental Europe — 9.57% (9.27%)		
74,370,885	Legal & General Euro High Alpha Corporate Bond Fund 'Z' Inc ¹	63,162,024	4.64
18,183,477	Legal & General European Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	67,169,765	4.93
		130,331,789	9.57
	North America — 8.81% (8.07%)		
14,980,594	Legal & General US Index Trust "I' Inc ¹	120,069,459	8.81
	Asia Pacific — 7.56% (7.71%)		
1,076,857	Legal & General India INR Government Bond 'USD' Inc UCITS ETF	7,485,411	0.55
	Legal & General Japan Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	56,870,046	4.17
30,837,176	Legal & General Pacific Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	38,669,819	2.84
		103,025,276	7.56
	Global — 26.74% (28.24%)		
	Legal & General Active Global High Yield Bond Fund 'I' Inc ¹	25,899,215	1.90
	Legal & General Artificial Intelligence 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	17,314,609	1.27
162,286	Legal & General Battery Value-Chain 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	2,095,718	0.15

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	Global — (cont.)		
947,514	Legal & General Clean Energy 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	7,304,385	0.54
292,599	Legal & General Clean Water 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	3,863,477	0.28
	Legal & General Commodity Index Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	12,463,042	0.92
	Legal & General Global High Yield Bond Fund 'Z' Acc GBP Hedged ¹	3,215,384	0.24
	Legal & General Global Inflation Linked Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	71,309,153	5.23
	Legal & General Global Infrastructure Index Fund 'L' Inc	22,152,801	1.63
	Legal & General Global Real Estate Dividend Index Fund "L' Inc."	33,373,890 39,956,429	2.45 2.93
	Legal & General Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹ Legal & General Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	71,018,502	5.21
	LGIM Global Corporate Bond Fund 'B' Acc ¹	54,360,853	3.99
, , , ,		364,327,458	26.74
	Emerging Markets — 8.77% (9.91%)		
32,304,694	Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (Local Currency) Index	1.4.017.007	1.04
72.074.010	Fund 'L' Inc ¹	14,217,296	1.04
	Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (US\$) Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹ Legal & General Emerging Markets Short Duration Bond Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	29,825,782 9,604,893	2.19 0.70
	Legal & General Global Emerging Markets Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	65,912,342	4.84
		119,560,313	8.77
20,069,991	Frontier Markets — 1.26% (1.21%) Legal & General Frontier Markets Equity Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	17,148,847	1.26
JSD(60,597,227)	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — -0.11% (-0.16%) Sold US Dollars		
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(686,950)	(0.05)
USD(6,700,792)	Sold US Dollars		
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(6,179)	_
JSD(22,297,927) GBP17,742,000	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	28,292	_
JSD(73,631,930)		20,272	
,	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024)	(737,103)	(0.05)
USD(7,290,771)			
	for Norwegian Krone (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(114,464)	(0.01)
	Sold US Dollars for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	8,058	_
	Sold US Dollars	0,000	
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	8,022	_
, ,	Sold US Dollars		
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	7,924	_
, ,	Sold US Dollars for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	7,958	_
	Sold US Dollars	7,700	
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	8,084	_
,	Sold US Dollars		
TRY22,805,286	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	8,158	
		(1,468,200)	(0.11)
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — 0.06% (-0.10%)		
	Euro Bond Future Expiry March 2024	53,444	_
	Long Gilt Future Expiry March 2024	37,050	_
	SFE 10 Year Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024	104,313	0.01
	Ultra 10 Year US Treasury Note Future Expiry March 2024	902,697	0.07
	US 10 Year Treasury Notes Future Expiry March 2024 E-Mini Pussell 2000 Index Future Expiry March 2024	128,628 1,739,436	0.01
	E-Mini Russell 2000 Index Future Expiry March 2024 E-Mini S&P 500 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(853,885)	0.13 (0.06)
	Euro STOXX 50 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(480,241)	(0.08)
(=//)		(100,211)	(0.01)

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
	Investment	£	Assets
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — (cont.)		
55	Euro STOXX 600 Food & Beverages Index Future Expiry March 2024	23,318	_
37	Euro STOXX 600 Health Care Future Expiry March 2024	88,256	0.01
198	Euro STOXX 600 Telecommunications Index Future Expiry March 2024	(62,514)	(0.01)
101	Euro STOXX 600 Utilities Index Future Expiry March 2024	(148,095)	(0.01)
(165)	FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(20,836)	_
(246)	FTSE 250 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(87,042)	(0.01)
(653)	MSCI Emerging Markets Index Future Expiry March 2024	(730,476)	(0.05)
(45)	SFE SPI 200 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(102,187)	(0.01)
(145)	TOPIX Future Expiry March 2024	(1,583,333)	(0.12)
(105)	EUR/GBP Currency Future Expiry March 2024	115,807	0.01
(544)	EUR/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	262,089	0.02
1,613	GBP/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	487,272	0.04
(349)	JPY/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	952,766	0.07
		826,467	0.06
Portfolio of investments ^{2,3}		1,216,336,513	89.26
Net other assets ⁴		146,400,855	10.74
Total net assets		£1,362,737,368	100.00%

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Unlisted securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

Total purchases for the period: £85,819,894.

Total sales for the period: £169,978,188.

² Including investment liabilities.

 $^{^{\}rm 3}\,$ All investments are admitted to an official stock exchange unless otherwise stated.

⁴ Includes shares in the LGIM Sterling Liquidity Plus Fund Class 1 to the value of £63,309,219 and LGIM Sterling Liquidity Fund Class 1 to the value of £65,135,123 which are shown as cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the Sub-fund.

Financial Statements

Statem	ent of Total Re	turn	
for the	period ended	15 February	2024

		15/02/24		15/02/23
	£	£	£	£
Income				
Net capital gains/ (losses)		52,807,414		(53,694,969)
Revenue	19,889,377		18,820,515	
Expenses	(1,935,086)		(2,153,597)	
Interest payable and similar				
charges	(505,069)	_	(25,254)	
Net revenue before taxation	17,449,222		16,641,664	
Taxation	(2,397,699)		(1,803,249)	
Net revenue after taxation for the period		15,051,523		14,838,415
Total return before	_		-	
distributions		67,858,937		(38,856,554)
Distributions	_	(15,085,507)	_	(14,871,532)
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activities	-	£52,773,430		£(53,728,086)
assets attributable to Unitholders from	-	£52,773,430	-	£(53,728,08

Balance Sheet as at 15 February 2024

	15/02/24 £	15/08/23 £
ASSETS		
Fixed assets:		
Investments	1,221,949,818	1,253,172,470
Current assets:		
Debtors	1,661,860	8,811,284
Cash and bank balances	20,336,605	33,579,272
Cash equivalents	128,444,342	109,736,735
Total assets	1,372,392,625	1,405,299,761
LIABILITIES		
Investment liabilities	(5,613,305)	(8,890,481)
Creditors:		
Bank overdrafts	_	(740,847)
Distributions payable	(680,382)	(899,599)
Other creditors	(3,361,570)	(2,894,004)
Total liabilities	(9,655,257)	(13,424,931)
Net assets attributable to Unitholders	£1,362,737,368	£1,391,874,830

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders for the period ended 15 February 2024

	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £
Opening net assets attributable to Unitholders	S	1,391,874,830		1,600,025,070
Amounts received on issue of units	18,480,966		46,728,854	
Amounts paid on cancellation of units	(114,217,641)	_	(81,865,222)	
		(95,736,675)		(35,136,368)
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activitie		52,773,430		(53,728,086)
Retained distribution on accumulation u		13,825,783		13,865,136
Closing net assets attributable to Unitholders	- -	£1,362,737,368	- - -	£1,525,025,752

The difference between the opening net assets and the comparative closing net assets is the movement in the second half of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with the most recent annual Financial Statements.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. In making this assessment, the Manager has considered, amongst other things, factors such as Sub-fund size, cash flows through the Sub-fund and Sub-fund liquidity in its assessment of the Sub-fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the twelve month period from the date the financial statements are signed. Based on this assessment, the Manager deems the basis of preparation appropriate.

Sub-fund Information

Net Asset Values and Units in Issue

	Net Asset		Net Asset Value per
Class	Value (£)	Units in Issue	Unit (p)
R-Class			
Distribution Units	878	1,646	53.34
Accumulation Units	542,421	908,027	59.74
F-Class			
Distribution Units	1,228	1,838	66.81
Accumulation Units	241,628	308,255	78.39
I-Class			
Distribution Units	55,612,843	84,965,784	65.45
Accumulation Units	984,176,084	1,234,378,949	79.73
C-Class			
Distribution Units	7,572,355	11,576,066	65.41
Accumulation Units	244,910,476	305,351,617	80.21
L-Class			
Distribution Units	1,027	1,557	65.96
Accumulation Units	33,052,136	58,041,100	56.95
J-Class			
Distribution Units	374,489	572,383	65.43
Accumulation Units	36,251,803	45,205,697	80.19

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Ongoing Charges Figures

	15 Feb 24	15 Aug 23
R-Class	0.61%	0.61%
F-Class	0.50%	0.50%
I-Class	0.31%	0.31%
C-Class	0.24%	0.24%
L-Class	0.06%	0.06%
J-Class	0.24%	0.24%

The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is the ratio of the Sub-fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) and all costs suffered through holdings in underlying Collective Investment Schemes, to the average net assets of the Sub-fund.

The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Distribution Information

R-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.5030p per unit for distribution units and 0.5583p per unit for accumulation units.

F-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.6474p per unit for distribution units and 0.7540p per unit for accumulation units.

I-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.6983p per unit for distribution units and 0.8417p per unit for accumulation units.

C-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7163p per unit for distribution units and 0.8689p per unit for accumulation units.

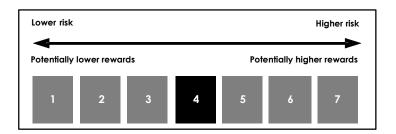
L-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7719p per unit for distribution units and 0.6586p per unit for accumulation units.

J-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7163p per unit for distribution units and 0.8686p per unit for accumulation units.

Risk and Reward Profile



- The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. It is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Sub-fund. The shaded area in the table above shows the Sub-fund's ranking on the Risk and Reward Indicator.
- The Sub-fund is in category four because the mix of different asset types in which the Sub-fund invests has a balancing effect on the rate at which the Sub-fund share price moves up and down. This type of fund is generally considered to be higher risk than one investing only in bonds and lower risk than one investing only in company shares.
- Even a fund in the lowest category is not a risk free investment.

The Sub-fund targets risk profile four as calculated by Distribution Technology. They are an independent agency who provide risk profiling tools to advisers and fund managers.

The Risk and Reward profile scale above is calculated differently to the Distribution Technology Risk Profiles. The Distribution Technology profiles range from 1 to 10 with 10 being the highest (rather than a scale of 1 to 7 for the Risk and Reward profile).

More information on the Distribution Technology risk profiles is shown in the Prospectus. Alternatively, you can contact us with any queries.

Manager's Investment Report

Investment Objective and Policy

The objective of the Sub-fund is to provide a combination of income and growth within a pre-determined risk profile. The Sub-fund will invest in assets that generate higher income over assets that grow in value. The Sub-fund's potential gains and losses are likely to be constrained by the objective to remain within the risk profile.

The Sub-fund is actively managed and will have exposure to bonds (both government and non-government), shares in companies, money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash, permitted deposits and indirectly to alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property. Due to the risk profile, the intention is that the Sub-fund will typically have higher exposure to bonds, money market instruments and cash than to shares in companies relative to other sub-funds in the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range with a higher risk profile. However, the aggregate exposure to shares in companies may still be material.

To obtain this exposure, at least 75% of the Sub-fund will invest in collective investment schemes. At least 50% of the Sub-fund will invest in Index tracker schemes which are operated by the Manager or an Associate.

The Sub-fund may also invest directly in shares in companies, bonds (both government and non-government), money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash and permitted deposits.

The Sub-fund may only use derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes.

The risk profiles used by the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range reflect the scale of risk that each sub-fund can take in pursuit of achieving its investment objective, with 1 being the lowest risk and 10 being the highest risk. The risk profiles are determined by an external agency. This Sub-fund's objective is to remain within the risk profile 4.

The Sub-fund's risk profile is managed by adjusting the level of exposure to bonds, money market instruments, shares in companies and property within the portfolio based on the scale and frequency of their change in value. For full details of the portfolio breakdown, please refer to the factsheet available on the Manager's website.

Manager's Investment Report

During the period under review, the published price of the Sub-fund's R-Class accumulation units increased by 5.70%.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Market/Economic Review

Over the six months under review, inflationary pressures and tighter monetary policy dominated the thoughts of market participants. Fears of an economic slowdown remain at the forefront of the minds of investors but, even with inflation falling across developed markets, expectations are that interest rates will remain higher for longer and no sharp cutting of rates is anticipated imminently.

In the UK, there was positive news as wage growth slowed yet further in the three months to November, rising at an annual rate of 6.50%, down from 7.20% in the three months to October. Annualised consumer price inflation was at 4.00% in December. The Bank of England has held rates unchanged at the 15-year high of 5.25% since its August 2023 meeting, while expectations for rate cuts have been pushed into the back end of 2024 at the earliest.

In the US, Federal Reserve (Fed) Chair Jerome Powell poured cold water on the prospects of an interest rate cut in March, despite inflation continuing to fall in recent months. The US Central Bank chief explained that the Fed needs to have confidence that inflation is 'sustainably' lower. US interest rates remain at a 23-year high of between 5.25% and 5.50%.

The European Central Bank (ECB) kept its headline deposit facility rate at an all-time high of 4.00% in January, with President Christine Lagarde reiterating that it is premature to be discussing interest rate cuts.

Global equity markets made decent gains over the six months in US Dollar terms, despite developed market monetary tightening in progress and recessionary fears coming to the fore.

US equities made solid gains over the period in US Dollar terms and outperformed the global average. Communication services and technology led the way with double-digit returns, while strong performances also came from financials and healthcare. UK equities finished the six-month period in marginal negative territory in Sterling terms, some way behind the global average. At the sector level, while technology enjoyed a strong six months, along with decent showings from real estate and industrials, these were largely offset by weakness from other sectors. European equity markets rose over the six months in Euro terms but marginally underperformed the global average over the period.

Asia Pacific ex Japan equity markets lost notable ground over the past six months in US Dollar terms and underperformed global equities. While Chinese equities had rallied at the start of 2023 as Beijing announced an easing of its pandemic restrictions, the rebound could not be sustained. Indeed, over the six months, the Chinese market lost significant ground on fears about the state of its property market and the general health of its ailing economy. India, by contrast, delivered a double-digit return.

Manager's Investment Report continued

Benchmark developed market government bond yields painted a mixed picture, with significant fluctuations throughout the period. The yield on the 10-year US Treasury was flat from start to finish but this masks a 100 basis-point rise to mid-October before falling back to almost flat by year end on rate-cutting expectations and growing hopes of an economic 'soft landing'. The yield on the 10-year UK Gilt fell (prices rose) markedly; it started the period touching the heady highs it reached during the brief tenure of the Liz Truss-led Conservative government, before falling sharply, by 90 basis points, into year end. It then rose again marginally in January. The yield on the 10-year German Bund made a less drastic move, but still fell sharply over the period.

Elsewhere, Japanese government bond yields moved higher over the period. Towards the end of the period, the Bank of Japan made the notable move to effectively scrap its yield curve control, having eased the limits over the course of the past 12 months. The policy, in place since 2016, had limited the movement of the 10-year bond yield to 0.50%.

Spreads on UK investment-grade bonds narrowed over the six months. Spreads on US investment-grade bonds narrowed too but were tighter than their UK peers, a move matched by European investment-grade bonds. High yield bond yield spreads, having fluctuated early in the period, also narrowed over the six months as a whole.

Despite the headwinds of tight Fed monetary policy, fears of a US recession and ongoing worries around the economic growth prospects of the world's second largest economy, China, emerging market debt held up remarkably well over the period, making decent gains.

Sub-fund Review

The Sub-fund delivered a positive return over the period, with the main positive contributions to performance coming from North American equities & UK government bonds. There were no significant negative contributors over the period.

In the third quarter of 2023, we reduced exposure to UK Gilts and added to global government bonds, following strong performance from our UK Gilt trade which we have held in recent months.

In the same period, we also increased exposure to listed infrastructure. Relative valuations for listed infrastructure (compared to equites) have become more interesting recently, driven by weak infrastructure returns. However, we consider listed infrastructure to be a 'defensive' asset class, and given we are currently forecasting a recession, we would expect relative outperformance for the asset class, and are looking for opportunities in this space.

In the fourth quarter of 2023, we increased our exposure to risk assets including equities. We have softened our negative view on the economic cycle given the continued economic resilience in the US in recent months and the downside surprises to inflation across developed markets. We have also seen some of the concerns around the global banking sector soften since some of the bank failures earlier in 2023.

In the last few months of 2023, we also reduced our exposure to US inflation-linked bonds over December. This followed downside surprises to inflation across developed markets which has brought forward expectations for interest rate cuts among investors. This has led to large falls in bond yields which worsens the valuation case, in our view. We still maintain a positive view on bonds given bond yields are still attractive in our view, despite falling, and the exposure would benefit either from further downside surprises to inflation, or from a recessionary outcome – one of the key scenarios we consider.

Outlook

Stronger-than-expected US economic data, more rapid declines in inflation, and a policy pivot by the Fed has led us to adjust our base case economic forecast for 2024, with the Fed now seemingly more willing to risk stoking inflation to support economic growth through rate cuts. While we still believe the lagged effects of 2023 rate hikes could precipitate a US recession in 2024, this is no longer our base case view. We now expect a period of weak US growth and should a recession occur, a milder one than previously thought. Despite this upward revision, we remain below market consensus which increasingly expects steady US growth in 2024. In our view, a macroeconomic backdrop of tight labour markets and high interest rates limits the upside growth potential for the economy; we remain vigilant for evidence which refutes this stance.

Although the fourth-quarter risk asset rally left equities looking more expensive in absolute terms, lower bonds yields have improved valuations on a relative basis. Given our more benign economic outlook, we have moderated our negative medium-term view on equities. We prefer more defensive positioning, with current equity market pricing vulnerable to any negative surprises, in our view. The recent sharp rally in yields has prompted us to temper our positive outlook for government bonds. However, we still view rates as restrictive at current levels and anticipate further declines in government bond yields over the medium term.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) 15 March 2024

Manager's Investment Report continued

Important Note from the Manager Geopolitical Events

In response to events in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, the Manager is closely monitoring financial markets and any potential liquidity and volatility risks which may have an impact on the Sub-fund.

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited February 2024

Portfolio Statement

Portfolio Statement as at 15 February 2024

All investments are in ordinary shares, investment grade securities or collective investment schemes unless otherwise stated. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent holdings at 15 August 2023.

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	EQUITIES — 2.15% (2.09%)		
100.070	United Kingdom — 0.47% (0.46%)	100.015	0.07
. ,	Greencoat UK Wind HICL Infrastructure	132,815 108,843	0.26 0.21
00,470	The Initiality of the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		241,658	0.47
	Channel Islands — 0.67% (0.59%)		
	International Public Partnerships	118,579	0.23
	Renewables Infrastructure Group	118,616	0.23
133,396	Sequoia Economic Infrastructure Income Fund	106,583	0.21
		343,778	0.67
	Continental Europe — 0.43% (0.38%)		
	Holmen	81,661	0.16
	Stora Enso Svenska Cellulosa 'B'	22,877 115,533	0.04
10,736	Svenska Cellulosa B		0.23
		220,071	0.43
	North America — 0.50% (0.52%)		
, , ,	PotlatchDeltic	90,207	0.17
	Rayonier Weyerhaeuser	83,574 85,830	0.16 0.17
5,224	weyenideosei	259,611	0.50
0.440	Asia Pacific — 0.08% (0.14%)	07.501	0.05
	Oji Holdings Sumitomo Forestry Company	27,591 15,386	0.05 0.03
717	Summonio Forestry Company	42,977	0.08
		42,777	0.08
	GOVERNMENT BONDS — 13.40% (10.59%)		
CRP2 304 274	United Kingdom — 3.83% (4.49%) United Kingdom Gilt 1.75% 07/09/2037	1,707,696	3.32
	United Kingdom Gilt Inflation Linked 0.125% 22/03/2029	258,907	0.51
		1,966,603	3.83
	North America — 9.57% (6.10%)	1 005 501	0.55
	United States Treasury Inflation Indexed Bonds 1.25% 15/04/2028 United States Treasury Inflation Indexed Bonds 1.125% 15/01/2033	1,825,591 3,095,929	3.55 6.02
03D4,043,200	offiled states fredsory iffiliation indexed bonds 1.123% 13/01/2003	4,921,520	9.57
		4,721,320	7.57
	SUPRANATIONAL — 0.00% (1.13%)		
	COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES INVESTING IN — 78.28% (77.38%):		
	United Kingdom — 15.15% (15.14%)		_
	Legal & General All Stocks Gilt Index Trust "I' Inc	1,801,392	3.50
	Legal & General Quality Equity Dividends ESG Exclusions UK 'GBP' Inc UCITS ETF Legal & General UK Index Trust 'L' Inc ¹	3,502,975 1,886,056	6.81 3.67
1,144,431	Logal & Ocheral or illaex 11031 L IIIC	1,000,000	3.0/

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	United Kingdom — (cont.)		
1,125,062	Legal & General UK Property Fund 'L' Inc¹	602,583	1.17
		7,793,006	15.15
	Continental Europe — 14.66% (11.36%)		
	Legal & General Euro High Alpha Corporate Bond Fund 'Z' Inc ¹	3,644,391	7.09
	Legal & General Euro Treasury Bond Index Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	778,380	1.51
	Legal & General Europe ex UK Equity 'EUR' Acc UCITS ETF	568,980	1.11
	Legal & General European Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹ Legal & General Quality Equity Dividends ESG Exclusions Europe ex-UK 'EUR' Inc	996,933	1.94
. 0 1,000	UCITS ETF	1,549,948	3.01
	_	7,538,632	14.66
37 938	North America — 5.36% (5.46%) Legal & General US Equity 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	593,198	1.15
	Legal & General US Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	2,165,670	4.21
,		2,758,868	5.36
	-		
	Asia Pacific — 9.31% (8.15%)		
	Legal & General Asia Pacific ex Japan Equity 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	691,420	1.34
	Legal & General India INR Government Bond 'USD' Inc UCITS ETF	265,952	0.52
	Legal & General Japan Equity 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	286,111	0.56
	Legal & General Japan Index Trust "I" Inc ¹	1,664,260	3.24
	Legal & General Pacific Index Trust "I" Inc ¹	494,860	0.96
198,504	Legal & General Quality Equity Dividends ESG Exclusions Asia Pacific ex-Japan 'USD' Inc UCITS ETF	1,383,176	2.69
		4,785,779	9.31
	_		
0.704.100	Global — 23.84% (24.94%)	2 702 170	7.00
	Legal & General Active Global High Yield Bond Fund "I' Inc	3,703,160	7.20
	Legal & General Active Sterling Corporate Bond Plus Fund 'I' Inc ¹ Legal & General Global High Yield Bond Fund 'Z' Inc ¹	2,122,649 177,899	4.13 0.35
	Legal & General Global Infrastructure Index Fund 'L' Inc	356,086	0.69
	Legal & General Global Real Estate Dividend Index Fund 'L' Inc'	946,458	1.84
	Legal & General Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	1,521,282	2.96
	Legal & General Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	1,142,404	2.22
	LGIM Global Corporate Bond Fund 'B' Acc¹	2,288,541	4.45
		12,258,479	23.84
4 030 099	Emerging Markets — 9.23% (11.62%) Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (Local Currency) Index		
4,030,077	Fund 'L' Inc ¹	1,773,647	3.45
5,476,498	Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (US\$) Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	2,229,483	4.33
	Legal & General Emerging Markets Short Duration Bond Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	265,326	0.52
	Legal & General Global Emerging Markets Index Fund 'L' Inc¹	8,685	0.02
63,350	Legal & General Quality Equity Dividends ESG Exclusions Emerging Markets 'USD' Inc UCITS ETF	469,803	0.91
	_	4,746,944	9.23
	-		
	Frontier Markets — 0.73% (0.71%)	_	
437,458	Legal & General Frontier Markets Equity Fund 'Z' Acc'	373,787	0.73

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£	Assets
1120/183 888)	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — -0.04% (-0.07%) Sold US Dollars		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(288)	_
USD(1,450,631)	,	(200)	
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(14,396)	(0.03)
	Sold US Dollars		
GBP563,000	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	1,072	_
,	Sold US Dollars		
	for Norwegian Krone (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(8,055)	(0.02)
	Sold Japanese Yen	0.744	0.01
03D129,322	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	2,644	0.01
		(19,023)	(0.04)
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — -0.04% (-0.38%)		
(6)	Euro Bond Future Expiry March 2024	77	_
` '	Long Gilt Future Expiry March 2024	1,190	_
. ,	SFE 10 Year Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024	5,914	0.01
31	Ultra 10 Year US Treasury Note Future Expiry March 2024	31,372	0.06
8	Ultra US Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024	21,854	0.04
2	US 10 Year Treasury Notes Future Expiry March 2024	(360)	_
2	E-Mini NASDAQ 100 Index Future Expiry March 2024	50,908	0.10
(6)	E-Mini S&P 500 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(92,131)	(0.18)
1	E-Mini Utilities Select Sector Future Expiry March 2024	1,009	_
(15)	Euro STOXX 50 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(21,090)	(0.04)
2	Euro STOXX 600 Food & Beverages Index Future Expiry March 2024	848	_
1	Euro STOXX 600 Health Care Future Expiry March 2024	2,385	_
8	Euro STOXX 600 Telecommunications Index Future Expiry March 2024	(2,526)	_
4	Euro STOXX 600 Utilities Index Future Expiry March 2024	(5,865)	(0.01)
(12)	FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(774)	_
5	MSCI Emerging Markets Index Future Expiry March 2024	5,612	0.01
(4)	SFE SPI 200 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(17,569)	(0.03)
(11)	TOPIX Future Expiry March 2024	(134,392)	(0.26)
(5)	EUR/GBP Currency Future Expiry March 2024	5,515	0.01
(45)	EUR/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	21,680	0.04
149	GBP/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	45,011	0.09
(22)	JPY/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	60,060	0.12
		(21,272)	(0.04)
Portfolio of investments ^{2,3}		48,211,418	93.75
Net other assets ⁴		3,211,973	6.25
Total net assets		£51,423,391	100.00%

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 1}$ Unlisted securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

Total purchases for the period: £11,549,843.

Total sales for the period: £14,586,314.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}\,$ Including investment liabilities.

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 3}\,$ All investments are admitted to an official stock exchange unless otherwise stated.

⁴ Includes shares in the LGIM Sterling Liquidity Plus Fund Class 1 to the value of £2,327,763 which is shown as cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the Sub-fund.

Financial Statements

Balance Sheet as at 15 February 2024

15/02/24

15/08/23

						13/02/24	13/06/23
Statement of To	tal Returr	1				£	£
for the period e	ended 15	February 2	2024		ASSETS		
		15/02/24		15/02/23	Fixed assets:		
	£	13/02/24 £	£	13/32/25 £	Investments	48,508,864	49,209,093
	_	_	_	_	Current assets:		
Income					Debtors	131,910	385,702
Net capital gains/					Cash and bank balances	1,183,040	4,014,279
(losses)		2,037,996		(2,143,856)	Cash equivalents	2,327,763	3,356,249
Revenue	1,055,859		1,142,088		Total assets	52,151,577	56,965,323
Expenses	(78,115)		(90,436)		roidi disseis	32,131,377	30,703,323
Interest					LIABILITIES		
payable and similar					Investment liabilities	(297,446)	(369,625)
charges	(9,473)		(1,019)		Creditors:		
Net revenue before taxation	968,271		1,050,633		Bank overdrafts	(61,054)	(2,002,607)
Taxation	(4,212)		(2,579)		Distributions payable	(105,372)	(229,691)
Net revenue	('/= ' = /	-	(=,,		Other creditors	(264,314)	(541,020)
after taxation for the period		964,059		1,048,054	Total liabilities	(728,186)	(3,142,943)
Total return	_		_		Net assets attributable		
before distributions		3,002,055		(1,095,802)	to Unitholders	£51,423,391	£53,822,380
Distributions		(1,018,493)		(1,043,551)			
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from	_		_				
investment activities	_	£1,983,562	_	£(2,139,353)			

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders for the period ended 15 February 2024

	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £
Opening net assets attributable to Unitholders	.	53,822,380		64,634,975
Amounts received on issue of units	1,964,522		4,090,971	
Amounts paid on cancellation of units	(6,756,847)	_	(6,910,969)	
		(4,792,325)		(2,819,998)
Dilution levy		(153)		_
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activitie	es	1,983,562		(2,139,353)
Retained distribution on accumulation u		409,927		443,944
Closing net assets attributable to Unitholders	_	£51,423,391	_	£60,119,568

The difference between the opening net assets and the comparative closing net assets is the movement in the second half of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with the most recent annual Financial Statements.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. In making this assessment, the Manager has considered, amongst other things, factors such as Sub-fund size, cash flows through the Sub-fund and Sub-fund liquidity in its assessment of the Sub-fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due at least the twelve month period from the date the financial statements are signed. Based on this assessment, the Manager deems the basis of preparation appropriate.

Sub-fund Information

Net Asset Values and Units in Issue

	Net Asset		Net Asset Value per
Class	Value (£)	Units in Issue	Unit (p)
R-Class			
Distribution Units	317,178	707,216	44.85
Accumulation Units	1,018	1,790	56.87
I-Class			
Distribution Units	26,935,175	53,782,296	50.08
Accumulation Units	17,360,706	26,218,040	66.22
C-Class			
Distribution Units	2,914,583	5,786,385	50.37
Accumulation Units	3,502,097	5,259,230	66.59
L-Class			
Distribution Units	1,042	2,042	51.03
Accumulation Units	1,099	2,000	54.95
J-Class			
Distribution Units	389,412	773,113	50.37
Accumulation Units	1,081	1,628	66.40

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Ongoing Charges Figures

	15 Feb 24	15 Aug 23
R-Class	0.65%	0.65%
I-Class	0.31%	0.31%
C-Class	0.24%	0.24%
L-Class	0.06%	0.06%
J-Class	0.24%	0.24%

The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is the ratio of the Sub-fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) and all costs suffered through holdings in underlying Collective Investment Schemes, to the average net assets of the Sub-fund.

The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Distribution Information

R-Class

The distribution paid on 14 March 2024 was 0.1547p per unit for distribution units and 0.1912p per unit for accumulation units.

I-Class

The distribution paid on 14 March 2024 was 0.1727p per unit for distribution units and 0.2268p per unit for accumulation units.

C-Class

The distribution paid on 14 March 2024 was 0.1736p per unit for distribution units and 0.2280p per unit for accumulation units.

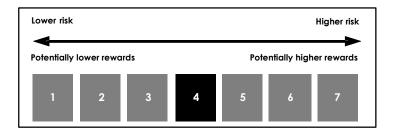
L-Class

The distribution paid on 14 March 2024 was 0.1713p per unit for distribution units and 0.1834p per unit for accumulation units.

J-Class

The distribution paid on 14 March 2024 was 0.1736p per unit for distribution units and 0.2218p per unit for accumulation units.

Risk and Reward Profile



- The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. It is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Sub-fund. The shaded area in the table above shows the Sub-fund's ranking on the Risk and Reward Indicator.
- The Sub-fund is in category four because the mix of different asset types in which the Sub-fund invests has a balancing effect on the rate at which the Sub-fund share price moves up and down. This type of fund is generally considered to be higher risk than one investing only in bonds and lower risk than one investing only in company shares.
- Even a fund in the lowest category is not a risk free investment.

The Sub-fund targets risk profile four as calculated by Distribution Technology. They are an independent agency who provide risk profiling tools to advisers and fund managers.

The Risk and Reward profile scale above is calculated differently to the Distribution Technology Risk Profiles. The Distribution Technology profiles range from 1 to 10 with 10 being the highest (rather than a scale of 1 to 7 for the Risk and Reward profile).

More information on the Distribution Technology risk profiles is shown in the Prospectus. Alternatively, you can contact us with any queries.

Manager's Investment Report

Investment Objective and Policy

The objective of the Sub-fund is to provide a combination of growth and income within a pre-determined risk profile. The Sub-fund's potential gains and losses are likely to be constrained by the objective to remain within the risk profile.

The Sub-fund is actively managed and will have exposure to bonds (both government and non-government), shares in companies, money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash, permitted deposits and indirectly to alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property. Due to the risk profile, the intention is that the Sub-fund will typically have higher exposure to shares in companies than to bonds, money market instruments and cash relative to other Sub-funds with a lower risk profile in the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range. However, the aggregate exposure to bonds may still be material.

To obtain this exposure, the Sub-fund will invest at least 75% in collective investment schemes. At least 50% of the Sub-fund will invest in index tracker schemes which are operated by the Manager or an Associate.

The Sub-fund may also invest directly in shares in companies, bonds (both government and non-government), money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash and permitted deposits.

The Sub-fund may only use derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes.

The risk profiles used by the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range reflect the scale of risk that each Sub-fund can take in pursuit of achieving its investment objective, with 1 being the lowest risk and 10 being the highest risk. The risk profiles are determined by an external agency. This Sub-fund's objective is to remain within the risk profile 5.

The Sub-fund's risk profile is managed by adjusting the level of exposure to bonds, shares in companies, money market instruments and property within the portfolio based on the scale and frequency of their change in value. For full details of the portfolio breakdown, please refer to the factsheet available on the Manager's website.

Manager's Investment Report

During the period under review, the published price of the Sub-fund's R-Class accumulation units increased by 6.31%.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Market/Economic Review

Over the six months under review, inflationary pressures and tighter monetary policy dominated the thoughts of market participants. Fears of an economic slowdown remain at the forefront of the minds of investors but, even with inflation falling across developed markets, expectations are that interest rates will remain higher for longer and no sharp cutting of rates is anticipated imminently.

In the UK, there was positive news as wage growth slowed yet further in the three months to November, rising at an annual rate of 6.50%, down from 7.20% in the three months to October. Annualised consumer price inflation was at 4.00% in December. The Bank of England has held rates unchanged at the 15-year high of 5.25% since its August 2023 meeting, while expectations for rate cuts have been pushed into the back end of 2024 at the earliest.

In the US, Federal Reserve (Fed) Chair Jerome Powell poured cold water on the prospects of an interest rate cut in March, despite inflation continuing to fall in recent months. The US central bank chief explained that the Fed needs to have confidence that inflation is 'sustainably' lower. US interest rates remain at a 23-year high of between 5.25% and 5.50%.

The European Central Bank (ECB) kept its headline deposit facility rate at an all-time high of 4.00% in January, with President Christine Lagarde reiterating that it is premature to be discussing interest rate cuts.

Global equity markets made decent gains over the six months in US Dollar terms, despite developed market monetary tightening in progress and recessionary fears coming to the fore.

US equities made solid gains over the period in US Dollar terms and outperformed the global average. Communication services and technology led the way with double-digit returns, while strong performances also came from financials and healthcare. UK equities finished the six-month period in marginal negative territory in Sterling terms, some way behind the global average. At the sector level, while technology enjoyed a strong six months, along with decent showings from real estate and industrials, these were largely offset by weakness from other sectors. European equity markets rose over the six months in Euro terms but marginally underperformed the global average over the period.

Asia Pacific ex Japan equity markets lost notable ground over the past six months in US Dollar terms and underperformed global equities. While Chinese equities had rallied at the start of 2023 as Beijing announced an easing of its pandemic restrictions, the rebound could not be sustained. Indeed, over the six months, the Chinese market lost significant ground on fears about the state of its property market and the general health of its ailing economy. India, by contrast, delivered a double-digit return.

Manager's Investment Report continued

Benchmark developed market government bond yields painted a mixed picture, with significant fluctuations throughout the period. The yield on the 10-year US Treasury was flat from start to finish but this masks a 100 basis-point rise to mid-October before falling back to almost flat by year end on rate-cutting expectations and growing hopes of an economic 'soft landing'. The yield on the 10-year UK Gilt fell (prices rose) markedly; it started the period touching the heady highs it reached during the brief tenure of the Liz Truss-led Conservative government, before falling sharply, by 90 basis points, into year end. It then rose again marginally in January. The yield on the 10-year German Bund made a less drastic move, but still fell sharply over the period.

Elsewhere, Japanese government bond yields moved higher over the period. Towards the end of the period, the Bank of Japan made the notable move to effectively scrap its yield curve control, having eased the limits over the course of the past 12 months. The policy, in place since 2016, had limited the movement of the 10-year bond yield to 0.50%.

Spreads on UK investment-grade bonds narrowed over the six months. Spreads on US investment-grade bonds narrowed too but were tighter than their UK peers, a move matched by European investment-grade bonds. High yield bond yield spreads, having fluctuated early in the period, also narrowed over the six months as a whole.

Despite the headwinds of tight Fed monetary policy, fears of a US recession and ongoing worries around the economic growth prospects of the world's second largest economy, China, emerging market debt held up remarkably well over the period, making decent gains.

Sub-fund Review

The Sub-fund delivered a positive return over the period, with the main positive contributions to performance coming from North American & Japanese equities There were no significant negative contributors over the period.

In the third quarter of 2023, we reduced exposure to UK Gilts and added to global government bonds, following strong performance from our UK Gilt trade which we have held in recent months.

In the same period, we also increased exposure to listed infrastructure. Relative valuations for listed infrastructure (compared to equites) have become more interesting recently, driven by weak infrastructure returns. However, we consider listed infrastructure to be a 'defensive' asset class, and given we are currently forecasting a recession, we would expect relative outperformance for the asset class, and are looking for opportunities in this space.

In the fourth quarter of 2023, we increased our exposure to risk assets including equities and global investment-grade credit. We have softened our negative view on the economic cycle given the continued economic resilience in the US in recent months and the downside surprises to inflation across developed markets. We have also seen some of the concerns around the global banking sector soften since some of the bank failures earlier in 2023.

In the last few months of 2023, we also reduced our exposure to US inflation-linked bonds over December. This followed downside surprises to inflation across developed markets which has brought forward expectations for interest rate cuts among investors. This has led to large falls in bond yields which worsens the valuation case, in our view. We still maintain a positive view on bonds given bond yields are still attractive in our view, despite falling, and the exposure would benefit either from further downside surprises to inflation, or from a recessionary outcome – one of the key scenarios we consider.

Outlook

Stronger-than-expected US economic data, more rapid declines in inflation, and a policy pivot by the Fed has led us to adjust our base case economic forecast for 2024, with the Fed now seemingly more willing to risk stoking inflation to support economic growth through rate cuts. While we still believe the lagged effects of 2023 rate hikes could precipitate a US recession in 2024, this is no longer our base case view. We now expect a period of weak US growth and should a recession occur, a milder one than previously thought. Despite this upward revision, we remain below market consensus which increasingly expects steady US growth in 2024. In our view, a macroeconomic backdrop of tight labour markets and high interest rates limits the upside growth potential for the economy; we remain vigilant for evidence which refutes this stance.

Although the fourth-quarter risk asset rally left equities looking more expensive in absolute terms, lower bonds yields have improved valuations on a relative basis. Given our more benign economic outlook, we have moderated our negative medium-term view on equities. We prefer more defensive positioning, with current equity market pricing vulnerable to any negative surprises, in our view. The recent sharp rally in yields has prompted us to temper our positive outlook for government bonds. However, we still view rates as restrictive at current levels and anticipate further declines in government bond yields over the medium term.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) 15 March 2024

Manager's Investment Report continued

Important Note from the Manager Geopolitical Events

In response to events in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, the Manager is closely monitoring financial markets and any potential liquidity and volatility risks which may have an impact on the Sub-fund.

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited February 2024

Portfolio Statement

Portfolio Statement as at 15 February 2024

All investments are in investment grade securities, ordinary shares or collective investment schemes unless otherwise stated. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent holdings at 15 August 2023.

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	EQUITIES — 0.94% (0.98%)	_	7.000.0
	Continental Europe — 0.37% (0.37%)		
-,	Holmen	3,444,832	0.14
	Stora Enso	857,575	0.04
447,265	Svenska Cellulosa 'B'	4,716,489	0.19
		9,018,896	0.37
	North America — 0.46% (0.48%)		
	PotlatchDeltic	4,006,663	0.17
	Rayonier	3,516,205	0.15
131,053	Weyerhaeuser	3,488,914	0.14
		11,011,782	0.46
	Asia Pacific — 0.11% (0.13%)		
387,102	Oji Holdings	1,130,472	0.04
75,664	Sumitomo Forestry Company	1,619,126	0.07
		2,749,598	0.11
	GOVERNMENT BONDS — 4.76% (3.55%)		
	North America — 4.76% (3.55%)		
USD150,744,000	United States Treasury Inflation Indexed Bonds 1.125% 15/01/2033	115,369,509	4.76
	COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES INVESTING IN — 85.33% (87.37%):		
101 205 720	United Kingdom — 17.81% (17.81%)	0/ 907 70/	4.00
	Legal & General All Stocks Gilt Index Trust 'l' Inc¹ Legal & General UK Index Trust 'L' Inc¹	96,897,796 253,606,286	4.00 10.45
	Legal & General UK Mid Cap Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	47,016,687	1.94
	Legal & General UK Property Fund 'L' Inc ¹	34,509,299	1.42
		432,030,068	17.81
100 001 211	Continental Europe — 12.04% (11.35%) Legal & General Euro High Alpha Corporate Bond Fund 'Z' Inc ¹	00 557 117	2 02
	Legal & General Euro Treasury Bond Index Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	92,556,116 12,945,216	3.82 0.53
	Legal & General European Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	186,625,717	7.69
		292,127,049	12.04
42,026,203	North America — 13.88% (13.72%) Legal & General US Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	336,840,021	13.88
1 714 844	Asia Pacific — 10.11% (9.80%) Legal & General India INR Government Bond 'USD' Inc UCITS ETF	11,934,206	0.49
	Legal & General Japan Index Trust "I' Inc ¹	148,160,243	6.10
	Legal & General Pacific Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	85,321,635	3.52
		245,416,084	10.11
42.054.402	Global — 20.10% (21.48%) Legal & General Active Global High Yield Bond Fund "I' Inc ¹	22 520 200	0.97
	Legal & General Artificial Intelligence 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	23,538,390 50,624,010	2.09
	Legal & General Battery Value-Chain 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	5,544,719	0.23
.2.,000	5	-,,,	0.20

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	Global — (cont.)		
2,519,756	Legal & General Clean Energy 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	19,424,799	0.80
947,233	Legal & General Clean Water 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	12,507,265	0.52
23,639,065	Legal & General Commodity Index Fund 'Z' Acc1	23,630,610	0.97
15,423,533	Legal & General Global High Yield Bond Fund 'Z' Acc GBP Hedged ¹	21,703,996	0.89
91,020,935	Legal & General Global Inflation Linked Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	44,090,541	1.82
45,576,128	Legal & General Global Infrastructure Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	30,472,199	1.26
131,068,996	Legal & General Global Real Estate Dividend Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	75,338,459	3.10
52,677,368	Legal & General Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	25,701,288	1.06
271,260,017	Legal & General Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	132,890,282	5.48
16,738,420	LGIM Global Corporate Bond Fund 'B' Acc ¹	22,111,452	0.91
		487,578,010	20.10
00 025 021	Emerging Markets — 9.38% (11.30%) Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (Local Currency) Index		
00,033,021	Fund 'L' Inc ¹	39,096,645	1.61
138.445.851	Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (US\$) Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	56,361,306	2.32
	Legal & General Emerging Markets Short Duration Bond Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	13,670,734	0.57
	Legal & General Global Emerging Markets Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	118,413,822	4.88
		227,542,507	9.38
57,184,081	Frontier Markets — 2.01% (1.91%) Legal & General Frontier Markets Equity Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	48,861,064	2.01
	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — -0.12% (-0.17%)		
USD(141,187,646) GBP110,747,569	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(1,413,379)	(0.06)
USD(15,267,616)	Sold US Dollars		
GBP12,097,000	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(31,755)	_
USD(116,193,882)	Sold US Dollars		
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(1,317,209)	(0.05)
USD(36,905,571)		44.007	
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	46,827	_
USD(18,855,595)	for Norwegian Krone (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(296,031)	(0.01)
USD(1,255,270)		(270,031)	(0.01)
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	14,919	_
USD(1,190,085)			
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	14,492	_
USD(1,207,947) TRY40,151,428	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	14,737	_
USD(1,207,889)	Sold US Dollars		
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	14,784	_
USD(1,199,092) TRY39.854.010	Sold US Dollars for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	14,554	_
USD(1,208,030)	Sold US Dollars		
TRY40,151,428 EUR(7,570,000)	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹ Sold Furo	14,671	_
USD8,237,061	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	45,962	_
, , ,	Sold Japanese Yen for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	109,927	_
		(2,767,501)	(0.12)
	EUTIDES CONTRACTS 0.129/ (0.139)		
Q1	FUTURES CONTRACTS — 0.12% (-0.13%) Euro Bond Future Expiry March 2024	60,793	_
	Long Gilt Future Expiry March 2024	167,620	0.01
	SFE 10 Year Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024	(82,076)	-
	Ultra 10 Year US Treasury Note Future Expiry March 2024	380,509	0.02
3/6	onia to teal of tiedsory mole foldie Expiry Maich 2024	300,307	0.02

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
	Investment	£	Assets
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — (cont.)		
543	Ultra US Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024	1,483,341	0.06
833	US 10 Year Treasury Notes Future Expiry March 2024	552,007	0.02
602	E-Mini Russell 2000 Index Future Expiry March 2024	3,115,357	0.13
(196)	E-Mini S&P 500 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(2,480,387)	(0.10)
150	Euro STOXX 50 Index Future Expiry March 2024	336,139	0.01
144	Euro STOXX 600 Food & Beverages Index Future Expiry March 2024	61,050	_
95	Euro STOXX 600 Health Care Future Expiry March 2024	226,603	0.01
516	Euro STOXX 600 Telecommunications Index Future Expiry March 2024	(162,440)	(0.01)
262	Euro STOXX 600 Utilities Index Future Expiry March 2024	(384,169)	(0.01)
(278)	FTSE 250 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(159,850)	(0.01)
(345)	MSCI Emerging Markets Index Future Expiry March 2024	(329,057)	(0.01)
(311)	TOPIX Future Expiry March 2024	(3,247,584)	(0.13)
(81)	EUR/GBP Currency Future Expiry March 2024	89,337	_
(1,094)	EUR/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	527,069	0.02
2,458	GBP/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	742,539	0.03
(739)	JPY/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	2,017,462	0.08
		2,914,263	0.12
Portfolio of investments ^{2,3}		2,208,691,350	91.03
Net other assets ⁴		217,575,557	8.97
Total net assets		£2,426,266,907	100.00%

¹ Unlisted securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

Total purchases for the period: £223,573,812. Total sales for the period: £202,976,486.

² Including investment liabilities.

³ All investments are admitted to an official stock exchange unless otherwise stated.

⁴ Includes shares in the LGIM Sterling Liquidity Fund Class 1 to the value of £88,865,936 and LGIM Sterling Liquidity Plus Fund Class 1 to the value of £98,264,790 which are shown as cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the Sub-fund.

Financial Statements

Balance Sheet as at 15 February 2024

15/02/24

15/08/23

Statement of Total Return for the period ended 15 February 2024					ASSETS	£	£
-		15/02/24		15/02/23	Fixed assets:		
	£	£	£		Investments	2,218,595,287	2,080,278,968
					Current assets:		
Income					Debtors	3,897,737	14,272,026
Net capital gains/					Cash and bank balances	32,114,402	51,853,354
(losses)		122,005,841		(39,334,578)	Cash equivalents	187,130,726	127,885,022
Revenue	31,116,203		24,141,175		Total assets	2,441,738,152	2,274,289,370
Expenses	(3,321,004)		(3,113,375)		ioidi dsseis	2,441,736,132	2,274,267,370
Interest					LIABILITIES		
payable and similar					Investment liabilities	(9,903,937)	(14,813,723)
charges	(1,081,130)		(10,561)		Creditors:		
Net revenue before taxation	26,714,069	_	21,017,239		Bank overdrafts	(153,367)	(341,180)
Taxation	(2,820,950)		(1,775,717)		Distributions payable	(1,254,734)	(1,502,696)
Net revenue	(=/===//	-			Other creditors	(4,159,207)	(2,769,078)
after taxation for the period		23,893,119		19,241,522	Total liabilities	(15,471,245)	(19,426,677)
Total return before		145 903 070		(20,003,057)	Net assets attributable to Unitholders	£2,426,266,907	£2,254,862,693
distributions		145,893,960		(20,093,056)			
Distributions		(23,947,251)		(19,278,996)			
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activities		£121,951,709		£(39,372,052)			

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders for the period ended 15 February 2024

		15/02/24		15/02/23
	£	£	£	£
Opening net assets attributable to Unitholders		2,254,862,693		2,230,940,297
Amounts received on issue of units	83,178,416		99,987,765	
Amounts paid on cancellation of units	(56,606,206)	_	(54,157,553)	
		26,572,210		45,830,212
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activitie	·s	121,951,709		(39,372,052)
Retained distributio on accumulation u		22,880,295		18,503,053
Closing net assets attributable to Unitholders	<u>.</u>	£2,426,266,907	- !	£2,255,901,510

The difference between the opening net assets and the comparative closing net assets is the movement in the second half of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with the most recent annual Financial Statements.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. In making this assessment, the Manager has considered, amongst other things, factors such as Sub-fund size, cash flows through the Sub-fund and Sub-fund liquidity in its assessment of the Sub-fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the twelve month period from the date the financial statements are signed. Based on this assessment, the Manager deems the basis of preparation appropriate.

Sub-fund Information

Net Asset Values and Units in Issue

Class	Net Asset Value (£)	Units in Issue	Net Asset Value per Unit (p)
R-Class			
Distribution Units	22,816	39,060	58.41
Accumulation Units	3,019,354	4,597,267	65.68
F-Class			
Accumulation Units	1,110,257	1,239,878	89.55
I-Class			
Distribution Units	114,526,649	154,732,052	74.02
Accumulation Units	1,788,458,637	1,962,538,203	91.13
C-Class			
Distribution Units	10,587,901	14,309,034	73.99
Accumulation Units	403,792,072	440,556,290	91.66
L-Class			
Distribution Units	1,147	1,552	73.90
Accumulation Units	42,987,674	70,275,867	61.17
J-Class			
Distribution Units	396,532	535,802	74.01
Accumulation Units	61,363,868	66,948,962	91.66

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Ongoing Charges Figures

	15 Feb 24	15 Aug 23
R-Class	0.61%	0.61%
F-Class	0.50%	0.50%
I-Class	0.31%	0.31%
C-Class	0.24%	0.24%
L-Class	0.06%	0.06%
J-Class	0.24%	0.24%

The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is the ratio of the Sub-fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) and all costs suffered through holdings in underlying Collective Investment Schemes, to the average net assets of the Sub-fund.

The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Distribution Information

R-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.5104p per unit for distribution units and 0.5689p per unit for accumulation units.

F-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.8010p per unit for accumulation units.

I-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7380p per unit for distribution units and 0.8997p per unit for accumulation units.

C-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7581p per unit for distribution units and 0.9297p per unit for accumulation units.

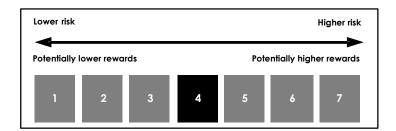
L-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.8131p per unit for distribution units and 0.6656p per unit for accumulation units.

J-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7582p per unit for distribution units and 0.9298p per unit for accumulation units.

Risk and Reward Profile



- The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. It is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Sub-fund. The shaded area in the table above shows the Sub-fund's ranking on the Risk and Reward Indicator.
- The Sub-fund is in category four because the mix of different asset types in which the Sub-fund invests has a balancing effect on the rate at which the Sub-fund share price moves up and down. This type of fund is generally considered to be higher risk than one investing only in bonds and lower risk than one investing only in company shares.
- Even a fund in the lowest category is not a risk free investment.

The Sub-fund targets risk profile five as calculated by Distribution Technology. They are an independent agency who provide risk profiling tools to advisers and fund managers.

The Risk and Reward profile scale above is calculated differently to the Distribution Technology Risk Profiles. The Distribution Technology profiles range from 1 to 10 with 10 being the highest (rather than a scale of 1 to 7 for the Risk and Reward profile).

More information on the Distribution Technology risk profiles is shown in the Prospectus. Alternatively, you can contact us with any queries.

Manager's Investment Report

Investment Objective and Policy

The objective of the Sub-fund is to provide a combination of income and growth within a pre-determined risk profile. The Sub-fund will invest in assets that generate higher income over assets that grow in value. The Sub-fund's potential gains and losses are likely to be constrained by the objective to remain within the risk profile.

The Sub-fund is actively managed and will have exposure to bonds (both government and non-government), shares in companies, money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash, permitted deposits and indirectly to alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property. Due to the risk profile, the intention is that the Sub-fund will typically have higher exposure to shares in companies than to bonds, money market instruments and cash relative to other sub-funds with a lower risk profile in the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range. However, the aggregate exposure to bonds may still be material.

To obtain this exposure, the Sub-fund will invest at least 75% in collective investment schemes. At least 50% of the Sub-fund will invest in Index tracker schemes which are operated by the Manager or an Associate.

The Sub-fund may also invest directly in shares in companies, bonds (both government and non-government), money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash and permitted deposits.

The Sub-fund may only use derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes.

The risk profiles used by the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range reflect the scale of risk that each sub-fund can take in pursuit of achieving its investment objective, with 1 being the lowest risk and 10 being the highest risk. The risk profiles are determined by an external agency. This Sub-fund's objective is to remain within the risk profile 5.

The Sub-fund's risk profile is managed by adjusting the level of exposure to bonds, shares in companies, money market instruments and property within the portfolio based on the scale and frequency of their change in value. For full details of the portfolio breakdown, please refer to the factsheet available on the Manager's website.

Manager's Investment Report

During the period under review, the published price of the Sub-fund's R-Class accumulation units increased by 6.31%.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Market/Economic Review

Over the six months under review, inflationary pressures and tighter monetary policy dominated the thoughts of market participants. Fears of an economic slowdown remain at the forefront of the minds of investors but, even with inflation falling across developed markets, expectations are that interest rates will remain higher for longer and no sharp cutting of rates is anticipated imminently.

In the UK, there was positive news as wage growth slowed yet further in the three months to November, rising at an annual rate of 6.50%, down from 7.20% in the three months to October. Annualised consumer price inflation was at 4.00% in December. The Bank of England has held rates unchanged at the 15-year high of 5.25% since its August 2023 meeting, while expectations for rate cuts have been pushed into the back end of 2024 at the earliest.

In the US, Federal Reserve (Fed) Chair Jerome Powell poured cold water on the prospects of an interest rate cut in March, despite inflation continuing to fall in recent months. The US central bank chief explained that the Fed needs to have confidence that inflation is 'sustainably' lower. US interest rates remain at a 23-year high of between 5.25% and 5.50%.

The European Central Bank (ECB) kept its headline deposit facility rate at an all-time high of 4.00% in January, with President Christine Lagarde reiterating that it is premature to be discussing interest rate cuts.

Global equity markets made decent gains over the six months in US Dollar terms, despite developed market monetary tightening in progress and recessionary fears coming to the fore.

US equities made solid gains over the period in US Dollar terms and outperformed the global average. Communication services and technology led the way with double-digit returns, while strong performances also came from financials and healthcare. UK equities finished the six-month period in marginal negative territory in Sterling terms, some way behind the global average. At the sector level, while technology enjoyed a strong six months, along with decent showings from real estate and industrials, these were largely offset by weakness from other sectors. European equity markets rose over the six months in Euro terms but marginally underperformed the global average over the period.

Asia Pacific ex Japan equity markets lost notable ground over the past six months in US Dollar terms and underperformed global equities. While Chinese equities had rallied at the start of 2023 as Beijing announced an easing of its pandemic restrictions, the rebound could not be sustained. Indeed, over the six months the Chinese market lost significant ground on fears about the state of its property market and the general health of its ailing economy. India, by contrast, delivered a double-digit return.

Manager's Investment Report continued

Benchmark developed market government bond yields painted a mixed picture, with significant fluctuations throughout the period. The yield on the 10-year US Treasury was flat from start to finish but this masks a 100 basis-point rise to mid-October before falling back to almost flat by year end on rate-cutting expectations and growing hopes of an economic 'soft landing'. The yield on the 10-year UK Gilt fell (prices rose) markedly; it started the period touching the heady highs it reached during the brief tenure of the Liz Truss-led Conservative government, before falling sharply, by 90 basis points, into year end. It then rose again marginally in January. The yield on the 10-year German Bund made a less drastic move, but still fell sharply over the period.

Elsewhere, Japanese government bond yields moved higher over the period. Towards the end of the period, the Bank of Japan made the notable move to effectively scrap its yield curve control, having eased the limits over the course of the past 12 months. The policy, in place since 2016, had limited the movement of the 10-year bond yield to 0.50%.

Spreads on UK investment-grade bonds narrowed over the six months. Spreads on US investment-grade bonds narrowed too but were tighter than their UK peers, a move matched by European investment-grade bonds. High yield bond yield spreads, having fluctuated early in the period, also narrowed over the six months as a whole.

Despite the headwinds of tight Fed monetary policy, fears of a US recession and ongoing worries around the economic growth prospects of the world's second largest economy, China, emerging market debt held up remarkably well over the period, making decent gains.

Sub-fund Review

The Sub-fund delivered a positive return over the period, with the main positive contributions to performance coming from North American & UK equities. There were no significant negative contributors over the period.

In the third quarter of 2023, we reduced exposure to UK Gilts and added to global government bonds, following strong performance from our UK Gilt trade which we have held in recent months.

In the same period, we also increased exposure to listed infrastructure. Relative valuations for listed infrastructure (compared to equites) have become more interesting recently, driven by weak infrastructure returns. However, we consider listed infrastructure to be a 'defensive' asset class, and given we are currently forecasting a recession, we would expect relative outperformance for the asset class, and are looking for opportunities in this space.

In the fourth quarter of 2023, we increased our exposure to risk assets including equities and global investment-grade credit. We have soften our negative view on the economic cycle given the continued economic resilience in the US in recent months and the downside surprises to inflation across developed markets. We have also seen some of the concerns around the global banking sector soften since some of the bank failures earlier in 2023.

In the last few months of 2023, we also reduced our exposure to US inflation-linked bonds over December. This followed downside surprises to inflation across developed markets which has brought forward expectations for interest rate cuts among investors. This has led to large falls in bond yields which worsens the valuation case, in our view. We still maintain a positive view on bonds given bond yields are still attractive in our view, despite falling, and the exposure would benefit either from further downside surprises to inflation, or from a recessionary outcome – one of the key scenarios we consider.

Outlook

Stronger-than-expected US economic data, more rapid declines in inflation, and a policy pivot by the Fed has led us to adjust our base case economic forecast for 2024, with the Fed now seemingly more willing to risk stoking inflation to support economic growth through rate cuts. While we still believe the lagged effects of 2023 rate hikes could precipitate a US recession in 2024, this is no longer our base case view. We now expect a period of weak US growth and should a recession occur, a milder one than previously thought. Despite this upward revision, we remain below market consensus which increasingly expects steady US growth in 2024. In our view, a macroeconomic backdrop of tight labour markets and high interest rates limits the upside growth potential for the economy; we remain vigilant for evidence which refutes this stance.

Although the fourth-quarter risk asset rally left equities looking more expensive in absolute terms, lower bonds yields have improved valuations on a relative basis. Given our more benign economic outlook we have moderated our negative medium-term view on equities. We prefer more defensive positioning, with current equity market pricing vulnerable to any negative surprises, in our view. The recent sharp rally in yields has prompted us to temper our positive outlook for government bonds. However, we still view rates as restrictive at current levels and anticipate further declines in government bond yields over the medium term.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) 15 March 2024

Manager's Investment Report continued

Important Note from the Manager Geopolitical Events

In response to events in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, the Manager is closely monitoring financial markets and any potential liquidity and volatility risks which may have an impact on the Sub-fund.

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited February 2024

Portfolio Statement

Portfolio Statement as at 15 February 2024

All investments are in investment grade securities, ordinary shares or collective investment schemes unless otherwise stated. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent holdings at 15 August 2023.

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£	Assets
	EQUITIES — 2.21% (1.88%)		
100 440	United Kingdom — 0.47% (0.39%) Greencoat UK Wind	232,984	0.24
	HICL Infrastructure	229,437	0.24
100,334	THE LITHUS HOURS	·	
	-	462,421	0.47
	Channel Islands — 0.72% (0.61%)		
	International Public Partnerships	232,382	0.24
	Renewables Infrastructure Group	260,468	0.26
267,724	Sequoia Economic Infrastructure Income Fund	213,912	0.22
	-	706,762	0.72
	Continental Europe — 0.39% (0.33%)		
3,948	Holmen	120,118	0.12
3,858	Stora Enso	36,231	0.04
21,226	Svenska Cellulosa 'B'	223,832	0.23
	_	380,181	0.39
	North Associate O FOOT (O 4007)		
5 354	North America — 0.52% (0.43%) PotlatchDeltic	192,260	0.20
	Rayonier	168,371	0.20
	Weyerhaeuser	150,415	0.17
0,000		511,046	0.52
	-	<u> </u>	
	Asia Pacific — 0.11% (0.12%)		
	Oji Holdings	41,764	0.04
3,342	Sumitomo Forestry Company	71,515	0.07
	-	113,279	0.11
	GOVERNMENT BONDS — 4.27% (5.00%)		
	United Kingdom — 0.50% (1.50%)		
GBP313,192	United Kingdom Gilt Inflation Linked 0.125% 22/03/2029	490,643	0.50
	North America — 3.77% (3.50%)		
USD4,843,600	United States Treasury Inflation Indexed Bonds 1.125% 15/01/2033	3,706,972	3.77
	COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES INVESTING IN — 84.59% (84.33%):		
	United Kingdom — 22.79% (22.20%)	10.100.07	
	Legal & General Quality Equity Dividends ESG Exclusions UK 'GBP' Inc UCITS ETF	13,130,367	13.36
	Legal & General UK Equity 'GBP' Acc UCITS ETF	621,881	0.63
	Legal & General UK Index Trust 'L' Inc¹ Legal & General UK Property Fund 'L' Inc¹	6,872,512 1,767,859	7.00 1.80
3,300,707	Legal & General oktropeny rona E inc		
	-	22,392,619	22.79
	Continental Europe — 11.35% (9.76%)		
4,587,701	Legal & General Euro High Alpha Corporate Bond Fund 'Z' Inc ¹	3,896,263	3.96
	Legal & General Europe ex UK Equity 'EUR' Acc UCITS ETF	1,280,666	1.30

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	Continental Europe — (cont.)		
634,931	Legal & General Quality Equity Dividends ESG Exclusions Europe ex-UK 'EUR' Inc	E 001 050	/ 00
	UCITS ETF	5,981,050	6.09
	-	11,157,979	11.35
	North America		
79 068	North America — 5.11% (5.29%) Legal & General US Equity 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	1,236,307	1.26
	Legal & General US Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	3,782,533	3.85
	_	5,018,840	5.11
	-		
	Asia Pacific — 7.42% (7.57%)		
	Legal & General Asia Pacific ex Japan Equity 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	1,008,437	1.03
	Legal & General India INR Government Bond 'USD' Inc UCITS ETF	413,615	0.42
	Legal & General Japan Equity 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF Legal & General Quality Equity Dividends ESG Exclusions Asia Pacific ex-Japan	1,350,263	1.37
	'USD' Inc UCITS ETF	4,516,030	4.60
	_	7,288,345	7.42
10 449 390	Global — 21.88% (22.28%) Legal & General Active Global High Yield Bond Fund 'I' Inc'	7,436,618	7.57
	Legal & General Active Sterling Corporate Bond Plus Fund 'I' Inc ¹	3,160,387	3.22
	Legal & General Commodity Index Fund 'Z' Acc¹	10,347	0.01
	Legal & General Global Infrastructure Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	1,248,820	1.27
	Legal & General Global Real Estate Dividend Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	2,187,468	2.23
	Legal & General Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	2,726,415	2.78
	Legal & General Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	2,146,086	2.18
1,952,279	LGIM Global Corporate Bond Fund 'B' Acc1	2,578,961	2.62
	_	21,495,102	21.88
	Emerging Markets — 14.02% (15.34%)		
7,751,065	Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (Local Currency) Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	2.411.044	0.47
0.022.420		3,411,244 4,043,982	3.47 4.12
	Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (US\$) Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹ Legal & General Emerging Markets Short Duration Bond Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	540,502	0.55
	Legal & General Charlenging Markets Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	853,200	0.33
	Legal & General Quality Equity Dividends ESG Exclusions Emerging Markets 'USD'	000,200	0.07
	Inc UCITS ETF	4,926,122	5.01
	_	13,775,050	14.02
0.010.500	Frontier Markets — 2.02% (1.89%)	1 001 000	0.00
2,319,530	Legal & General Frontier Markets Equity Fund 'Z' Acc'	1,981,928	2.02
	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — -0.05% (-0.07%)		
USD(414,386)	Sold US Dollars		
AUD616,000 USD(3,745,610)	for Australian Dollar (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(9,456)	(0.01)
'	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(38,551)	(0.04)
,	Sold US Dollars for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	1,828	_
USD(744,222)	Sold US Dollars		
	for Norwegian Krone (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹ Sold New Zealand Dollar	(11,823)	(0.01)
	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	5,217	0.01

Portfolio Statement continued

Nominal Value Value Investment £	% of Net
	Assets
FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — (cont.) EUR(302,000) Sold Euro	
USD332,441 for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹ 4,875	
(47,910)	(0.05)
FUTURES CONTRACTS — 0.21% (-0.43%)	
(6) Euro Bond Future Expiry March 2024 5,413	0.01
44 Long Gilt Future Expiry March 2024 29,100	0.03
17 SFE 10 Year Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024 (3,437)	_
70 Ultra 10 Year US Treasury Note Future Expiry March 2024 70,840	0.07
15 US 10 Year Treasury Notes Future Expiry March 2024 (4,220)	_
5 E-Mini NASDAQ 100 Index Future Expiry March 2024 116,808	0.12
19 Euro STOXX 50 Index Future Expiry March 2024 42,580	0.04
6 Euro STOXX 600 Food & Beverages Index Future Expiry March 2024 2,544	_
4 Euro STOXX 600 Health Care Future Expiry March 2024 9,541	0.01
21 Euro STOXX 600 Telecommunications Index Future Expiry March 2024 (6,629)	(0.01)
11 Euro STOXX 600 Utilities Index Future Expiry March 2024 (16,129)	(0.02)
(68) FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry March 2024 (6,158)	(0.01)
(46) MSCI Emerging Markets Index Future Expiry March 2024 (49,479)	(0.05)
(1) SFE SPI 200 Index Future Expiry March 2024 (687)	_
(1) TOPIX Future Expiry March 2024 80	_
8 AUD/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024 (2,893)	_
(11) EUR/GBP Currency Future Expiry March 2024 12,132	0.01
(35) EUR/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024 16,862	0.02
5 JPY/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024 (14,478)	(0.01)
201,790	0.21
Portfolio of investments ^{2,3} 89,635,047	91.23
Net other assets ⁴ 8,618,072	8.77
Total net assets £98,253,119	100.00%

¹ Unlisted securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

Total purchases for the period: £6,267,615.

Total sales for the period: £10,808,518.

² Including investment liabilities.

³ All investments are admitted to an official stock exchange unless otherwise stated.

⁴ Includes shares in the LGIM Sterling Liquidity Plus Fund Class 1 to the value of £4,192,286 and LGIM Sterling Liquidity Fund Class 1 to the value of £3,564,068 which are shown as cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the Sub-fund.

Financial Statements

Balance Sheet as at 15 February 2024

Statement of To	ıtal Returr	1				15/02/24 £	15/08/23 £
for the period e	nded 15	February 2	2024		ASSETS		
-		15/02/24		15/02/23	Fixed assets:		
	£	13/02/24 £	£	13/02/20 £	Investments	89,798,987	90,500,330
					Current assets:		
Income					Debtors	217,630	863,757
Net capital gains/					Cash and bank balances	1,385,354	6,400,305
(losses)		4,364,514		(2,378,189)	Cash equivalents	7,756,354	6,199,519
Revenue	2,097,176		2,219,407		Total assets	99,158,325	103,963,911
Expenses	(143,500)		(138,019)			77,130,323	103,703,711
Interest payable					LIABILITIES		
and similar					Investment liabilities	(163,940)	(731,835)
charges	(25,625)	_	(16,126)		Creditors:		
Net revenue before taxation	1,928,051		2,065,262		Bank overdrafts	(2)	(3,440,841)
Taxation	(200,242)		(133,726)		Distributions payable	(165,507)	(375,311)
Net revenue		-			Other creditors	(575,757)	(453,041)
after taxation for the period		1,727,809		1,931,536	Total liabilities	(905,206)	(5,001,028)
Total return before	_		_		Net assets attributable to Unitholders	£98,253,119	£98,962,883
distributions		6,092,323		(446,653)			
Distributions	_	(1,836,590)	_	(1,713,994)			
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activities		£4,255,733		£(2,160,647)			
comment dentines	-	24,200,700	_	2(2,100,047)			

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders for the period ended 15 February 2024

	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £
Opening net assets attributable to Unitholders	_	98,962,883	ı	98,781,990
Amounts received on issue of units	6,632,605		8,731,690	
Amounts paid on cancellation of units	(12,450,410)	_	(8,395,691)	
		(5,817,805)		335,999
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activities		4,255,733		(2,160,647)
Retained distribution on accumulation u		852,308		809,910
Closing net assets attributable to Unitholders	-	£98,253,119	_	£97,767,252

The difference between the opening net assets and the comparative closing net assets is the movement in the second half of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with the most recent annual Financial Statements.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. In making this assessment, the Manager has considered, amongst other things, factors such as Sub-fund size, cash flows through the Sub-fund and Sub-fund liquidity in its assessment of the Sub-fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the twelve month period from the date the financial statements are signed. Based on this assessment, the Manager deems the basis of preparation appropriate.

Sub-fund Information

Net Asset Values and Units in Issue

	Net Asset		Net Asset Value per
Class	Value (£)	Units in Issue	Unit (p)
R-Class Distribution Units Accumulation Units	1,338	2,820	47.45
	21,695	35,901	60.43
I-Class Distribution Units Accumulation Units	42,557,042	78,196,215	54.42
	36,955,498	51,094,440	72.33
C-Class Distribution Units Accumulation Units	8,745,827	15,979,626	54.73
	9,334,847	12,845,250	72.67
L-Class Distribution Units Accumulation Units	1,141	2,058	55.44
	1,152	2,000	57.60
J-Class Distribution Units Accumulation Units	633,436	1,157,425	54.73
	1,143	1,576	72.53

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Ongoing Charges Figures

	15 Feb 24	15 Aug 23
R-Class	0.68%	0.68%
I-Class	0.31%	0.31%
C-Class	0.24%	0.24%
L-Class	0.06%	0.06%
J-Class	0.24%	0.24%

The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is the ratio of the Sub-fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) and all costs suffered through holdings in underlying Collective Investment Schemes, to the average net assets of the Sub-fund.

The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Distribution Information

R-Class

The distribution paid on 14 March 2024 is 0.1540p per unit for distribution units and 0.1968p per unit for accumulation units.

I-Class

The distribution paid on 14 March 2024 is 0.1735p per unit for distribution units and 0.2291p per unit for accumulation units.

C-Class

The distribution paid on 14 March 2024 is 0.1736p per unit for distribution units and 0.2290p per unit for accumulation units.

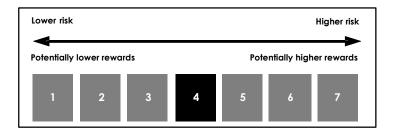
L-Class

The distribution paid on 14 March 2024 is 0.1717p per unit for distribution units and 0.1797p per unit for accumulation units.

J-Class

The distribution paid on 14 March 2024 is 0.1736p per unit for distribution units and 0.2262p per unit for accumulation units.

Risk and Reward Profile



- The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. It is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Sub-fund. The shaded area in the table above shows the Sub-fund's ranking on the Risk and Reward Indicator.
- The Sub-fund is in category four because the mix of different asset types in which the Sub-fund invests has a balancing effect on the rate at which the Sub-fund share price moves up and down. This type of fund is generally considered to be higher risk than one investing only in bonds and lower risk than one investing only in company shares.
- Even a fund in the lowest category is not a risk free investment.

The Sub-fund targets risk profile five as calculated by Distribution Technology. They are an independent agency who provide risk profiling tools to advisers and fund managers.

The Risk and Reward profile scale above is calculated differently to the Distribution Technology Risk Profiles. The Distribution Technology profiles range from 1 to 10 with 10 being the highest (rather than a scale of 1 to 7 for the Risk and Reward profile).

More information on the Distribution Technology risk profiles is shown in the Prospectus. Alternatively, you can contact us with any queries.

Manager's Investment Report

Investment Objective and Policy

The objective of the Sub-fund is to provide a combination of growth and income within a pre-determined risk profile. The Sub-fund's potential gains and losses are likely to be constrained by the objective to remain within the risk profile.

The Sub-fund is actively managed and will have exposure to bonds (both government and non-government), shares in companies, money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash, permitted deposits and indirectly to alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property. Due to the risk profile, the intention is that the Sub-fund will have exposure of at least 50% of the value of the Sub-fund in shares in companies.

To obtain this exposure, at least 75% of the Sub-fund will invest in collective investment schemes. At least 50% of the Sub-fund will invest in index tracker schemes which are operated by the Manager or an Associate.

The Sub-fund may also invest directly in shares in companies, bonds (both government and non-government), money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash and permitted deposits.

The Sub-fund may only use derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes.

The risk profiles used by the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range reflect the scale of risk that each sub-fund can take in pursuit of achieving its investment objective, with 1 being the lowest risk and 10 being the highest risk. The risk profiles are determined by an external agency. This Sub-fund's objective is to remain within the risk profile 6.

The Sub-fund's risk profile is managed by adjusting the level of exposure to bonds, shares in companies, money market instruments and property within the portfolio based on the scale and frequency of their change in value. For full details of the portfolio breakdown, please refer to the factsheet available on the Manager's website.

Manager's Investment Report

During the period under review, the published price of the Sub-fund's R-Class accumulation units increased by 8.77%.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Market/Economic Review

Over the six months under review, inflationary pressures and tighter monetary policy dominated the thoughts of market participants. Fears of an economic slowdown remain at the forefront of the minds of investors but, even with inflation falling across developed markets, expectations are that interest rates will remain higher for longer and no sharp cutting of rates is anticipated imminently.

In the UK, there was positive news as wage growth slowed yet further in the three months to November, rising at an annual rate of 6.50%, down from 7.20% in the three months to October. Annualised consumer price inflation was at 4.00% in December. The Bank of England has held rates unchanged at the 15-year high of 5.25% since its August 2023 meeting, while expectations for rate cuts have been pushed into the back end of 2024 at the earliest.

In the US, Federal Reserve (Fed) Chair Jerome Powell poured cold water on the prospects of an interest rate cut in March, despite inflation continuing to fall in recent months. The US central bank chief explained that the Fed needs to have confidence that inflation is 'sustainably' lower. US interest rates remain at a 23-year high of between 5.25% and 5.50%.

The European Central Bank (ECB) kept its headline deposit facility rate at an all-time high of 4.00% in January, with President Christine Lagarde reiterating that it is premature to be discussing interest rate cuts.

Global equity markets made decent gains over the six months in US Dollar terms, despite developed market monetary tightening in progress and recessionary fears coming to the fore.

US equities made solid gains over the period in US Dollar terms and outperformed the global average. Communication services and technology led the way with double-digit returns, while strong performances also came from financials and healthcare. UK equities finished the six-month period in marginal negative territory in Sterling terms, some way behind the global average. At the sector level, while technology enjoyed a strong six months, along with decent showings from real estate and industrials, these were largely offset by weakness from other sectors. European equity markets rose over the six months in Euro terms but marginally underperformed the global average over the period.

Asia Pacific ex Japan equity markets lost notable ground over the past six months in US Dollar terms and underperformed global equities. While Chinese equities had rallied at the start of 2023 as Beijing announced an easing of its pandemic restrictions, the rebound could not be sustained. Indeed, over the six months the Chinese market lost significant ground on fears about the state of its property market and the general health of its ailing economy. India, by contrast, delivered a double-digit return.

Manager's Investment Report continued

Benchmark developed market government bond yields painted a mixed picture, with significant fluctuations throughout the period. The yield on the 10-year US Treasury was flat from start to finish but this masks a 100 basis-point rise to mid-October before falling back to almost flat by year end on rate-cutting expectations and growing hopes of an economic 'soft landing'. The yield on the 10-year UK Gilt fell (prices rose) markedly; it started the period touching the heady highs it reached during the brief tenure of the Liz Truss-led Conservative government, before falling sharply, by 90 basis points, into year end. It then rose again marginally in January. The yield on the 10-year German Bund made a less drastic move, but still fell sharply over the period.

Elsewhere, Japanese government bond yields moved higher over the period. Towards the end of the period, the Bank of Japan made the notable move to effectively scrap its yield curve control, having eased the limits over the course of the past 12 months. The policy, in place since 2016, had limited the movement of the 10-year bond yield to 0.50%.

Spreads on UK investment-grade bonds narrowed over the six months. Spreads on US investment-grade bonds narrowed too but were tighter than their UK peers, a move matched by European investment-grade bonds. High yield bond yield spreads, having fluctuated early in the period, also narrowed over the six months as a whole.

Despite the headwinds of tight Fed monetary policy, fears of a US recession and ongoing worries around the economic growth prospects of the world's second largest economy, China, emerging market debt held up remarkably well over the period, making decent gains.

Sub-fund Review

The Sub-fund delivered a positive return over the period, with the main positive contributions to performance coming from North American & Japanese equities. There were no significant negative contributors over the period.

In the third quarter of 2023, we reduced exposure to UK Gilts and added to global government bonds, following strong performance from our UK Gilt trade which we have held in recent months.

In the same period, we also increased exposure to listed infrastructure. Relative valuations for listed infrastructure (compared to equites) have become more interesting recently, driven by weak infrastructure returns. However, we consider listed infrastructure to be a 'defensive' asset class, and given we are currently forecasting a recession, we would expect relative outperformance for the asset class, and are looking for opportunities in this space.

In the fourth quarter of 2023, we increased our exposure to risk assets including equities and commodities. We have softened our negative view on the economic cycle given the continued economic resilience in the US in recent months and the downside surprises to inflation across developed markets. We have also seen some of the concerns around the global banking sector soften since some of the bank failures earlier in 2023.

In the last few months of 2023, we also reduced our exposure to US inflation-linked bonds over December. This followed downside surprises to inflation across developed markets which has brought forward expectations for interest rate cuts among investors. This has led to large falls in bond yields which worsens the valuation case, in our view. We still maintain a positive view on bonds given bond yields are still attractive in our view, despite falling, and the exposure would benefit either from further downside surprises to inflation, or from a recessionary outcome – one of the key scenarios we consider.

Outlook

Stronger-than-expected US economic data, more rapid declines in inflation, and a policy pivot by the Fed has led us to adjust our base case economic forecast for 2024, with the Fed now seemingly more willing to risk stoking inflation to support economic growth through rate cuts. While we still believe the lagged effects of 2023 rate hikes could precipitate a US recession in 2024, this is no longer our base case view. We now expect a period of weak US growth and should a recession occur, a milder one than previously thought. Despite this upward revision, we remain below market consensus which increasingly expects steady US growth in 2024. In our view, a macroeconomic backdrop of tight labour markets and high interest rates limits the upside growth potential for the economy; we remain vigilant for evidence which refutes this stance.

Although the fourth-quarter risk asset rally left equities looking more expensive in absolute terms, lower bonds yields have improved valuations on a relative basis. Given our more benign economic outlook we have moderated our negative medium-term view on equities. We prefer more defensive positioning, with current equity market pricing vulnerable to any negative surprises, in our view. The recent sharp rally in yields has prompted us to temper our positive outlook for government bonds. However, we still view rates as restrictive at current levels and anticipate further declines in government bond yields over the medium term.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) 15 March 2024

Manager's Investment Report continued

Important Note from the Manager Geopolitical Events

In response to events in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, the Manager is closely monitoring financial markets and any potential liquidity and volatility risks which may have an impact on the Sub-fund.

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited February 2024

Portfolio Statement

Portfolio Statement as at 15 February 2024

All investments are in investment grade securities, ordinary shares or collective investment schemes unless otherwise stated. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent holdings at 15 August 2023.

Value Investment £	Assets
EQUITIES — 0.94% (0.92%)	
Continental Europe — 0.36% (0.31%)	
72,169 Holmen 2,195,737	0.14
52,530 Stora Enso 493,325	0.03
286,821 Svenska Cellulosa 'B' 3,024,578	0.19
5,713,640	0.36
North America — 0.47% (0.48%)	
72,621 PotlatchDeltic 2,606,818	0.17
95,644 Rayonier 2,543,210 80,064 Weyerhaeuser 2,131,477	0.16 0.14
7,281,505	0.47
Asia Pacific — 0.11% (0.13%)	
254,098 Oji Holdings 742,054	0.05
43,967 Sumitomo Forestry Company 940,846	0.06
1,682,900	0.11
GOVERNMENT BONDS — 4.74% (2.51%)	
North America — 4.74% (2.51%) USD96,850,600 United States Treasury Inflation Indexed Bonds 1.125% 15/01/2033 74,123,058	4.74
03D76,630,600 Unified States fredsory initiation indexed Borids 1.123% 13/01/2033 74,123,036	4.74
COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES INVESTING IN — 84.70% (89.76%): United Kingdom — 17.84% (17.25%)	
19,241,406 Legal & General All Stocks Gilt Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹ 18,400,556	1.18
121,863,536 Legal & General UK Index Trust 'L' Inc ¹ 200,831,108	12.85
92,608,298 Legal & General UK Mid Cap Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹ 46,359,714	2.97
24,635,080 Legal & General UK Property Fund 'L' Inc ¹ 13,194,549	0.84
278,785,927	17.84
Continental Europe — 9.90% (10.43%)	
23,284,773 Legal & General Euro High Alpha Corporate Bond Fund 'Z' Inc ¹ 19,775,392	1.27
7,877,540 Legal & General Euro Treasury Bond Index Fund 'Z' Acc ¹ 7,572,679	0.48
34,468,897 Legal & General European Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹ 127,328,106	8.15
154,676,177	9.90
North America — 17.48% (18.11%)	
34,087,646 Legal & General US Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹ 273,212,484	17.48
Asia Pacific — 9.97% (10.10%)	
1,207,435 Legal & General India INR Government Bond 'USD' Inc UCITS ETF 8,393,081	0.54
122,229,351 Legal & General Japan Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹ 78,581,250	5.03
54,883,622 Legal & General Pacific Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹ 68,824,062	4.40
155,798,393	9.97
Global — 16.75% (19.54%)	
40,136,955 Legal & General Active Global High Yield Bond Fund "I" Inc ¹ 15,175,783	0.97
1,938,324 Legal & General Artificial Intelligence 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF 29,710,645	1.90
320,874 Legal & General Battery Value-Chain 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF 4,143,682	0.26

Portfolio Statement continued

value	Investment	Value £	Net Assets
	Global — (cont.)		
1,921,180	Legal & General Clean Energy 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	14,810,377	0.95
	Legal & General Clean Water 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	9,867,270	0.63
	Legal & General Commodity Index Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	22,318,102	1.43
16,349,955	Legal & General Global High Yield Bond Fund 'Z' Acc GBP Hedged ¹	23,007,656	1.47
54,121,010	Legal & General Global Inflation Linked Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc	26,216,217	1.68
30,151,661	Legal & General Global Infrastructure Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	20,159,401	1.29
93,551,051	Legal & General Global Real Estate Dividend Index Fund 'L' Inc	53,773,144	3.44
15,726,664	Legal & General Short Dated Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	7,673,040	0.49
50,259,978	Legal & General Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	24,622,363	1.58
7,789,364	LGIM Global Corporate Bond Fund 'B' Acc ¹	10,289,750	0.66
	-	261,767,430	16.75
31 490 912	Emerging Markets — 10.26% (11.96%) Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (Local Currency) Index		
51,470,712	Fund 'L' Inc ¹	13,859,150	0.89
50,769,917	Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (US\$) Index Fund 'L' Inc	20,668,433	1.32
	Legal & General Emerging Markets Short Duration Bond Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	11,421,971	0.73
	Legal & General Global Emerging Markets Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	114,409,158	7.32
		160,358,712	10.26
	Frontier Markets — 2.50% (2.37%)		
45,647,034	Legal & General Frontier Markets Equity Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	39,003,208	2.50
1100/54.5(1.050)	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — -0.07% (-0.16%)		
USD(54,561,352) GBP42,797,917	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(546,194)	(0.03)
USD(44,902,621)	Sold US Dollars		
GBP35,162,083	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(509,030)	(0.03)
USD(28,380,780)		0.4.010	
GBP22,582,000 USD(16,368,467)	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹ Sold US Dollars	36,010	_
NOK168,757,000	for Norwegian Krone (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(256,983)	(0.02)
TRY33,826,195	Sold US Dollars for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	12,100	_
	Sold US Dollars for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	11,898	_
USD(979,672)	Sold US Dollars		
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹ Sold US Dollars	11,952	_
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	11,804	_
, ,	Sold US Dollars for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	11,753	_
	Sold US Dollars for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	11,990	_
GBP(14,000,000)	Sold Sterling for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	128,000	0.01
EUR(2,784,000)	Sold Euro		0.01
USD3,029,323	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	16,903	
	-	(1,059,797)	(0.07)
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — 0.21% (-0.22%)		
, ,	Euro Bond Future Expiry March 2024	(54,806)	_
	Long Gilt Future Expiry March 2024	267,800	0.02
	SFE 10 Year Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024	(26,280)	_
	Ultra US Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024	617,376	0.04
	US 10 Year Treasury Notes Future Expiry March 2024	255,189	0.02
489	E-Mini Russell 2000 Index Future Expiry March 2024	3,209,751	0.20

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
	Investment	£	Assets
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — (cont.)		
(49)	E-Mini S&P 500 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(534,484)	(0.03)
(135)	Euro STOXX 50 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(211,072)	(0.01)
122	Euro STOXX 600 Food & Beverages Index Future Expiry March 2024	51,723	_
81	Euro STOXX 600 Health Care Future Expiry March 2024	193,209	0.01
437	Euro STOXX 600 Telecommunications Index Future Expiry March 2024	(137,653)	(0.01)
222	Euro STOXX 600 Utilities Index Future Expiry March 2024	(325,517)	(0.02)
48	FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry March 2024	28,409	_
(201)	FTSE 250 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(115,575)	(0.01)
141	MSCI Emerging Markets Index Future Expiry March 2024	86,194	0.01
74	SFE SPI 200 Index Future Expiry March 2024	324,067	0.02
(39)	TOPIX Future Expiry March 2024	(476,480)	(0.03)
(104)	EUR/GBP Currency Future Expiry March 2024	114,705	0.01
(148)	EUR/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	71,304	_
39	JPY/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	(112,931)	(0.01)
		3,224,929	0.21
Portfolio of investments ^{2,3}		1,414,568,566	90.52
Net other assets ⁴		148,087,407	9.48
Total net assets		£1,562,655,973	100.00%

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 1}$ Unlisted securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

Total purchases for the period: £181,040,650.

Total sales for the period: £135,238,371.

² Including investment liabilities.

³ All investments are admitted to an official stock exchange unless otherwise stated.

⁴ Includes shares in the LGIM Sterling Liquidity Fund Class 1 to the value of £76,985,089 and LGIM Sterling Liquidity Plus Fund Class 1 to the value of £53,213,161 which are shown as cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the Sub-fund.

Financial Statements

Statement of Total Return							
for the period ended 15 February 2024							

•		-		
		15/02/24		15/02/23
	£	£	£	£
Income				
Net capital gains/ (losses)		83,561,153		(10,997,890)
Revenue	17,451,883		12,716,008	
Expenses	(2,100,867)		(1,812,164)	
Interest payable and similar	10.45.000)		(0, (0, ()	
charges -	(845,223)	_	(9,426)	
Net revenue before taxation	14,505,793		10,894,418	
Taxation	(1,148,328)		(600,955)	
Net revenue after taxation for the period		13,357,465		10,293,463
Total return before distributions	-	96,918,618		(704,427)
Distributions		(13,392,149)		(10,320,961)
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from	-	<u>,</u>	•	<u> </u>
investment activities		£83,526,469		£(11,025,388)
	_		•	

Balance Sheet as at 15 February 2024

	15/02/24 £	15/08/23 £
ASSETS		
Fixed assets:		
Investments	1,417,875,571	1,291,429,862
Current assets:		
Debtors	4,047,337	12,411,348
Cash and bank balances	16,954,244	27,511,173
Cash equivalents	130,198,250	64,154,945
Total assets	1,569,075,402	1,395,507,328
LIABILITIES		
Investment liabilities	(3,307,005)	(7,646,030)
Creditors:		
Bank overdrafts	_	(285,029)
Distributions payable	(885,552)	(1,217,096)
Other creditors	(2,226,872)	(3,111,269)
Total liabilities	(6,419,429)	(12,259,424)
Net assets attributable to Unitholders	£1,562,655,973	£1,383,247,904

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders for the period ended 15 February 2024

	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £
Opening net assets attributable to Unitholders		1,383,247,904		1,274,727,221
Amounts received on issue of units	102,403,419		87,096,206	
Amounts paid on cancellation of units	(19,523,060)	_	(24,841,055)	
		82,880,359		62,255,151
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activitie	·s	83,526,469		(11,025,388)
Retained distributio on accumulation u		13,001,241		10,029,938
Closing net assets attributable to Unitholders	- -	£1,562,655,973	- - -	£1,335,986,922

The difference between the opening net assets and the comparative closing net assets is the movement in the second half of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with the most recent annual Financial Statements.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. In making this assessment, the Manager has considered, amongst other things, factors such as Sub-fund size, cash flows through the Sub-fund and Sub-fund liquidity in its assessment of the Sub-fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the twelve month period from the date the financial statements are signed. Based on this assessment, the Manager deems the basis of preparation appropriate.

Sub-fund Information

Net Asset Values and Units in Issue

Class	Net Asset Value (£)	Units in Issue	Net Asset Value per Unit (p)
R-Class			
Distribution Units	47,852	76,818	62.29
Accumulation Units	10,366,295	14,753,126	70.27
F-Class			
Accumulation Units	312,806	320,786	97.51
I-Class			
Distribution Units	95,753,891	119,651,882	80.03
Accumulation Units	1,161,791,168	1,170,682,455	99.24
C-Class			
Distribution Units	3,030,014	3,789,621	79.96
Accumulation Units	212,503,634	212,828,677	99.85
L-Class			
Distribution Units	600	751	79.89
Accumulation Units	25,535,313	39,826,419	64.12
J-Class			
Distribution Units	519,123	649,234	79.96
Accumulation Units	52,795,277	52,879,727	99.84

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Ongoing Charges Figures

	15 Feb 24	15 Aug 23
R-Class	0.61%	0.61%
F-Class	0.50%	0.50%
I-Class	0.31%	0.31%
C-Class	0.24%	0.24%
L-Class	0.06%	0.06%
J-Class	0.24%	0.24%

The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is the ratio of the Sub-fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) and all costs suffered through holdings in underlying Collective Investment Schemes, to the average net assets of the Sub-fund.

The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Distribution Information

R-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.4781p per unit for distribution units and 0.5352p per unit for accumulation units.

F-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7689p per unit for accumulation units.

I-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7125p per unit for distribution units and 0.8760p per unit for accumulation units.

C-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7341p per unit for distribution units and 0.9083p per unit for accumulation units.

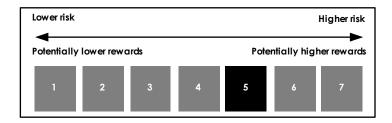
L-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7936p per unit for distribution units and 0.6306p per unit for accumulation units.

J-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7399p per unit for distribution units and 0.9083p per unit for accumulation units.

Risk and Reward Profile



- The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. It is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Sub-fund. The shaded area in the table above shows the Sub-fund's ranking on the Risk and Reward Indicator.
- The Sub-fund is in category five because the mix of different asset types in which the Sub-fund invests has a balancing effect on the rate at which the Sub-fund share price moves up and down. This type of fund is generally considered to be higher risk than one investing only in bonds and lower risk than one investing only in company shares
- Even a fund in the lowest category is not a risk free investment.

The Sub-fund targets risk profile six as calculated by Distribution Technology. They are an independent agency who provide risk profiling tools to advisers and fund managers.

The Risk and Reward profile scale above is calculated differently to the Distribution Technology Risk Profiles. The Distribution Technology profiles range from 1 to 10 with 10 being the highest (rather than a scale of 1 to 7 for the Risk and Reward profile).

More information on the Distribution Technology risk profiles is shown in the Prospectus. Alternatively, you can contact us with any queries.

Manager's Investment Report

Investment Objective and Policy

The objective of the Sub-fund is to provide a combination of income and growth within a pre-determined risk profile. The Sub-fund will invest in assets that generate higher income over assets that grow in value. The Sub-fund's potential gains and losses are likely to be constrained by the objective to remain within the risk profile.

The Sub-fund is actively managed and will have exposure to bonds (both government and non-government), shares in companies, money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash, permitted deposits and indirectly to alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property. Due to the risk profile, the intention is that the Sub-fund will have exposure of at least 50% of the value of the Sub-fund to shares in companies.

To obtain this exposure, at least 75% of the Sub-fund will invest in collective investment schemes. At least 50% of the Sub-fund will invest in Index tracker schemes which are operated by the Manager or an Associate.

The Sub-fund may also invest directly in shares in companies, bonds (both government and non-government), money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash and permitted deposits.

The Sub-fund may only use derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes.

The risk profiles used by the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range reflect the scale of risk that each sub-fund can take in pursuit of achieving its investment objective, with 1 being the lowest risk and 10 being the highest risk. The risk profiles are determined by an external agency. This Sub-fund's objective is to remain within the risk profile 6.

The Sub-fund's risk profile is managed by adjusting the level of exposure to bonds, shares in companies, money market instruments and property within the portfolio based on the scale and frequency of their change in value. For full details of the portfolio breakdown, please refer to the factsheet available on the Manager's website.

Manager's Investment Report

During the period under review, the published price of the Sub-fund's R-Class accumulation units increased by 6.95%.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Market/Economic Review

Over the six months under review, inflationary pressures and tighter monetary policy dominated the thoughts of market participants. Fears of an economic slowdown remain at the forefront of the minds of investors but, even with inflation falling across developed markets, expectations are that interest rates will remain higher for longer and no sharp cutting of rates is anticipated imminently.

In the UK, there was positive news as wage growth slowed yet further in the three months to November, rising at an annual rate of 6.50%, down from 7.20% in the three months to October. Annualised consumer price inflation was at 4.00% in December. The Bank of England has held rates unchanged at the 15-year high of 5.25% since its August 2023 meeting, while expectations for rate cuts have been pushed into the back end of 2024 at the earliest.

In the US, the Federal Reserve (Fed) Chair Jerome Powell poured cold water on the prospects of an interest rate cut in March, despite inflation continuing to fall in recent months. The US Central Bank chief explained that the Fed needs to have confidence that inflation is 'sustainably' lower. US interest rates remain at a 23-year high of between 5.25% and 5.50%.

The European Central Bank (ECB) kept its headline deposit facility rate at an all-time high of 4.00% in January, with President Christine Lagarde reiterating that it is premature to be discussing interest rate cuts.

Global equity markets made decent gains over the six months in US Dollar terms, despite developed market monetary tightening in progress and recessionary fears coming to the fore.

US equities made solid gains over the period in US Dollar terms and outperformed the global average. Communication services and technology led the way with double-digit returns, while strong performances also came from financials and healthcare. UK equities finished the six-month period in marginal negative territory in Sterling terms, some way behind the global average. At the sector level, while technology enjoyed a strong six months, along with decent showings from real estate and industrials, these were largely offset by weakness from other sectors. European equity markets rose over the six months in Euro terms but marginally underperformed the global average over the period.

Asia Pacific ex Japan equity markets lost notable ground over the past six months in US Dollar terms and underperformed global equities. While Chinese equities had rallied at the start of 2023 as Beijing announced an easing of its pandemic restrictions, the rebound could not be sustained. Indeed, over the six months, the Chinese market lost significant ground on fears about the state of its property market and the general health of its ailing economy. India, by contrast, delivered a double-digit return.

Manager's Investment Report continued

Benchmark developed market government bond yields painted a mixed picture, with significant fluctuations throughout the period. The yield on the 10-year US Treasury was flat from start to finish but this masks a 100 basis-point rise to mid-October before falling back to almost flat by year end on rate-cutting expectations and growing hopes of an economic 'soft landing'. The yield on the 10-year UK Gilt fell (prices rose) markedly; it started the period touching the heady highs it reached during the brief tenure of the Liz Truss-led Conservative government, before falling sharply, by 90 basis points, into year end. It then rose again marginally in January. The yield on the 10-year German Bund made a less drastic move, but still fell sharply over the period.

Elsewhere, Japanese government bond yields moved higher over the period. Towards the end of the period, the Bank of Japan made the notable move to effectively scrap its yield curve control, having eased the limits over the course of the past 12 months. The policy, in place since 2016, had limited the movement of the 10-year bond yield to 0.50%.

Spreads on UK investment-grade bonds narrowed over the six months. Spreads on US investment-grade bonds narrowed too but were tighter than their UK peers, a move matched by European investment-grade bonds. High yield bond yield spreads, having fluctuated early in the period, also narrowed over the six months as a whole.

Despite the headwinds of tight Fed monetary policy, fears of a US recession and ongoing worries around the economic growth prospects of the world's second largest economy, China, emerging market debt held up remarkably well over the period, making decent gains.

Sub-fund review

The Sub-fund delivered a positive return over the period, with the main positive contributions to performance coming from North American & UK equities. There were no significant negative contributors over the period.

In the third quarter of 2023, we reduced exposure to UK Gilts and added to global government bonds, following strong performance from our UK Gilt trade which we have held in recent months.

In the same period, we also increased exposure to listed infrastructure. Relative valuations for listed infrastructure (compared to equites) have become more interesting recently, driven by weak infrastructure returns. However, we consider listed infrastructure to be a 'defensive' asset class, and given we are currently forecasting a recession, we would expect relative outperformance for the asset class, and are looking for opportunities in this space.

In the fourth quarter of 2023, we increased our exposure to risk assets including equities. We have softened our negative view on the economic cycle given the continued economic resilience in the US in recent months and the downside surprises to inflation across developed markets. We have also seen some of the concerns around the global banking sector soften since some of the bank failures earlier in 2023.

In the last few months of 2023, we also reduced our exposure to US inflation-linked bonds over December. This followed downside surprises to inflation across developed markets which has brought forward expectations for interest rate cuts among investors. This has led to large falls in bond yields which worsens the valuation case, in our view. We still maintain a positive view on bonds given bond yields are still attractive in our view, despite falling, and the exposure would benefit either from further downside surprises to inflation, or from a recessionary outcome – one of the key scenarios we consider.

Outlook

Stronger-than-expected US economic data, more rapid declines in inflation, and a policy pivot by the Fed has led us to adjust our base case economic forecast for 2024, with the Fed now seemingly more willing to risk stoking inflation to support economic growth through rate cuts. While we still believe the lagged effects of 2023 rate hikes could precipitate a US recession in 2024, this is no longer our base case view. We now expect a period of weak US growth and should a recession occur, a milder one than previously thought. Despite this upward revision, we remain below market consensus which increasingly expects steady US growth in 2024. In our view, a macroeconomic backdrop of tight labour markets and high interest rates limits the upside growth potential for the economy; we remain vigilant for evidence which refutes this stance.

Although the fourth-quarter risk asset rally left equities looking more expensive in absolute terms, lower bonds yields have improved valuations on a relative basis. Given our more benign economic outlook, we have moderated our negative medium-term view on equities. We prefer more defensive positioning, with current equity market pricing vulnerable to any negative surprises, in our view. The recent sharp rally in yields has prompted us to temper our positive outlook for government bonds. However, we still view rates as restrictive at current levels and anticipate further declines in government bond yields over the medium term.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) 15 March 2024

Manager's Investment Report continued

Important Note from the Manager Geopolitical Events

In response to events in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, the Manager is closely monitoring financial markets and any potential liquidity and volatility risks which may have an impact on the Sub-fund.

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited February 2024

Portfolio Statement

Portfolio Statement as at 15 February 2024

All investments are in ordinary shares, investment grade securities or collective investment schemes unless otherwise stated. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent holdings at 15 August 2023.

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£	Assets
	EQUITIES — 2.16% (1.94%) United Kingdom — 0.45% (0.38%)		
98.942	Greencoat UK Wind	127,734	0.20
	HICL Infrastructure	161,706	0.25
		289,440	0.45
	Channel Islands — 0.72% (0.61%)		
	International Public Partnerships	133,852	0.21
	Renewables Infrastructure Group	155,120	0.24
216,5//	Sequoia Economic Infrastructure Income Fund	173,045	0.27
		462,017	0.72
	Continental Europe — 0.43% (0.38%)		
3,539	Holmen	107,674	0.17
2,068	Stora Enso	19,421	0.03
14,244	Svenska Cellulosa 'B'	150,206	0.23
		277,301	0.43
	North America — 0.45% (0.44%)		
3.016	PotlatchDeltic	108,263	0.17
	Rayonier	108.569	0.17
	Weyerhaeuser	75,154	0.11
		291,986	0.45
	·		
11.001	Asia Pacific — 0.11% (0.13%)	00.700	0.05
	Oji Holdings	32,798	0.05
1,010	Sumitomo Forestry Company	38,732 71,530	0.06
		71,000	
	GOVERNMENT BONDS — 2.00% (1.25%)		
	United Kingdom — 0.00% (0.51%)		
	North America — 2.00% (0.74%)		
USD1,687,700	United States Treasury Inflation Indexed Bonds 1.125% 15/01/2033	1,291,654	2.00
	COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES INVESTING IN — 89.22% (90.80%):		
	United Kingdom — 24.67% (24.60%)		
	Legal & General Quality Equity Dividends ESG Exclusions UK 'GBP' Inc UCITS ETF	11,108,311	17.24
	Legal & General UK Equity 'GBP' Acc UCITS ETF	853,556	1.32
	Legal & General UK Index Trust 'L' Inc	3,043,681 894,646	4.72
1,670,361	Legal & General UK Property Fund 'L' Inc ¹	074,040	1.39
		15,900,194	24.67
	Continental Europe — 10.70% (9.76%)		
	Legal & General Euro High Alpha Corporate Bond Fund 'Z' Inc ¹	1,669,595	2.59
35,777	Legal & General Europe ex UK Equity 'EUR' Acc UCITS ETF	488,714	0.76

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	Continental Europe — (cont.)		
502,970	Legal & General Quality Equity Dividends ESG Exclusions Europe ex-UK 'EUR' Inc UCITS ETF	4,737,977	7.35
	_	6,896,286	10.70
	-	0,070,200	10.70
	North America — 9.07% (9.84%)		
59,247	Legal & General US Equity 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	926,386	1.44
613,602	Legal & General US Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	4,918,019	7.63
	_	5,844,405	9.07
	Asia Pacific — 9.18% (9.03%)		
62,600	Legal & General Asia Pacific ex Japan Equity 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	611,790	0.95
	Legal & General India INR Government Bond 'USD' Inc UCITS ETF	290,030	0.45
81,556	Legal & General Japan Equity 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	884,067	1.37
593,249	Legal & General Quality Equity Dividends ESG Exclusions Asia Pacific ex-Japan 'USD' Inc UCITS ETF	4,133,759	6.41
		5,919,646	9.18
	_		
10.070.401	Global — 17.90% (19.33%)	4 1 40 010	
	Legal & General Active Global High Yield Bond Fund "I' Inc."	4,148,018 795,319	6.44 1.23
	Legal & General Active Sterling Corporate Bond Plus Fund 'I' Inc ¹ Legal & General Commodity Index Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	654,563	1.02
	Legal & General Global Infrastructure Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	1,493,948	2.32
	Legal & General Global Real Estate Dividend Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	2,668,974	4.14
	Legal & General Sterling Corporate Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	1,180,618	1.83
	LGIM Global Corporate Bond Fund 'B' Acc ¹	595,828	0.92
	_	11,537,268	17.90
	_		
5 204 078	Emerging Markets — 15.26% (16.21%) Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (Local Currency) Index		
3,204,070	Fund 'L' Inc ¹	2,290,315	3.55
6,258,122	Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (US\$) Index Fund 'L' Inc	2,547,682	3.95
259,526	Legal & General Emerging Markets Short Duration Bond Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	336,372	0.52
	Legal & General Global Emerging Markets Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	158,628	0.25
607,092	Legal & General Quality Equity Dividends ESG Exclusions Emerging Markets 'USD'	4.500.104	
	Inc UCITS ETF	4,502,194	6.99
	-	9,835,191	15.26
	Frontier Markets — 2.44% (2.03%)		
1,838,243	Legal & General Frontier Markets Equity Fund 'Z' Acc¹	1,570,690	2.44
	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — -0.02% (-0.07%)		
, ,	Sold US Dollars		
	for Australian Dollar (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(8,213)	(0.01)
, ,	Sold US Dollars for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(2,353)	_
	Sold US Dollars	(=//	
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	866	_
	Sold US Dollars for Norwegian Krone (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(12,908)	(0.02)
	Sold New Zealand Dollar	(12,700)	(0.02)
, ,	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	5,763	0.01
GBP(261,000)			
USD332,099	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	2,823	_

Portfolio Statement continued

FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — (cont.) EUR(231,000) Sold Euro USD251,355 for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024)¹ 1,403	Net Assets
EUR(231,000) Sold Euro USD251,355 for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹ 1,403	(0.02)
EUR(231,000) Sold Euro USD251,355 for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹ 1,403	(0.02)
	(0.02)
(12.410)	(0.02)
(12,017)	
FUTURES CONTRACTS — 0.33% (-0.31%)	
2 Euro Bond Future Expiry March 2024 1,336	_
3 Long Gilt Future Expiry March 2024 (2,800)	_
11 SFE 10 Year Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024 (2,224)	_
12 Ultra US Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024 32,781	0.05
17 US 10 Year Treasury Notes Future Expiry March 2024 4,957	0.01
4 E-Mini NASDAQ 100 Index Future Expiry March 2024 91,354	0.14
4 E-Mini S&P 500 Index Future Expiry March 2024 57,253	0.09
17 Euro STOXX 50 Index Future Expiry March 2024 38,098	0.06
5 Euro STOXX 600 Food & Beverages Index Future Expiry March 2024 2,120	_
3 Euro STOXX 600 Health Care Future Expiry March 2024 7,156	0.01
18 Euro STOXX 600 Telecommunications Index Future Expiry March 2024 (5,678)	(0.01)
9 Euro STOXX 600 Utilities Index Future Expiry March 2024 (13,197)	(0.02)
(35) FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry March 2024 1,260	_
(2) MSCI Emerging Markets Index Future Expiry March 2024 (2,765)	_
2 AUD/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024 (723)	_
(22) EUR/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024 15,313	0.02
5 JPY/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024 (14,478)	(0.02)
209,763	0.33
Portfolio of investments ^{2,3} 60,384,752	93.69
Net other assets ⁴ 4,067,942	6.31
	0.00%

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 1}$ Unlisted securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

Total purchases for the period: £7,287,979.

Total sales for the period: £4,185,447.

² Including investment liabilities.

³ All investments are admitted to an official stock exchange unless otherwise stated.

⁴ Includes shares in the LGIM Sterling Liquidity Plus Fund Class 1 to the value of £1,938,612 and LGIM Sterling Liquidity Fund Class 1 to the value of £1,625,097 which are shown as cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the Sub-fund.

Financial Statements

Balance Sheet as at 15 February 2024

Statement of To	. I and D and a succession					15/02/24 £	15/08/23 £
for the period e		-	024		ASSETS	-	_
ioi iiio poiiou i				15/02/23	Fixed assets:		
	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £	Investments	60,450,091	54,475,173
	-	-	-	-	Current assets:		
Income					Debtors	229,728	363,971
Net capital gains/					Cash and bank balances	525,052	3,641,662
(losses)		3,164,695		(830,169)	Cash equivalents	3,563,709	2,612,039
Revenue	1,254,314		1,256,568		Total assets	64,768,580	/1 000 045
Expenses	(89,794)		(76,238)		ioidi asseis	04,/00,300	61,092,845
Interest					LIABILITIES		
payable and similar					Investment liabilities	(65,339)	(326,457)
charges	(21,449)		(8,741)		Creditors:		
Net revenue before taxation	1,143,071		1,171,589		Bank overdrafts	(15,539)	(2,537,710)
Taxation	(89,063)		(54,762)		Distributions payable	(119,263)	(261,916)
Net revenue	(07,000)	-	(0 1,7 02)		Other creditors	(115,745)	(121,508)
after taxation for the period		1,054,008		1,116,827	Total liabilities	(315,886)	(3,247,591)
Total return before	_		_		Net assets attributable to Unitholders	£64,452,694	£57,845,254
distributions		4,218,703		286,658			
Distributions	_	(1,121,903)	_	(969,499)			
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from							
investment activities	-	£3,096,800	_	£(682,841)			

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders for the period ended 15 February 2024

	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £
Opening net assets attributable to Unitholders	_	57,845,254		52,809,121
Amounts received on issue of units	7,986,648		5,070,102	
Amounts paid on cancellation of units	(4,868,493)	_	(4,106,831)	
		3,118,155		963,271
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activities		3,096,800		(682,841)
Retained distribution on accumulation u		392,485		374,133
Closing net assets attributable to Unitholders		£64,452,694	_	£53,463,684

The difference between the opening net assets and the comparative closing net assets is the movement in the second half of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with the most recent annual Financial Statements.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. In making this assessment, the Manager has considered, amongst other things, factors such as Sub-fund size, cash flows through the Sub-fund and Sub-fund liquidity in its assessment of the Sub-fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the twelve month period from the date the financial statements are signed. Based on this assessment, the Manager deems the basis of preparation appropriate.

Sub-fund Information

Net Asset Values and Units in Issue

	Net Asset		Net Asset Value per
Class	Value (£)	Units in Issue	Unit (p)
R-Class			
Distribution Units	1,121,023	2,264,973	49.49
Accumulation Units	780	1,220	63.93
I-Class			
Distribution Units	32,157,285	54,745,141	58.74
Accumulation Units	19,056,806	24,066,486	79.18
C-Class			
Distribution Units	8,325,957	14,093,141	59.08
Accumulation Units	3,038,734	3,819,429	79.56
L-Class			
Distribution Units	538	899	59.84
Accumulation Units	1,207	2,000	60.35
J-Class			
Distribution Units	748,526	1,267,215	59.07
Accumulation Units	1,838	2,314	79.43

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Ongoing Charges Figures

	15 Feb 24	15 Aug 23
R-Class	0.70%	0.70%
I-Class	0.31%	0.31%
C-Class	0.24%	0.24%
L-Class	0.06%	0.06%
J-Class	0.24%	0.24%

The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is the ratio of the Sub-fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) and all costs suffered through holdings in underlying Collective Investment Schemes, to the average net assets of the Sub-fund.

The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Distribution Information

R-Class

The distribution paid on 14 March 2024 was 0.1435p per unit for distribution units and 0.1798p per unit for accumulation units.

I-Class

The distribution paid on 14 March 2024 was 0.1654p per unit for distribution units and 0.2216p per unit for accumulation units.

C-Class

The distribution paid on 14 March 2024 was 0.1655p per unit for distribution units and 0.2215p per unit for accumulation units.

L-Class

The distribution paid on 14 March 2024 was 0.1674p per unit for distribution units and 0.1679p per unit for accumulation units.

I_Class

The distribution paid on 14 March 2024 was 0.1655p per unit for distribution units and 0.2193p per unit for accumulation units.

Risk and Reward Profile



- The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. It is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Sub-fund. The shaded area in the table above shows the Sub-fund's ranking on the Risk and Reward Indicator.
- The Sub-fund is in category five because the mix of different asset types in which the Sub-fund invests has a balancing effect on the rate at which the Sub-fund share price moves up and down. This type of fund is generally considered to be higher risk than one investing only in bonds and lower risk than one investing only in company shares.
- Even a fund in the lowest category is not a risk free investment.

The Sub-fund targets risk profile six as calculated by Distribution Technology. They are an independent agency who provide risk profiling tools to advisers and fund managers.

The Risk and Reward profile scale above is calculated differently to the Distribution Technology Risk Profiles. The Distribution Technology profiles range from 1 to 10 with 10 being the highest (rather than a scale of 1 to 7 for the Risk and Reward profile).

More information on the Distribution Technology risk profiles is shown in the Prospectus. Alternatively, you can contact us with any queries.

Manager's Investment Report

Investment Objective and Policy

The objective of the Sub-fund is to provide a combination of growth and income within a pre-determined risk profile. The Sub-fund's potential gains and losses are likely to be constrained by the objective to remain within the risk profile.

The Sub-fund is actively managed and will have exposure to bonds (both government and non-government), shares in companies, money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash, permitted deposits and indirectly to alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property. Due to the risk profile, the intention is that the Sub-fund will have exposure of at least 60% of the value of the Sub-fund to shares in companies.

To obtain this exposure, at least 75% of the Sub-fund will invest in collective investment schemes. At least 50% of the Sub-fund will invest in index tracker schemes which are operated by the Manager or an Associate.

The Sub-fund may also invest directly in shares in companies, bonds (both government and non-government), money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash and permitted deposits.

The Sub-fund may only use derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes.

The risk profiles used by the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range reflect the scale of risk that each sub-fund can take in pursuit of achieving its investment objective, with 1 being the lowest risk and 10 being the highest risk. The risk profiles are determined by an external agency. This Sub-fund's objective is to remain within the risk profile 7.

The Sub-fund's risk profile is managed by adjusting the level of exposure to bonds, shares in companies, money market instruments and property within the portfolio based on the scale and frequency of their change in value. For full details of the portfolio breakdown, please refer to the factsheet available on the Manager's website.

Manager's Investment Report

During the period under review, the published price of the Sub-fund's R-Class accumulation units increased by 7.91%.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Market/Economic Review

Over the six months under review, inflationary pressures and tighter monetary policy dominated the thoughts of market participants. Fears of an economic slowdown remain at the forefront of the minds of investors but, even with inflation falling across developed markets, expectations are that interest rates will remain higher for longer and no sharp cutting of rates is anticipated imminently.

In the UK, there was positive news as wage growth slowed yet further in the three months to November, rising at an annual rate of 6.50%, down from 7.20% in the three months to October. Annualised consumer price inflation was at 4.00% in December. The Bank of England has held rates unchanged at the 15-year high of 5.25% since its August 2023 meeting, while expectations for rate cuts have been pushed into the back end of 2024 at the earliest.

In the US, Federal Reserve (Fed) Chair Jerome Powell poured cold water on the prospects of an interest rate cut in March, despite inflation continuing to fall in recent months. The US central bank chief explained that the Fed needs to have confidence that inflation is 'sustainably' lower. US interest rates remain at a 23-year high of between 5.25% and 5.50%.

The European Central Bank (ECB) kept its headline deposit facility rate at an all-time high of 4.00% in January, with President Christine Lagarde reiterating that it is premature to be discussing interest rate cuts.

Global equity markets made decent gains over the six months in US Dollar terms, despite developed market monetary tightening in progress and recessionary fears coming to the fore.

US equities made solid gains over the period in US Dollar terms and outperformed the global average. Communication services and technology led the way with double-digit returns, while strong performances also came from financials and healthcare. UK equities finished the six-month period in marginal negative territory in Sterling terms, some way behind the global average. At the sector level, while technology enjoyed a strong six months, along with decent showings from real estate and industrials, these were largely offset by weakness from other sectors. European equity markets rose over the six months in Euro terms but marginally underperformed the global average over the period.

Asia Pacific ex Japan equity markets lost notable ground over the past six months in US Dollar terms and underperformed global equities. While Chinese equities had rallied at the start of 2023 as Beijing announced an easing of its pandemic restrictions, the rebound could not be sustained. Indeed, over the six months the Chinese market lost significant ground on fears about the state of its property market and the general health of its ailing economy. India, by contrast, delivered a double-digit return.

Manager's Investment Report continued

Benchmark developed market government bond yields painted a mixed picture, with significant fluctuations throughout the period. The yield on the 10-year US Treasury was flat from start to finish but this masks a 100 basis-point rise to mid-October before falling back to almost flat by year end on rate-cutting expectations and growing hopes of an economic 'soft landing'. The yield on the 10-year UK Gilt fell (prices rose) markedly; it started the period touching the heady highs it reached during the brief tenure of the Liz Truss-led Conservative government, before falling sharply, by 90 basis points, into year end. It then rose again marginally in January. The yield on the 10-year German Bund made a less drastic move, but still fell sharply over the period.

Elsewhere, Japanese government bond yields moved higher over the period. Towards the end of the period, the Bank of Japan made the notable move to effectively scrap its yield curve control, having eased the limits over the course of the past 12 months. The policy, in place since 2016, had limited the movement of the 10-year bond yield to 0.50%.

Spreads on UK investment-grade bonds narrowed over the six months. Spreads on US investment-grade bonds narrowed too but were tighter than their UK peers, a move matched by European investment-grade bonds. High yield bond yield spreads, having fluctuated early in the period, also narrowed over the six months as a whole.

Despite the headwinds of tight Fed monetary policy, fears of a US recession and ongoing worries around the economic growth prospects of the world's second largest economy, China, emerging market debt held up remarkably well over the period, making decent gains.

Sub-fund Review

The Sub-fund delivered a positive return over the period, with the main positive contributions to performance coming from North American & Japanese equities. There were no significant negative contributors over the period.

In the third quarter of 2023, we increased exposure to frontier market equities, which have underperformed emerging market peers despite improved earnings over recent quarters. This has pushed frontier market equity valuation to levels which we believe are comparatively low.

In the same period, we also increased exposure to listed infrastructure. Relative valuations for listed infrastructure (compared to equites) have become more interesting recently, driven by weak infrastructure returns. However, we consider listed infrastructure to be a 'defensive' asset class, and given we are currently forecasting a recession, we would expect relative outperformance for the asset class, and are looking for opportunities in this space.

In the fourth quarter of 2023, we increased our exposure to risk assets including equities and commodities. We have softened our negative view on the economic cycle given the continued economic resilience in the US in recent months and the downside surprises to inflation across developed markets. We have also seen some of the concerns around the global banking sector soften since some of the bank failures earlier in 2023.

In the last few months of 2023, we also reduced our exposure to US inflation-linked bonds over December. This followed downside surprises to inflation across developed markets which has brought forward expectations for interest rate cuts among investors. This has led to large falls in bond yields which worsens the valuation case, in our view. We still maintain a positive view on bonds given bond yields are still attractive in our view, despite falling, and the exposure would benefit either from further downside surprises to inflation, or from a recessionary outcome – one of the key scenarios we consider.

Outlook

Stronger-than-expected US economic data, more rapid declines in inflation, and a policy pivot by the Fed has led us to adjust our base case economic forecast for 2024, with the Fed now seemingly more willing to risk stoking inflation to support economic growth through rate cuts. While we still believe the lagged effects of 2023 rate hikes could precipitate a US recession in 2024, this is no longer our base case view. We now expect a period of weak US growth and should a recession occur, a milder one than previously thought. Despite this upward revision, we remain below market consensus which increasingly expects steady US growth in 2024. In our view, a macroeconomic backdrop of tight labour markets and high interest rates limits the upside growth potential for the economy; we remain vigilant for evidence which refutes this stance.

Although the fourth-quarter risk asset rally left equities looking more expensive in absolute terms, lower bonds yields have improved valuations on a relative basis. Given our more benign economic outlook we have moderated our negative medium-term view on equities. We prefer more defensive positioning, with current equity market pricing vulnerable to any negative surprises, in our view. The recent sharp rally in yields has prompted us to temper our positive outlook for government bonds. However, we still view rates as restrictive at current levels and anticipate further declines in government bond yields over the medium term.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) 15 March 2024

Manager's Investment Report continued

Important Note from the Manager Geopolitical Events

In response to events in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, the Manager is closely monitoring financial markets and any potential liquidity and volatility risks which may have an impact on the Sub-fund.

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited February 2024

Portfolio Statement

Portfolio Statement as at 15 February 2024

All investments are in investment grade securities, ordinary shares or collective investment schemes unless otherwise stated. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent holdings at 15 August 2023.

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	EQUITIES — 0.98% (0.92%)	_	
	Continental Europe — 0.37% (0.31%)		
	Holmen	1,450,204	0.14
	Stora Enso	333,579	0.03
190,384	Svenska Cellulosa 'B'	2,007,633	0.20
		3,791,416	0.37
	North America — 0.50% (0.48%)		
	PotlatchDeltic	1,977,702	0.19
	Rayonier Weyerhaeuser	1,636,212 1,531,386	0.16 0.15
37,323	weyenideusei	5,145,300	0.13
101.1.7	Asia Pacific — 0.11% (0.13%)	550.074	0.05
	Oji Holdings Sumitomo Forestry Company	558,274 638,115	0.05
27,020	sumilianto ratestry Company		
		1,196,389	0.11
	GOVERNMENT BONDS — 1.49% (0.75%)		
UCD00 100 400	North America — 1.49% (0.75%)	15 205 050	1.40
03D20,102,400	United States Treasury Inflation Indexed Bonds 1.125% 15/01/2033	15,385,050	1.49
	COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES INVESTING IN — 92.31% (92.42%):		
5 285 642	United Kingdom — 19.06% (18.68%) Legal & General (N) Tracker Trust 'l' Acc¹	14,916,081	1.45
	Legal & General All Stocks Index Linked Gilt Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	286,577	0.03
	Legal & General UK Equity 'GBP' Acc UCITS ETF	6,327,325	0.61
76,938,807	Legal & General UK Index Trust 'L' Inc ¹	126,795,154	12.29
	Legal & General UK Mid Cap Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	42,734,713	4.14
10,314,434	Legal & General UK Property Fund 'L' Inc ¹	5,524,411	0.54
		196,584,261	19.06
	Continental Europe — 9.31% (8.67%)		
	Legal & General Euro High Alpha Corporate Bond Fund 'Z' Inc ¹	5,904,241	0.57
24,403,130	Legal & General European Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	90,145,164	8.74
		96,049,405	9.31
	North America — 22.75% (21.67%)		
29,272,387	Legal & General US Index Trust "I" Inc ¹	234,618,181	22.75
	Asia Pacific — 13.95% (14.29%)		
858,295	Legal & General India INR Government Bond 'USD' Inc UCITS ETF	5,966,151	0.58
125,003,771	Legal & General Japan Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	80,364,924	7.79
45,931,352	Legal & General Pacific Index Trust 'I' Inc ¹	57,597,916	5.58
		143,928,991	13.95
	Global 12.079 (12.449)		
2,584.845	Global — 12.07% (12.66%) Legal & General Artificial Intelligence 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	39,620,524	3.84
	Legal & General Battery Value-Chain 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	2,804,153	0.27

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	Global — (cont.)		
	Legal & General Clean Energy 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	11,062,384	1.07
	Legal & General Clean Water 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	7,665,529	0.74
	Legal & General Commodity Index Fund 'Z' Acc	14,657,277	1.42
	Legal & General Global High Yield Bond Fund 'Z' Acc GBP Hedged	5,049,728	0.49
	Legal & General Global Infrastructure Index Fund 'L' Inc 1	10,016,226	0.97
	Legal & General Global Real Estate Dividend Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹ LGIM Global Corporate Bond Fund 'B' Acc ¹	33,566,406 50,510	3.26 0.01
25,225		124,492,737	12.07
	Engaging Markala 19 1007 (12 7507)		
22,225,868	Emerging Markets — 12.19% (13.75%) Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (Local Currency) Index		
	Fund 'L' Inc ¹	9,781,604	0.95
	Legal & General Emerging Markets Government Bond (US\$) Index Fund 'L' Inc	5,068,222	0.49
	Legal & General Emerging Markets Short Duration Bond Fund 'Z' Acc	4,604,318	0.45
181,982,22/	Legal & General Global Emerging Markets Index Fund 'L' Inc ¹	106,241,224	10.30
		125,695,368	12.19
	Frontier Markets — 2.98% (2.70%)		
35,960,222	Legal & General Frontier Markets Equity Fund 'Z' Acc ¹	30,726,290	2.98
	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — -0.05% (-0.13%)		
USD(1,400,589)	Sold US Dollars		
	for Euro (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(20,833)	_
USD(26,622,104)		(244 504)	(0.03)
USD(11,523,486)	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹ Sold US Pollars	(266,504)	(0.03)
,	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	14,621	_
, ,	Sold US Dollars		
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(13,787)	_
USD(21,909,323)		(249.271)	(0.00)
USD(11,443,710)	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹ Sold US Dollars	(248,371)	(0.02)
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(91,003)	(0.01)
USD(13,962,039)			
	for Norwegian Krone (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	(219,203)	(0.02)
USD(1,030,564) TRY34 254 336	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	12,549	_
	Sold US Dollars	12,047	
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	12,604	_
,	Sold US Dollars for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	12,704	_
	Sold US Dollars	12,704	
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	12,802	_
, ,	Sold US Dollars		
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹ Sold US Dollars	12,762	_
	for Turkish Lira (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	12,919	_
GBP(4,679,000)	· ·		
USD5,952,161 EUR(12,203,000)	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹ Sold Furo	49,459	0.01
USD13,417,284	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	184,490	0.02
GBP(4,900,000) USD6,224,490	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ¹	44,800	
		(489,991)	(0.05)
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — 0.27% (-0.01%)		
155	Ultra US Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024	355,004	0.03
	US 10 Year Treasury Notes Future Expiry March 2024	(47,309)	_

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
	Investment	£	Assets
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — (conf.)		
434	E-Mini Russell 2000 Index Future Expiry March 2024	2,674,779	0.26
(6)	E-Mini S&P 500 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(15,218)	_
100	Euro STOXX 600 Food & Beverages Index Future Expiry March 2024	42,396	_
66	Euro STOXX 600 Health Care Future Expiry March 2024	157,429	0.02
359	Euro STOXX 600 Telecommunications Index Future Expiry March 2024	(113,201)	(0.01)
183	Euro STOXX 600 Utilities Index Future Expiry March 2024	(268,332)	(0.03)
123	FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry March 2024	11,185	_
(136)	FTSE 250 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(78,200)	(0.01)
110	MSCI Emerging Markets Index Future Expiry March 2024	80,368	0.01
29	SFE SPI 200 Index Future Expiry March 2024	126,999	0.01
(101)	TOPIX Future Expiry March 2024	(1,233,961)	(0.12)
(396)	JPY/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	1,081,076	0.11
		2,773,015	0.27
Portfolio of investments ^{2,3}		979,896,412	95.00
Net other assets ⁴		51,561,355	5.00
Total net assets		£1,031,457,767	100.00%

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Unlisted securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

Total purchases for the period: £107,002,513.

Total sales for the period: £76,981,426.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Including investment liabilities.

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 3}\,$ All investments are admitted to an official stock exchange unless otherwise stated.

⁴ Includes shares in the LGIM Sterling Liquidity Fund Class 1 to the value of £27,494,239 and LGIM Sterling Liquidity Plus Fund Class 1 to the value of £12,622,709 which are shown as cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the Sub-fund.

Financial Statements

Balance Sheet as at 15 February 2024

						15/02/24	15/08/23
Statement of To for the period 6		· -	2024		ASSETS	£	£
•		-		15/02/23	Fixed assets:		
	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £	Investments	982,512,334	886,640,998
	•	-	-	-	Current assets:		
Income					Debtors	3,156,215	10,764,506
Net capital gains		68,689,637		310,315	Cash and bank balances	13,932,398	16,851,198
Revenue	10,572,626		7,799,224		Cash equivalents	40,116,948	35,662,641
Expenses	(1,415,787)		(1,235,558)		Total assets	1,039,717,895	949,919,343
Interest payable and similar					LIABILITIES		
charges	(841,949)		(168,907)		Investment liabilities	(2,615,922)	(3,993,151)
Net revenue		_			Creditors:		
before taxation	8,314,890		6,394,759		Bank overdrafts	(2,234,956)	(170,007)
Taxation	(224,148)	_	(31,777)		Distributions payable	(233,309)	(341,085)
Net revenue after taxation for					Other creditors	(3,175,941)	(5,937,407)
the period	_	8,090,742	_	6,362,982	Total liabilities	(8,260,128)	(10,441,650)
Total return before		7, 700 070			Net assets attributable		
distributions		76,780,379		6,673,297	to Unitholders	£1,031,457,767	£939,477,693
Distributions	_	(8,120,324)	_	(6,382,428)			
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activities	_	£68,660,055	_	£290,869			

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders for the period ended 15 February 2024

	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £
Opening net assets attributable to Unitholders		939,477,693		840,169,654
Amounts received on issue of units	46,586,072		76,914,538	
Amounts paid on cancellation of units	(31,205,455)	_	(13,328,148)	
		15,380,617		63,586,390
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activitie	·s	68,660,055		290,869
Retained distributio on accumulation u		7,939,402		6,504,557
Closing net assets attributable to Unitholders	-	E1,031,457,767	_	£910,551,470

The difference between the opening net assets and the comparative closing net assets is the movement in the second half of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with the most recent annual Financial Statements.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. In making this assessment, the Manager has considered, amongst other things, factors such as Sub-fund size, cash flows through the Sub-fund and Sub-fund liquidity in its assessment of the Sub-fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the twelve month period from the date the financial statements are signed. Based on this assessment, the Manager deems the basis of preparation appropriate.

Sub-fund Information

Net Asset Values and Units in Issue

	Net Asset		Net Asset Value per
Class	Value (£)	Units in Issue	Unit (p)
R-Class Distribution Units	1,409	2,123	66.37
Accumulation Units	187,227	248,295	75.41
F-Class			
Accumulation Units	31,315	29,653	105.60
I-Class			
Distribution Units	28,787,058	33,398,005	86.19
Accumulation Units	836,677,877	779,666,334	107.31
C-Class			
Distribution Units	543,339	630,423	86.19
Accumulation Units	125,905,714	116,616,294	107.97
L-Class			
Distribution Units	872	1,014	86.00
Accumulation Units	4,223,135	6,216,498	67.93
J-Class			
Distribution Units	46,178	53,610	86.14
Accumulation Units	35,053,643	32,467,173	107.97

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Ongoing Charges Figures

	15 Feb 24	15 Aug 23
R-Class	0.61%	0.61%
F-Class	0.50%	0.50%
I-Class	0.31%	0.31%
C-Class	0.24%	0.24%
L-Class	0.06%	0.06%
J-Class	0.24%	0.24%

The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is the ratio of the Sub-fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) and all costs suffered through holdings in underlying Collective Investment Schemes, to the average net assets of the Sub-fund.

The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Distribution Information

R-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.4455p per unit for distribution units and 0.5026p per unit for accumulation units.

F-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7327p per unit for accumulation units.

I-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.6840p per unit for distribution units and 0.8451p per unit for accumulation units.

C-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7074p per unit for distribution units and 0.8793p per unit for accumulation units.

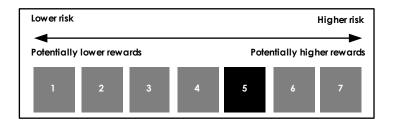
L-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7712p per unit for distribution units and 0.6035p per unit for accumulation units.

J-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7068p per unit for distribution units and 0.8794p per unit for accumulation units.

Risk and Reward Profile



- The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. It is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Sub-fund. The shaded area in the table above shows the Sub-fund's ranking on the Risk and Reward Indicator.
- The Sub-fund is in category five because the mix of different asset types in which the Sub-fund invests has a balancing effect on the rate at which the Sub-fund share price moves up and down. This type of fund is generally considered to be higher risk than one investing only in bonds and lower risk than one investing only in company shares.
- Even a fund in the lowest category is not a risk free investment.

The Sub-fund targets risk profile seven as calculated by Distribution Technology. They are an independent agency who provide risk profiling tools to advisers and fund managers.

The Risk and Reward profile scale above is calculated differently to the Distribution Technology Risk Profiles. The Distribution Technology profiles range from 1 to 10 with 10 being the highest (rather than a scale of 1 to 7 for the Risk and Reward profile).

More information on the Distribution Technology risk profiles is shown in the Prospectus. Alternatively, you can contact us with any queries.

Manager's Investment Report

Investment Objective and Policy

The objective of the Sub-fund is to provide a combination of growth and income within a pre-determined risk profile. The Sub-fund's potential gains and losses are likely to be constrained by the objective to remain within the risk profile.

The risk profiles used by the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range reflect the scale of risk that each fund can take in pursuit of achieving its investment objective, with 1 being the lowest risk and 10 being the highest risk. The risk profiles are based on pre-determined volatility bands determined by an external agency, please refer to the "Additional Information" section below for more detail. This Sub-fund's objective is to remain within the risk profile 3.

The Sub-fund's risk profile is managed by adjusting the level of exposure to bonds, shares in companies, money market instruments and alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property within the portfolio based on the scale and frequency of their change in value. The Investment Manager uses a flexible asset allocation approach meaning that the Sub-fund's exposure to each asset class will vary over time. For full details of the portfolio breakdown, please refer to the factsheet available on the Manager's website.

The Sub-fund is actively managed and will invest at least 75% in collective investment schemes. At least 50% of the Sub-fund will invest in Index tracker funds which are operated by the Manager or an Associate.

The Sub-fund may have exposure (directly and/or indirectly) to bonds (both government and non-government), shares in companies, money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash, permitted deposits and indirectly to alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property. Due to the risk profile, the expectation is that the Sub-fund will typically have higher exposure to bonds, money market instruments and cash than to shares in companies relative to other funds with a higher risk profile in the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range. However, whilst the Sub-fund will focus on investing in such lower risk assets, it may still have exposure to shares in companies (typically between 10% and 40%, however it is not guaranteed and the exposure can be lower or higher than the stated range).

The Sub-fund may make limited use of derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes.

The Sub-fund belongs to the Future World product range which represents the Manager's conviction and framework for responsible investing. The Sub-fund aims to reduce exposure to issuers associated with poor environmental, social and governance (ESG) practices and to provide greater exposure to those that are better positioned from an ESG perspective. ESG practices being considered may include but are not limited to carbon footprint consideration, workforce diversity and numbers of independent directors on the board. The Sub-fund aims to achieve this by investing at least 75% in other collective investment schemes or direct holdings which, in the Investment Manager's view, can be considered ESG assets. These include:

I. collective investment schemes that also belong to the Future World product range and are aligned with LGIM's Future World principles such as:

i. the application of LGIM's Climate Impact Pledge, which maps out a large number of companies worldwide, in climate-critical sectors against key indicators; and

ii. minimum exclusions criteria in accordance with LGIM's Future World Protection List, which captures companies failing to meet globally accepted business practices on sustainability, or our minimum requirements on the carbon transition (for further information on LGIM's Climate Impact Pledge and LGIM's Future World Protection List, please refer to the Definitions in Section 1 of the prospectus);

II. collective investment schemes outside of the Future World product range which enhance their ESG profile by increasing investment in companies or government issuers that demonstrate strong ESG characteristics, and/or reducing, though not necessarily removing, investment in those with lower ESG characteristics, using proprietary and external ESG research. This may include but not limited to funds tracking a benchmark index that is designed to increase exposure to companies that demonstrate good ESG efforts by tilting towards companies awarded higher ESG scores and away from those awarded lower scores;

III. collective investment schemes and direct holdings that in the Investment Manager's opinion can deliver clear sustainable characteristics, such as green bonds or instruments providing exposure to renewable energy infrastructure (for a complete list of the types of assets which currently fall in this category please refer to the Sub-fund's factsheet available on the Manager's website); and

IV. collective investment schemes other than those described above and direct holdings screened against the Manager's minimum exclusion criteria which comprises a minimum ESG score (determined using proprietary and external ESG research) and, where applicable, contravention of international norms (e.g. UN Global Compact violation). For a complete list of the types of assets which currently fall in this category please refer to the Sub-fund's factsheet available on the Manager's website.

Manager's Investment Report continued

The Investment Manager may actively engage with companies on specific ESG issues and to drive improvement in a company's ESG profile. The Investment Manager may formulate an engagement strategy with regards to an ESG issue and will track and review the progress of the company during the process. This active engagement may be conducted by the Investment Manager and/or in collaboration with industry peers and broader stakeholders. In the case of climate engagement, if, following a reasonable timeframe, engagement does not result in an improvement in the issues identified, then the Investment Manager may disinvest from that company.

The Sub-fund's ability to incorporate ESG criteria may be limited when the Investment Manager may need to increase the Sub-fund's cash exposure in volatile market conditions given the Sub-fund's primary objective to remain within its risk profile.

Manager's Investment Report

During the period under review, the published price of the Sub-fund's R-Class accumulation units increased by 0.62%.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Market/Economic Review

Over the six months under review, inflationary pressures and tighter monetary policy dominated the thoughts of market participants. Fears of an economic slowdown remain at the forefront of the minds of investors but, even with inflation falling across developed markets, expectations are that interest rates will remain higher for longer and no sharp cutting of rates is anticipated imminently.

In the UK, there was positive news as wage growth slowed yet further in the three months to November, rising at an annual rate of 6.50%, down from 7.20% in the three months to October. Annualised consumer price inflation was at 4.00% in December. The Bank of England has held rates unchanged at the 15-year high of 5.25% since its August 2023 meeting, while expectations for rate cuts have been pushed into the back end of 2024 at the earliest.

In the US, Federal Reserve (Fed) Chair Jerome Powell poured cold water on the prospects of an interest rate cut in March, despite inflation continuing to fall in recent months. The US Central Bank chief explained that the Fed needs to have confidence that inflation is 'sustainably' lower. US interest rates remain at a 23-year high of between 5.25% and 5.50%.

The European Central Bank (ECB) kept its headline deposit facility rate at an all-time high of 4.00% in January, with President Christine Lagarde reiterating that it is premature to be discussing interest rate cuts.

Global equity markets made decent gains over the six months in US Dollar terms, despite developed market monetary tightening in progress and recessionary fears coming to the fore.

US equities made solid gains over the period in US Dollar terms and outperformed the global average. Communication services and technology led the way with double-digit returns, while strong performances also came from financials and healthcare. UK equities finished the six-month period in marginal negative territory in Sterling terms, some way behind the global average. At the sector level, while technology enjoyed a strong six months, along with decent showings from real estate and industrials, these were largely offset by weakness from other sectors. European equity markets rose over the six months in Euro terms but marginally underperformed the global average over the period.

Asia Pacific ex Japan equity markets lost notable ground over the past six months in US Dollar terms and underperformed global equities. While Chinese equities had rallied at the start of 2023 as Beijing announced an easing of its pandemic restrictions, the rebound could not be sustained. Indeed, over the six months, the Chinese market lost significant ground on fears about the state of its property market and the general health of its ailing economy. India, by contrast, delivered a double-digit return.

Benchmark developed market government bond yields painted a mixed picture, with significant fluctuations throughout the period. The yield on the 10-year US Treasury was flat from start to finish but this masks a 100 basis-point rise to mid-October before falling back to almost flat by year end on rate-cutting expectations and growing hopes of an economic 'soft landing'. The yield on the 10-year UK Gilt fell (prices rose) markedly; it started the period touching the heady highs it reached during the brief tenure of the Liz Truss-led Conservative government, before falling sharply, by 90 basis points, into year end. It then rose again marginally in January. The yield on the 10-year German Bund made a less drastic move, but still fell sharply over the period.

Elsewhere, Japanese government bond yields moved higher over the period. Towards the end of the period, the Bank of Japan made the notable move to effectively scrap its yield curve control, having eased the limits over the course of the past 12 months. The policy, in place since 2016, had limited the movement of the 10-year bond yield to 0.50%.

Spreads on UK investment-grade bonds narrowed over the six months. Spreads on US investment-grade bonds narrowed too but were tighter than their UK peers, a move matched by European investment-grade bonds. High yield bond yield spreads, having fluctuated early in the period, also narrowed over the six months as a whole.

Despite the headwinds of tight Fed monetary policy, fears of a US recession and ongoing worries around the economic growth prospects of the world's second largest economy, China, emerging market debt held up remarkably well over the period, making decent gains.

Manager's Investment Report continued

Sub-fund Review

The Fund delivered a positive return over the period, with the main positive contributions to performance coming from Index ESG US equities & our exposure to UK government bonds, which includes green bonds and supranational bonds. There were no significant negative contributors over the period.

In the third quarter of 2023, we reduced exposure to UK Gilts and added to global government bonds, following strong performance from our UK Gilt trade which we have held in recent months.

In the same period, we also increased our exposure to listed infrastructure, which includes sustainable infrastructure stocks and trusts. Relative valuations for listed infrastructure (compared to equites) have become more interesting recently, driven by weak infrastructure returns. However, we consider listed infrastructure to be a 'defensive' asset class, and given we are currently forecasting a recession, we would expect relative outperformance for the asset class, and are looking for opportunities in this space.

In the fourth quarter of 2023, we increased our exposure to ESG Index equities. We have softened our negative view on the economic cycle given the continued economic resilience in the US in recent months and the downside surprises to inflation across developed markets. We have also seen some of the concerns around the global banking sector soften since some of the bank failures earlier in 2023.

In the last few months of 2023, we also reduced our exposure to US inflation-linked bonds over December. This followed downside surprises to inflation across developed markets which has brought forward expectations for interest rate cuts among investors. This has led to large falls in bond yields which worsens the valuation case, in our view. We still maintain a positive view on bonds given bond yields are still attractive in our view, despite falling, and the exposure would benefit either from further downside surprises to inflation, or from a recessionary outcome – one of the key scenarios we consider.

Outlook

Stronger-than-expected US economic data, more rapid declines in inflation, and a policy pivot by the Fed has led us to adjust our base case economic forecast for 2024, with the Fed now seemingly more willing to risk stoking inflation to support economic growth through rate cuts. While we still believe the lagged effects of 2023 rate hikes could precipitate a US recession in 2024, this is no longer our base case view. We now expect a period of weak US growth and should a recession occur, a milder one than previously thought. Despite this upward revision, we remain below market consensus which increasingly expects steady US growth in 2024. In our view, a macroeconomic backdrop of tight labour markets and high interest rates limits the upside growth potential for the economy; we remain vigilant for evidence which refutes this stance.

Although the fourth-quarter risk asset rally left equities looking more expensive in absolute terms, lower bonds yields have improved valuations on a relative basis. Given our more benign economic outlook, we have moderated our negative medium-term view on equities. We prefer more defensive positioning, with current equity market pricing vulnerable to any negative surprises, in our view. The recent sharp rally in yields has prompted us to temper our positive outlook for government bonds. However, we still view rates as restrictive at current levels and anticipate further declines in government bond yields over the medium term.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) 15 March 2024

Important Note from the Manager Geopolitical Events

In response to events in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, the Manager is closely monitoring financial markets and any potential liquidity and volatility risks which may have an impact on the Sub-fund.

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited February 2024

Portfolio Statement

Portfolio Statement as at 15 February 2024

All investments are in ordinary shares, investment grade securities or collective investment schemes unless otherwise stated. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent holdings at 15 August 2023.

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£	Assets
	EQUITIES — 3.68% (3.91%) United Kingdom — 1.41% (1.51%)		
	Assura	16,677	0.11
	Gore Street Energy Storage Fund	9,539	0.06
	Grainger	24,988	0.17
	Greencoat UK Wind	26,094	0.17
	HICL Infrastructure	26,630	0.18
	Home REIT ¹	-	
	Impact Healthcare REIT	12,262	0.08
- ,	Life Science REIT	7,650	0.05
	National Grid	9,947	0.07
	Primary Health Properties	16,187	0.11
	Target Healthcare REIT	13,101	0.09
	Triple Point Social Housing REIT	15,782	0.10
3,260	UNITE Group	<u>32,698</u> 211,555	1.41
10.002	Channel Islands — 0.44% (0.49%)	10 202	0.00
	GCP Infrastructure Investments	13,383	0.09
	International Public Partnerships	27,267	0.18
23,634	Renewables Infrastructure Group	<u>25,218</u> 65,868	0.17
		63,000	
011	Continental Europe — 0.59% (0.60%)	0.000	0.07
	Cellnex Telecom	8,838	0.06
	Getlink	9,462	0.06
	Holmen	18,772	0.13
	Redeia Corporacion	9,707	0.07
	Stora Enso	5,278	0.04
	Svenska Cellulosa 'B'	26,099	0.17
1,501	Terna - Rete Elettrica Nazionale	<u>9,567</u> 87,723	0.06
		07,723	
/7	North America — 0.93% (0.96%) American Tower	10.110	0.07
	Consolidated Edison	10,119 10,094	0.07 0.07
	Crown Castle	9,565	0.07
	Edison International	9,635	0.06
	Eversource Energy	5,571	0.04
	Hydro One	10,675	0.04
	PotlatchDeltic	30,727	0.07
	Rayonier	22,947	0.15
	SBA Communications	5,218	0.13
	Weyerhaeuser	24,972	0.03
730	Weyerindedser	139,523	0.17
207	Asia Pacific — 0.31% (0.35%)	10 557	0.07
	East Japan Railway	10,557	0.07
	MTR Corporation	7,305 8,741	0.05
	Oji Holdings	8,761 10,421	0.06
40/	Sumitomo Forestry Company	10,421	0.07

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	Asia Pacific — (cont.)		
1,300	Transurban Group	8,711	0.06
		45,755	0.31
	GOVERNMENT BONDS — 10.81% (9.10%)		
	United Kingdom — 2.18% (2.16%)		
	International Finance Facility for Immunisation 1.00% 21/04/2026	140,143	0.94
GBP245,613	United Kingdom Gilt 0.875% 31/07/2033	185,020	1.24
		325,163	2.18
	Ireland — 0.54% (0.54%)		
EUR102,309	Ireland Government Bond 1.35% 18/03/2031	80,909	0.54
	Continental Europe — 2.82% (2.83%)		
EUR330,134	Bundesrepublik Deutschland Bundesanleihe 0.00% 15/08/2030	245,177	1.64
	French Republic Government Bond 1.75% 25/06/2039	103,322	0.69
EUR132,000	Spain Government Bond 1.00% 30/07/2042	73,369	0.49
		421,868	2.82
	North America — 5.27% (3.57%)		
USD1,027,900	United States Treasury Inflation Indexed Bonds 1.125% 15/01/2033	786,687	5.27
	SUPRANATIONAL — 5.12% (5.46%)		
GBP85,000	Asian Development Bank 0.25% 28/10/2027	73,478	0.49
EUR78,000	Council of Europe Development Bank 1.00% 13/04/2029	61,276	0.41
	European Investment Bank 2.25% 15/03/2030	35,007	0.24
	European Investment Bank 5.625% 07/06/2032	127,203	0.85
	European Investment Bank 0.01% 15/11/2035 European Union 2.75% 04/02/2033	31,079 31,630	0.21 0.21
	Inter-American Development Bank 2.25% 18/06/2029	31,513	0.21
	Inter-American Development Bank 3.5% 14/09/2029	47,999	0.32
	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 1.25% 13/12/2028	35,896	0.24
GBP43,000	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 1.00% 21/12/2029	36,103	0.24
USD53,000	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 3.875% 14/02/2030	41,049	0.28
USD90,000	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 1.625% 03/11/2031	58,862	0.39
USD219,000	International Development Association 0.75% 10/06/2027	154,256	1.03
		765,351	5.12
	COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES INVESTING IN — 71.13% (70.21%):		
	United Kingdom — 19.25% (18.86%)		
	Legal & General All Stocks Gilt Index Trust 'I' Inc ²	1,633,248	10.93
	Legal & General Future World FSC LIK Index Fund "L' Ace?"	606,320	4.06
1,170,733	Legal & General Future World ESG UK Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	2,876,096	19.25
			.,,,,,
	Continental Europe — 1.76% (0.60%)	a.a=	
470,421	Legal & General Future World ESG Europe ex UK Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	263,671	1.76
001 77 :	North America — 0.90% (0.51%)	10.4.40.4	2.22
221,716	Legal & General Future World ESG North America Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	134,604	0.90
	Asia Pacific — 4.11% (3.86%)		
249,415	Legal & General Future World ESG Asia Pacific Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	135,806	0.91

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	Asia Pacific — (cont.)		
859,939	Legal & General Future World ESG Japan Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	478,298	3.20
		614,104	4.11
002 053	Global — 40.00% (40.18%) Logal & Congral Active Global High Yield Rond Fund "Unc ²	341,406	2.28
	Legal & General Active Global High Yield Bond Fund 'l' Inc ² Legal & General Artificial Intelligence 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	172,593	1.16
	Legal & General Battery Value-Chain 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	34,441	0.23
	Legal & General Clean Energy 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	98,745	0.23
	Legal & General Clean Water 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	51,007	0.34
	Legal & General ESG GBP Corporate Bond 0-5 Year 'GBP' Inc UCITS ETF	236,358	1.58
	Legal & General ESG GBP Corporate Bond 'GBP' Inc UCITS ETF	1,105,778	7.40
	Legal & General Future World ESG Developed Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	897,270	6.01
76,510	Legal & General Future World Global Credit Fund 'Z' Inc ²	52,898	0.35
2,389,379	Legal & General Global Inflation Linked Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ²	1,157,415	7.75
601,908	Legal & General Global Real Estate Dividend Index Fund 'L' Inc²	345,977	2.32
1,452,657	Legal & General Net Zero Global Corporate Bond Fund 'Z' Acc Hedged ²	1,482,146	9.92
		5,976,034	40.00
	Emerging Markets — 5.11% (6.20%)		
219,393	Legal & General ESG Emerging Markets Government Bond (Local Currency) Index Fund 'Z' Acc ²	222,947	1.50
327 109	Legal & General ESG Emerging Markets Government Bond (US\$) Index Fund 'Z'	222,74/	1.30
327,107	Acc ²	328,941	2.20
423,814	Legal & General Future World ESG Emerging Markets Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	210,975	1.41
		762,863	5.11
1160/10 050/	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — -0.01% (0.06%)		
, ,	Sold US Dollars for Euro (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(1,001)	
	Sold US Dollars	(1,001)	_
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	383	_
	Sold US Dollars		
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(8,569)	(0.06)
, , ,	Sold US Dollars		(0.04)
	for Norwegian Krone (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(1,510)	(0.01)
EUR(61,000)	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(229)	_
	Sold Japanese Yen	(227)	
	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	8,772	0.06
EUR(33,000)	Sold Euro for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	207	_
00200,710	101 00 DOIIGIS (EADIIGS 1770472024)	(1,947)	(0.01)
		(1)	(5.5.7
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — -0.14% (-0.27%)		
	Euro Bond Future Expiry March 2024	1,936	0.01
	Long Gilt Future Expiry March 2024	(350)	_
	SFE 10 Year Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024	1,307	0.01
	US 10 Year Treasury Notes Future Expiry March 2024	1,305	0.01
, ,	Euro STOXX 50 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(6,254)	(0.04)
1	Euro STOXX 600 Food & Beverages Index Future Expiry March 2024	441	
	Euro STOXX 600 Telecommunications Index Future Expiry March 2024	(634)	(0.01)
	Euro STOXX 600 Utilities Index Future Expiry March 2024	(1,466)	(0.01)
	FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry March 2024 MSCI Emerging Markets Index Future Expiry March 2024	(253) (1,119)	(0.01)
	TOPIX Future Expiry March 2024	(24,435)	(0.16)
	EUR/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	2,891	0.02
(0)		2,071	5.02

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
	Investment	£	Assets
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — (cont.)		
18	GBP/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	5,438	0.04
		(21,193)	(0.14)
Portfolio of investments ^{3,4}		13,534,634	90.59
Net other assets ⁵		1,406,613	9.41
Total net assets		£14,941,247	100.00%

Total purchases for the period: £1,946,122. Total sales for the period: £1,614,914.

¹ Suspended securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Unlisted securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

³ Including investment liabilities.

⁴ All investments are admitted to an official stock exchange unless otherwise stated.

⁵ Includes shares in the LGIM Sterling Liquidity Plus Fund Class 1 to the value of £902,881 and LGIM Sterling Liquidity Fund Class 1 to the value £316,441 of which are shown as cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the Sub-fund.

Financial Statements

Balance Sheet as at 15 February 2024

0						15/02/24 £	15/08/23 £
Statement of To for the period e			024		ASSETS	2	2
ioi ille periou e	ilaca io i	_	02 1	15/00/00	Fixed assets:		
	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £	Investments	13,580,453	12,688,562
	•	2	-	•	Current assets:		
Income					Debtors	22,275	31,237
Net capital gains/					Cash and bank balances	536,144	751,853
(losses)		546,450		(540,675)	Cash equivalents	1,219,322	1,249,104
Revenue	197,421		149,189		Total assets	15,358,194	14,720,756
Expenses	(22,261)		(20,290)		ioidi dsseis	15,336,174	14,720,756
Interest					LIABILITIES		
payable and similar					Investment liabilities	(45,819)	(70,739)
charges	(9,689)		(13,800)		Creditors:		
Net revenue before taxation	165,471		115,099		Bank overdrafts	(366,186)	(379,744)
Taxation	(1,160)		(458)		Distributions payable	(533)	(1,117)
Net revenue	(1,100)	_	(400)		Other creditors	(4,409)	(7,539)
after taxation for the period		164,311		114,641	Total liabilities	(416,947)	(459,139)
Total return before	_		_		Net assets attributable to Unitholders	£14,941,247	£14,261,617
distributions		710,761		(426,034)			211,201,011
Distributions		(166,401)		(116,706)			
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activities	_	S544 2/2	_	C(EA0 7A0)			
invesiment activities	_	£544,360	_	£(542,740)			

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders for the period ended 15 February 2024

	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £
Opening net assets attributable to Unitholders		14,261,617		13,096,787
Amounts received on issue of units	438,205		1,587,573	
Amounts paid on cancellation of units	(503,429)	_	(455,128)	
		(65,224)		1,132,445
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activities		544,360		(542,740)
Retained distributions on accumulation units		166,090		117,653
Compensation		34,404		_
Closing net assets attributable to Unitholders	-	£14,941,247	-	£13,804,145

The difference between the opening net assets and the comparative closing net assets is the movement in the second half of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with the most recent annual Financial Statements.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. In making this assessment, the Manager has considered, amongst other things, factors such as Sub-fund size, cash flows through the Sub-fund and Sub-fund liquidity in its assessment of the Sub-fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the twelve month period from the date the financial statements are signed. Based on this assessment, the Manager deems the basis of preparation appropriate.

Sub-fund Information

Net Asset Values and Units in Issue

Class	Net Asset Value (£)	Units in Issue	Net Asset Value per Unit (p)
R-Class			
Distribution Units	1,027	2,289	44.87
Accumulation Units	1,199	2,522	47.54
I-Class			
Distribution Units	46,090	102,527	44.95
Accumulation Units	4,837,536	10,063,062	48.07
C-Class			
Distribution Units	1,143	2,548	44.86
Accumulation Units	10,054,252	20,868,595	48.18

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Ongoing Charges Figures

	15 Feb 24	15 Aug 23
R-Class	0.66%	0.66%
I-Class	0.36%	0.36%
C-Class	0.29%	0.29%

The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is the ratio of the Sub-fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) and all costs suffered through holdings in underlying Collective Investment Schemes, to the average net assets of the Sub-fund.

The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Distribution Information

R-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.4255p per unit for distribution units and 0.4440p per unit for accumulation units.

I-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.4972p per unit for distribution units and 0.5250p per unit for accumulation units.

C-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.5102p per unit for distribution units and 0.5426p per unit for accumulation units.

Risk and Reward Profile



- The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. It is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Sub-fund. The shaded area in the table above shows the Sub-fund's ranking on the Risk and Reward Indicator.
- The Sub-fund is in category four because the mix of different asset types in which the Sub-fund invests has a balancing effect on the rate at which the Sub-fund share price moves up and down. This type of fund is generally considered to be higher risk than one investing only in bonds and lower risk than one investing only in company shares.
- Even a fund in the lowest category is not a risk free investment.

The Sub-fund targets risk profile three as calculated by Distribution Technology. They are an independent agency who provides risk profiling tools to advisers and fund managers.

The Risk and Reward profile scale above is calculated differently to the Distribution Technology Risk Profiles. The Distribution Technology profiles range from 1 to 10 with 10 being the highest (rather than a scale of 1 to 7 for the Risk and Reward profile).

More information on the Distribution Technology risk profiles is shown in the Prospectus. Alternatively, you can contact us with any queries.

Manager's Investment Report

Investment Objective and Policy

The objective of the Sub-fund is to provide a combination of growth and income within a pre-determined risk profile. The Sub-fund's potential gains and losses are likely to be constrained by the objective to remain within the risk profile.

The risk profiles used by the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range reflect the scale of risk that each sub-fund can take in pursuit of achieving its investment objective, with 1 being the lowest risk and 10 being the highest risk. The risk profiles are based on pre-determined volatility bands determined by an external agency, please refer to the "Additional Information" section below for more detail. This Sub-fund's objective is to remain within the risk profile 4.

The Sub-fund's risk profile is managed by adjusting the level of exposure to bonds, shares in companies, money market instruments and alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property within the portfolio based on the scale and frequency of their change in value. The Investment Manager uses a flexible asset allocation approach meaning that the Sub-fund's exposure to each asset class will vary over time. For full details of the portfolio breakdown, please refer to the factsheet available on the Manager's website.

The Sub-fund is actively managed and will invest at least 75% in collective investment schemes. At least 50% of the Sub-fund will invest in Index tracker funds which are operated by the Manager or an Associate.

The Sub-fund may have exposure (directly and/or indirectly) to bonds (both government and non-government), shares in companies, money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash, permitted deposits and indirectly to alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property. Due to the risk profile, the expectation is that the Sub-fund will typically have higher exposure to bonds, money market instruments and cash than to shares in companies relative to other sub-funds with a higher risk profile in the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range. However, whilst the Sub-fund will focus on investing in such lower risk assets, it may still have exposure to shares in companies (typically between 20% and 60%, however it is not guaranteed and the exposure can be lower or higher than the stated range).

The Sub-fund may make limited use of derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes.

The Sub-fund belongs to the Future World product range which represents the Manager's conviction and framework for responsible investing. The Sub-fund aims to reduce exposure to issuers associated with poor environmental, social and governance (ESG) practices and to provide greater exposure to those that are better positioned from an ESG perspective. ESG practices being considered may include but are not limited to carbon footprint consideration, workforce diversity and numbers of independent directors on the board. The Sub-fund aims to achieve this by investing at least 75% in other collective investment schemes or direct holdings which, in the Investment Manager's view, can be considered ESG assets. These include:

I. collective investment schemes that also belong to the Future World product range and are aligned with LGIM's Future World principles such as:

i. the application of LGIM's Climate Impact Pledge, which maps out a large number of companies worldwide, in climate-critical sectors against key indicators; and

ii. minimum exclusions criteria in accordance with LGIM's Future World Protection List, which captures companies failing to meet globally accepted business practices on sustainability, or our minimum requirements on the carbon transition (for further information on LGIM's Climate Impact Pledge and LGIM's Future World Protection List, please refer to the Definitions in Section 1 of the prospectus);

II. collective investment schemes outside of the Future World product range which enhance their ESG profile by increasing investment in companies or government issuers that demonstrate strong ESG characteristics, and/or reducing, though not necessarily removing, investment in those with lower ESG characteristics, using proprietary and external ESG research. This may include but not limited to funds tracking a Benchmark Index that is designed to increase exposure to companies that demonstrate good ESG efforts by tilting towards companies awarded higher ESG scores and away from those awarded lower scores;

III. collective investment schemes and direct holdings that in the Investment Manager's opinion can deliver clear sustainable characteristics, such as green bonds or instruments providing exposure to renewable energy infrastructure (for a complete list of the types of assets which currently fall in this category please refer to the Sub-fund's factsheet available on the Manager's website); and

IV. collective investment schemes other than those described above and direct holdings screened against the Manager's minimum exclusion criteria which comprises a minimum ESG score (determined using proprietary and external ESG research) and, where applicable, contravention of international norms (e.g. UN Global Compact violation). For a complete list of the types of assets which currently fall in this category please refer to the Sub-fund's factsheet available on the Manager's website.

Manager's Investment Report continued

The Investment Manager may actively engage with companies on specific ESG issues and to drive improvement in a company's ESG profile. The Investment Manager may formulate an engagement strategy with regards to an ESG issue and will track and review the progress of the company during the process. This active engagement may be conducted by the Investment Manager and/or in collaboration with industry peers and broader stakeholders. In the case of climate engagement, if, following a reasonable timeframe, engagement does not result in an improvement in the issues identified, then the Investment Manager may disinvest from that company.

The Sub-fund's ability to incorporate ESG criteria may be limited when the Investment Manager may need to increase the Sub-fund's cash exposure in volatile market conditions given the Sub-fund's primary objective to remain within its risk profile.

Manager's Investment Report

During the period under review, the published price of the Sub-fund's R-Class accumulation units increased by 5.76%.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Market/Economic Review

Over the six months under review, inflationary pressures and tighter monetary policy dominated the thoughts of market participants. Fears of an economic slowdown remain at the forefront of the minds of investors but, even with inflation falling across developed markets, expectations are that interest rates will remain higher for longer and no sharp cutting of rates is anticipated imminently.

In the UK, there was positive news as wage growth slowed yet further in the three months to November, rising at an annual rate of 6.50%, down from 7.20% in the three months to October. Annualised consumer price inflation was at 4.00% in December. The Bank of England has held rates unchanged at the 15-year high of 5.25% since its August 2023 meeting, while expectations for rate cuts have been pushed into the back end of 2024 at the earliest.

In the US, Federal Reserve (Fed) Chair Jerome Powell poured cold water on the prospects of an interest rate cut in March, despite inflation continuing to fall in recent months. The US central bank chief explained that the Fed needs to have confidence that inflation is 'sustainably' lower. US interest rates remain at a 23-year high of between 5.25% and 5.50%.

The European Central Bank (ECB) kept its headline deposit facility rate at an all-time high of 4.00% in January, with President Christine Lagarde reiterating that it is premature to be discussing interest rate cuts.

Global equity markets made decent gains over the six months in US Dollar terms, despite developed market monetary tightening in progress and recessionary fears coming to the fore.

US equities made solid gains over the period in US Dollar terms and outperformed the global average. Communication services and technology led the way with double-digit returns, while strong performances also came from financials and healthcare. UK equities finished the six-month period in marginal negative territory in Sterling terms, some way behind the global average. At the sector level, while technology enjoyed a strong six months, along with decent showings from real estate and industrials, these were largely offset by weakness from other sectors. European equity markets rose over the six months in Euro terms but marginally underperformed the global average over the period.

Asia Pacific ex Japan equity markets lost notable ground over the past six months in US Dollar terms and underperformed global equities. While Chinese equities had rallied at the start of 2023 as Beijing announced an easing of its pandemic restrictions, the rebound could not be sustained. Indeed, over the six months the Chinese market lost significant ground on fears about the state of its property market and the general health of its ailing economy. India, by contrast, delivered a double-digit return.

Benchmark developed market government bond yields painted a mixed picture, with significant fluctuations throughout the period. The yield on the 10-year US Treasury was flat from start to finish but this masks a 100 basis-point rise to mid-October before falling back to almost flat by year end on rate-cutting expectations and growing hopes of an economic 'soft landing'. The yield on the 10-year UK Gilt fell (prices rose) markedly; it started the period touching the heady highs it reached during the brief tenure of the Liz Truss-led Conservative government, before falling sharply, by 90 basis points, into year end. It then rose again marginally in January. The yield on the 10-year German Bund made a less drastic move, but still fell sharply over the period.

Elsewhere, Japanese government bond yields moved higher over the period. Towards the end of the period, the Bank of Japan made the notable move to effectively scrap its yield curve control, having eased the limits over the course of the past 12 months. The policy, in place since 2016, had limited the movement of the 10-year bond yield to 0.50%.

Spreads on UK investment-grade bonds narrowed over the six months. Spreads on US investment-grade bonds narrowed too but were tighter than their UK peers, a move matched by European investment-grade bonds. High yield bond yield spreads, having fluctuated early in the period, also narrowed over the six months as a whole.

Despite the headwinds of tight Fed monetary policy, fears of a US recession and ongoing worries around the economic growth prospects of the world's second largest economy, China, emerging market debt held up remarkably well over the period, making decent gains.

Manager's Investment Report continued

Sub-fund Review

The Sub-fund delivered a positive return over the period, with the main positive contributions to performance coming from Index ESG US Equities & our exposure to UK government bonds, which includes green bonds and supranational bonds. There were no significant negative contributors over the period.

In the third quarter of 2023, we reduced exposure to UK Gilts and added to global government bonds, following strong performance from our UK Gilt trade which we have held in recent months.

In the same period, we also increased our exposure to listed infrastructure, which includes sustainable infrastructure stocks and trusts. Relative valuations for listed infrastructure (compared to equites) have become more interesting recently, driven by weak infrastructure returns. However, we consider listed infrastructure to be a 'defensive' asset class, and given we are currently forecasting a recession, we would expect relative outperformance for the asset class, and are looking for opportunities in this space.

In the fourth quarter of 2023, we increased our exposure to ESG index equities. We have softened our negative view on the economic cycle given the continued economic resilience in the US in recent months and the downside surprises to inflation across developed markets. We have also seen some of the concerns around the global banking sector soften since some of the bank failures earlier in 2023.

In the last few months of 2023, we also reduced our exposure to US inflation-linked bonds over December. This followed downside surprises to inflation across developed markets which has brought forward expectations for interest rate cuts among investors. This has led to large falls in bond yields which worsens the valuation case, in our view. We still maintain a positive view on bonds given bond yields are still attractive in our view, despite falling, and the exposure would benefit either from further downside surprises to inflation, or from a recessionary outcome – one of the key scenarios we consider.

Outlook

Stronger-than-expected US economic data, more rapid declines in inflation, and a policy pivot by the Fed has led us to adjust our base case economic forecast for 2024, with the Fed now seemingly more willing to risk stoking inflation to support economic growth through rate cuts. While we still believe the lagged effects of 2023 rate hikes could precipitate a US recession in 2024, this is no longer our base case view. We now expect a period of weak US growth and should a recession occur, a milder one than previously thought. Despite this upward revision, we remain below market consensus which increasingly expects steady US growth in 2024. In our view, a macroeconomic backdrop of tight labour markets and high interest rates limits the upside growth potential for the economy; we remain vigilant for evidence which refutes this stance.

Although the fourth-quarter risk asset rally left equities looking more expensive in absolute terms, lower bonds yields have improved valuations on a relative basis. Given our more benign economic outlook we have moderated our negative mediumterm view on equities. We prefer more defensive positioning, with current equity market pricing vulnerable to any negative surprises, in our view. The recent sharp rally in yields has prompted us to temper our positive outlook for government bonds. However, we still view rates as restrictive at current levels and anticipate further declines in government bond yields over the medium term.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) 15 March 2024

Important Note from the Manager Geopolitical Events

In response to events in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, the Manager is closely monitoring financial markets and any potential liquidity and volatility risks which may have an impact on the Sub-fund.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) February 2024

Portfolio Statement

Portfolio Statement as at 15 February 2024

All investments are in investment grade securities, ordinary shares or collective investment schemes unless otherwise stated. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent holdings at 15 August 2023.

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
	Investment	value £	Assets
	EQUITIES — 3.78% (4.06%)	-	7.000.0
	United Kingdom — 1.44% (1.58%)		
373,177		159,272	0.11
165,868	Gore Street Energy Storage Fund	104,497	0.07
92,117	Grainger	245,215	0.16
221,397	Greencoat UK Wind	285,824	0.19
237,138	HICL Infrastructure	291,680	0.19
198,494	Home REIT ¹	<u> </u>	_
87,567	Impact Healthcare REIT	69,966	0.05
	Life Science REIT	109,506	0.07
10.363	National Grid	105,288	0.07
	Primary Health Properties	210,649	0.14
	Target Healthcare REIT	194,116	0.13
	Triple Point Social Housing REIT	95,710	0.06
	UNITE Group	304,350	0.20
,		2,176,073	1.44
	Channel Islands — 0.48% (0.52%)		
,	GCP Infrastructure Investments	146,595	0.10
	International Public Partnerships	298,668	0.20
281,004	Renewables Infrastructure Group	276,227	0.18
		721,490	0.48
	Continental Europe — 0.61% (0.61%)		
3.239	Cellnex Telecom	92,046	0.06
	Getlink	98,277	0.06
	Holmen	200,835	0.13
	Redeia Corporacion	99,916	0.07
	Stora Enso	56,338	0.04
	Svenska Cellulosa 'B'	281,419	0.18
	Terna - Rete Elettrica Nazionale	100,389	0.10
13,730	Total - Refe Elettica Nazionale		
		929,220	0.61
	North America — 0.96% (1.02%)		
659	American Tower	99,524	0.07
1,398	Consolidated Edison	97,999	0.06
1,114	Crown Castle	95,992	0.06
1,875	Edison International	98,715	0.06
1,820	Eversource Energy	85,204	0.06
4,615	Hydro One	108,991	0.07
8,038	PotlatchDeltic	288,534	0.19
9,009	Rayonier	239,553	0.16
535	SBA Communications	90,062	0.06
9,620	Weyerhaeuser	256,105	0.17
		1,460,679	0.96
ດ ວວວ	Asia Pacific — 0.29% (0.33%)	108,976	0.07
	East Japan Railway MTR Corporation	74,600	0.07
	Oji Holdings	74,600 59,654	0.05
	Sumitomo Forestry Company		0.04
3,132	зопшотно гогази у сотприну	110,247	0.07

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	Asia Pacific — (cont.)		
13,735	Transurban Group	92,039	0.06
		445,516	0.29
	GOVERNMENT BONDS — 9.89% (8.52%) United Kingdom — 2.10% (2.07%)		
	International Finance Facility for Immunisation 1.00% 21/04/2026 United Kingdom Gilt 0.875% 31/07/2033	1,304,582 1,883,211	0.86 1.24
GDI 2,477,747	United Kingdom Gill 0.073% 3170772003	3,187,793	2.10
	Ireland — 0.42% (0.42%)		
EUR813,960	Ireland Government Bond 1.35% 18/03/2031	643,701	0.42
	Continental Europe — 2.36% (2.35%)		
	Bundesrepublik Deutschland Bundesanleihe 0.00% 15/08/2030	2,196,911	1.45
	French Republic Government Bond 1.75% 25/06/2039	686,225	0.45
EUR1,262,000	Spain Government Bond 1.00% 30/07/2042	701,445	0.46
		3,584,581	2.36
11600 033 000	North America — 5.01% (3.68%) United States Treasury Inflation Indexed Bonds 1.125% 15/01/2033	7,602,751	5.01
03D7,733,700	ornied states fredsory irritation fradexed bortas 1.123% 13/01/2033	7,802,731	3.01
	SUPRANATIONAL — 3.45% (3.29%)		
	Asian Development Bank 0.25% 28/10/2027	785,789	0.52
	Council of Europe Development Bank 1.00% 13/04/2029 European Investment Bank 5.625% 07/06/2032	348,800 758,793	0.23 0.50
	Inter-American Development Bank 2.25% 18/06/2029	1,034,929	0.30
	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 3.875% 14/02/2030	252,491	0.17
	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 1.625% 03/11/2031	496,403	0.33
	International Development Association 0.75% 10/06/2027	1,303,778	0.86
	International Development Association 0.75% 21/09/2028	248,338	0.16
		5,229,321	3.45
	COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES INVESTING IN — 77.87% (80.01%):		
11 541 000	United Kingdom — 18.32% (19.65%)	11 007 051	7.07
	Legal & General All Stocks Gilt Index Trust "I' Inc ²	11,036,851	7.27
	Legal & General All Stocks Index Linked Gilt Index Trust 'I' Inc ² Legal & General Future World ESG UK Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	4,479,450 12,270,140	2.95 8.08
	Legal & General UK Property Fund 'L' Inc ²	33,531	0.02
		27,819,972	18.32
77 (70	Continental Europe — 3.93% (3.25%)	74 (71	0.05
	Legal & General Euro Treasury Bond Index Fund 'Z' Acc ² Legal & General Future World ESG Europe ex UK Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	74,671 5,892,045	0.05
10,312,123	Legal & General rollole world ESG Europe ex un index rolla E ACC-	5,966,716	3.88
		5,, 55,, 10	
11,370.456	North America — 4.55% (3.08%) Legal & General Future World ESG North America Index Fund 'L' Acc²	6,903,004	4.55
, 5, 5, 180	<u> </u>		
6 382 515	Asia Pacific — 6.11% (5.75%) Legal & General Future World ESG Asia Pacific Index Fund 'L' Acc²	3,475,279	2.29
0,002,013	Logal a Contrat Form Front ESC Asia Facility index Form E Acc	0,4/0,2//	۷.۷

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
10 400 700	Asia Pacific — (cont.)	F 002 027	2.00
10,433,722	Legal & General Future World ESG Japan Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	5,803,237	3.82
		9,278,516	6.11
	Global — 35.52% (37.14%)		
	Legal & General Active Global High Yield Bond Fund 'I' Inc ²	399,522	0.26
	Legal & General Artificial Intelligence 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	1,786,127	1.18
	Legal & General Battery Value-Chain 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	354,869	0.23
	Legal & General Clean Energy 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	919,190 933,642	0.61 0.62
	Legal & General Clean Water 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF Legal & General ESG GBP Corporate Bond 0-5 Year 'GBP' Inc UCITS ETF	2,997,456	1.97
	Legal & General ESG GBP Corporate Bond 'GBP' Inc UCITS ETF	8,926,095	5.88
	Legal & General Future World ESG Developed Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	10,846,274	7.14
1,694,005	Legal & General Global High Yield Bond Fund 'Z' Acc GBP Hedged ²	2,383,804	1.57
16,545,539	Legal & General Global Inflation Linked Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ²	8,014,659	5.28
	Legal & General Global Real Estate Dividend Index Fund 'L' Inc ²	4,207,887	2.77
11,915,752	Legal & General Net Zero Global Corporate Bond Fund 'Z' Acc Hedged ²	12,157,642	8.01
		53,927,167	35.52
	Emerging Markets — 9.44% (11.14%)		
	Legal & General ESG Emerging Markets Government Bond (Local Currency) Index Fund 'Z' Acc ²	2,520,276	1.66
4,731,380	Legal & General ESG Emerging Markets Government Bond (US\$) Index Fund 'Z' Acc ²	4,757,876	3.14
14,161,641	Legal & General Future World ESG Emerging Markets Index Fund 'L' Acc²	7,049,665	4.64
		14,327,817	9.44
	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS OF A 0.00T / 0.000T)		
USD(339,031)	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — -0.06% (-0.08%) Sold US Dollars		
	for Euro (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(4,960)	_
	Sold US Dollars		
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(5,288)	_
	Sold US Dollars for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	2,593	_
	Sold US Dollars		
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(84,940)	(0.06)
	Sold US Dollars for Nonvegian Krone (Expires 19/04/2024)2	(13.870)	(0.01)
	for Norwegian Krone (Expires 19/04/2024) ² Sold Japanese Yen	(13,870)	(0.01)
	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	7,183	_
GBP(966,000)			
USD1,227,047 EUR(410,000)	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	8,779	0.01
,	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	2,494	
		(88,009)	(0.06)
	ELITIDES CONTRACTS 0.0007 / 0.0797		
(14)	FUTURES CONTRACTS — 0.09% (-0.07%) Euro Bond Future Expiry March 2024	11,545	0.01
	Long Gilt Future Expiry March 2024	(15,840)	(0.01)
	SFE 10 Year Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024	12,406	0.01
62	Ultra 10 Year US Treasury Note Future Expiry March 2024	62,744	0.04
	US 10 Year Treasury Notes Future Expiry March 2024	5,066	_
	E-Mini S&P 500 Index Future Expiry March 2024	46,065	0.03
	E-Mini Utilities Select Sector Future Expiry March 2024	5,001	(0.04)
	Euro STOXX 50 Index Future Expiry March 2024 Euro STOXX 600 Food & Beverages Index Future Expiry March 2024	(54,722) 2,544	(0.04)
	Euro STOXX 600 Food & Beverages index Fotore Expiry March 2024	9,541	0.01
•		.,-	

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — (cont.)		
22	Euro STOXX 600 Telecommunications Index Future Expiry March 2024	(6,938)	_
11	Euro STOXX 600 Utilities Index Future Expiry March 2024	(16,129)	(0.01)
(32)	FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(4,041)	_
(24)	MSCI Emerging Markets Index Future Expiry March 2024	(26,848)	(0.02)
(6)	TOPIX Future Expiry March 2024	(56,584)	(0.04)
(50)	EUR/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	24,089	0.02
162	GBP/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	48,939	0.03
(35)	JPY/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	95,550	0.06
		142,388	0.09
Portfolio of investments ^{3,4}		144,258,696	95.02
Net other assets ⁵		7,553,907	4.98
Total net assets		£151,812,603	100.00%

¹ Suspended securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

Total purchases for the period: £11,519,508.

Total sales for the period: £14,819,072.

² Unlisted securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

³ Including investment liabilities.

⁴ All investments are admitted to an official stock exchange unless otherwise stated.

⁵ Includes shares in the LGIM Sterling Liquidity Plus Fund Class 1 to the value of £2,448,079 and LGIM Sterling Liquidity Fund Class 1 to the value of £3,735,000 which are shown as cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the Sub-fund.

Financial Statements

Statement of Total Return for the period ended 15 February 2024

ioi iiio poiiou i				
		15/02/24		15/02/23
	£	£	£	£
Income				
Net capital gains/				
(losses)		6,890,461		(3,790,394)
Revenue	1,937,907		1,569,664	
Expenses	(227,754)		(216,453)	
Interest payable and similar				
charges	(86,633)	_	(62,601)	
Net revenue before taxation	1,623,520		1,290,610	
Taxation	(178,277)		(99,643)	
Net revenue after taxation for		_		
the period		1,445,243		1,190,967
Total return before	_		_	
distributions		8,335,704		(2,599,427)
Distributions		(1,449,579)		(1,194,619)
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from	_		_	
investment activities	_	£6,886,125	_	£(3,794,046)
	_		_	

Balance Sheet as at 15 February 2024

	15/02/24	15/08/23
	£	£
ASSETS		
Fixed assets:		
Investments	144,548,856	140,331,514
Current assets:		
Debtors	373,514	1,096,097
Cash and bank balances	4,616,368	7,470,792
Cash equivalents	6,183,079	3,601,447
Total assets	155,721,817	152,499,850
LIABILITIES		
Investment liabilities	(290,160)	(513,152)
Creditors:		
Bank overdrafts	(3,190,585)	(4,688,382)
Distributions payable	(92,381)	(130,393)
Other creditors	(336,088)	(1,113,593)
Total liabilities	(3,909,214)	(6,445,520)
Net assets attributable to Unitholders	£151,812,603	£146,054,330

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders for the period ended 15 February 2024

	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £
Opening net assets attributable to Unitholders	_	146,054,330	Ĺ	147,431,716
Amounts received on issue of units	7,600,257		29,620,030	
Amounts paid on cancellation of units	(10,311,209)	_	(22,506,722)	
		(2,710,952)		7,113,308
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activitie	es	6,886,125		(3,794,046)
Retained distribution on accumulation u		1,342,152		1,217,982
Compensation		240,948		_
Closing net assets attributable to Unitholders		£151,812,603		£151,968,960

The difference between the opening net assets and the comparative closing net assets is the movement in the second half of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with the most recent annual Financial Statements.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. In making this assessment, the Manager has considered, amongst other things, factors such as Sub-fund size, cash flows through the Sub-fund and Sub-fund liquidity in its assessment of the Sub-fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the twelve month period from the date the financial statements are signed. Based on this assessment, the Manager deems the basis of preparation appropriate.

Sub-fund Information

Net Asset Values and Units in Issue

Class	Net Asset Value (£)	Units in Issue	Net Asset Value per Unit (p)
R-Class			
Distribution Units	1,372	2,589	52.99
Accumulation Units	805	1,416	56.85
I-Class			
Distribution Units	8,503,542	16,029,761	53.05
Accumulation Units	45,245,491	78,621,239	57.55
C-Class			
Distribution Units	1,309,813	2,746,519	47.69
Accumulation Units	96,751,036	190,391,471	50.82
L-Class			
Accumulation Units	544	936	58.12

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Ongoing Charges Figures

	15 Feb 24	15 Aug 23
R-Class	0.66%	0.66%
I-Class	0.36%	0.36%
C-Class	0.29%	0.29%
L-Class	0.08%	0.08%

The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is the ratio of the Sub-fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) and all costs suffered through holdings in underlying Collective Investment Schemes, to the average net assets of the Sub-fund.

The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Distribution Information

R-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.4353p per unit for distribution units and 0.4639p per unit for accumulation units.

I-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.4963p per unit for distribution units and 0.5334p per unit for accumulation units.

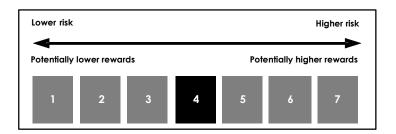
C-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.4661p per unit for distribution units and 0.4846p per unit for accumulation units.

L-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.5929p per unit for accumulation units.

Risk and Reward Profile



- The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. It is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Sub-fund. The shaded area in the table above shows the Sub-fund's ranking on the Risk and Reward Indicator.
- The Sub-fund is in category four because the mix of different asset types in which the Sub-fund invests has a balancing effect on the rate at which the Sub-fund share price moves up and down. This type of fund is generally considered to be higher risk than one investing only in bonds and lower risk than one investing only in company shares.
- Even a fund in the lowest category is not a risk free investment.

The Sub-fund targets risk profile four as calculated by Distribution Technology. They are an independent agency who provide risk profiling tools to advisers and fund managers.

The Risk and Reward profile scale above is calculated differently to the Distribution Technology Risk Profiles. The Distribution Technology profiles range from 1 to 10 with 10 being the highest (rather than a scale of 1 to 7 for the Risk and Reward profile).

More information on the Distribution Technology risk profiles is shown in the Prospectus. Alternatively, you can contact us with any queries.

Manager's Investment Report

Investment Objective and Policy

The objective of the Sub-fund is to provide a combination of growth and income within a pre-determined risk profile. The Sub-fund's potential gains and losses are likely to be constrained by the objective to remain within the risk profile.

The risk profiles used by the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range reflect the scale of risk that each Sub-fund can take in pursuit of achieving its investment objective, with 1 being the lowest risk and 10 being the highest risk. The risk profiles are based on pre-determined volatility bands determined by an external agency, please refer to the Additional Information section below for more detail. This Sub-fund's objective is to remain within the risk profile 5.

The Sub-fund's risk profile is managed by adjusting the level of exposure to bonds, shares in companies, money market instruments and alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property within the portfolio based on the scale and frequency of their change in value. The Investment Manager uses a flexible asset allocation approach meaning that the Sub-fund's exposure to each asset class will vary over time. For full details of the portfolio breakdown, please refer to the factsheet available on the Manager's website.

The Sub-fund is actively managed and will invest at least 75% in collective investment schemes. At least 50% of the Sub-fund will invest in index tracker schemes which are operated by the Manager or an Associate.

The Sub-fund may have exposure (directly and/or indirectly) to bonds (both government and non-government), shares in companies, money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash, permitted deposits and indirectly to alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property. Due to the risk profile, the expectation is that the Sub-fund will typically have higher exposure to shares in companies (typically between 40% and 80%, however it is not guaranteed and the exposure can be lower or higher than the stated range) than to bonds, money market instruments and cash relative to other funds with a lower risk profile in the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range.

The Sub-fund may make limited use of derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes.

The Sub-fund belongs to the Future World product range which represents the manager's conviction and framework for responsible investing. The Sub-fund aims to reduce exposure to issuers associated with poor environmental, social and governance (ESG) practices and to provide greater exposure to those that are better positioned from an ESG perspective. ESG practices being considered may include but are not limited to carbon footprint consideration, workforce diversity and numbers of independent directors on the board. The Sub-fund aims to achieve this by investing at least 75% in other collective investment schemes or direct holdings which, in the Investment Manager's view, can be considered ESG assets. These include:

I. collective investment schemes that also belong to the Future World product range and are aligned with LGIM's Future World principles such as:

i. the application of LGIM's Climate Impact Pledge, which maps out a large number of companies worldwide, in climate-critical sectors against key indicators; and

ii. minimum exclusions criteria in accordance with LGIM's Future World Protection List, which captures companies failing to meet globally accepted business practices on sustainability, or our minimum requirements on the carbon transition (for further information on LGIM's Climate Impact Pledge and LGIM's Future World Protection List, please refer to the Definitions in Section 1 of the prospectus);

II. collective investment schemes outside of the Future World product range which enhance their ESG profile by increasing investment in companies or government issuers that demonstrate strong ESG characteristics, and/or reducing, though not necessarily removing, investment in those with lower ESG characteristics, using proprietary and external ESG research. This may include but not limited to funds tracking a benchmark index that is designed to increase exposure to companies that demonstrate good ESG efforts by tilting towards companies awarded higher ESG scores and away from those awarded lower scores;

III. collective investment schemes and direct holdings that in the Investment Manager's opinion can deliver clear sustainable characteristics, such as green bonds or instruments providing exposure to renewable energy infrastructure (for a complete list of the types of assets which currently fall in this category please refer to the Sub-fund's factsheet available on the Manager's website); and

IV. collective investment schemes other than those described above and direct holdings screened against the Manager's minimum exclusion criteria which comprises a minimum ESG score (determined using proprietary and external ESG research) and, where applicable, contravention of international norms (e.g. UN Global Compact violation). For a complete list of the types of assets which currently fall in this category please refer to the Sub-fund's factsheet available on the Manager's website.

The Investment Manager may actively engage with companies on specific ESG issues and to drive improvement in a company's ESG profile. The Investment Manager may formulate an engagement strategy with regards to an ESG issue and will track and review the progress of the company during the process. This active engagement may be conducted by the Investment Manager and/or in collaboration with industry peers and broader stakeholders. In the case of climate engagement, if, following a reasonable timeframe, engagement does not result in an improvement in the issues identified, then the Investment Manager may disinvest from that company.

Manager's Investment Report continued

The Sub-fund's ability to incorporate ESG criteria may be limited when the Investment Manager may need to increase the Sub-fund's cash exposure in volatile market conditions given the Sub-fund's primary objective to remain within its risk profile.

Manager's Investment Report

During the period under review, the published price of the Sub-fund's R-Class accumulation units increased by 6.97%.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Market/Economic Review

Over the six months under review, inflationary pressures and tighter monetary policy dominated the thoughts of market participants. Fears of an economic slowdown remain at the forefront of the minds of investors but, even with inflation falling across developed markets, expectations are that interest rates will remain higher for longer and no sharp cutting of rates is anticipated imminently.

In the UK, there was positive news as wage growth slowed yet further in the three months to November, rising at an annual rate of 6.50%, down from 7.20% in the three months to October. Annualised consumer price inflation was at 4.00% in December. The Bank of England has held rates unchanged at the 15-year high of 5.25% since its August 2023 meeting, while expectations for rate cuts have been pushed into the back end of 2024 at the earliest.

In the US, Federal Reserve (Fed) Chair Jerome Powell poured cold water on the prospects of an interest rate cut in March, despite inflation continuing to fall in recent months. The US central bank chief explained that the Fed needs to have confidence that inflation is 'sustainably' lower. US interest rates remain at a 23-year high of between 5.25% and 5.50%.

The European Central Bank (ECB) kept its headline deposit facility rate at an all-time high of 4.00% in January, with President Christine Lagarde reiterating that it is premature to be discussing interest rate cuts.

Global equity markets made decent gains over the six months in US Dollar terms, despite developed market monetary tightening in progress and recessionary fears coming to the fore.

US equities made solid gains over the period in US Dollar terms and outperformed the global average. Communication services and technology led the way with double-digit returns, while strong performances also came from financials and healthcare. UK equities finished the six-month period in marginal negative territory in Sterling terms, some way behind the global average. At the sector level, while technology enjoyed a strong six months, along with decent showings from real estate and industrials, these were largely offset by weakness from other sectors. European equity markets rose over the six months in Euro terms but marginally underperformed the global average over the period.

Asia Pacific ex Japan equity markets lost notable ground over the past six months in US Dollar terms and underperformed global equities. While Chinese equities had rallied at the start of 2023 as Beijing announced an easing of its pandemic restrictions, the rebound could not be sustained. Indeed, over the six months, the Chinese market lost significant ground on fears about the state of its property market and the general health of its ailing economy. India, by contrast, delivered a double-digit return.

Benchmark developed market government bond yields painted a mixed picture, with significant fluctuations throughout the period. The yield on the 10-year US Treasury was flat from start to finish but this masks a 100 basis-point rise to mid-October before falling back to almost flat by year end on rate-cutting expectations and growing hopes of an economic 'soft landing'. The yield on the 10-year UK Gilt fell (prices rose) markedly; it started the period touching the heady highs it reached during the brief tenure of the Liz Truss-led Conservative government, before falling sharply, by 90 basis points, into year end. It then rose again marginally in January. The yield on the 10-year German Bund made a less drastic move, but still fell sharply over the period.

Elsewhere, Japanese government bond yields moved higher over the period. Towards the end of the period, the Bank of Japan made the notable move to effectively scrap its yield curve control, having eased the limits over the course of the past 12 months. The policy, in place since 2016, had limited the movement of the 10-year bond yield to 0.50%.

Spreads on UK investment-grade bonds narrowed over the six months. Spreads on US investment-grade bonds narrowed too but were tighter than their UK peers, a move matched by European investment-grade bonds. High yield bond yield spreads, having fluctuated early in the period, also narrowed over the six months as a whole.

Despite the headwinds of tight Fed monetary policy, fears of a US recession and ongoing worries around the economic growth prospects of the world's second largest economy, China, emerging market debt held up remarkably well over the period, making decent gains.

Manager's Investment Report continued

Sub-fund Review

The Sub-fund delivered a positive return over the period, with the main positive contributions to performance coming from Index ESG US Equities & Japanese equities. There were no significant negative contributors over the period.

In the third quarter of 2023, we increased exposure to listed infrastructure. Relative valuations for listed infrastructure (compared to equites) have become more interesting recently, driven by weak infrastructure returns. However, we consider listed infrastructure to be a 'defensive' asset class, and given we are currently forecasting a recession, we would expect relative outperformance for the asset class, and are looking for opportunities in this space.

In the fourth quarter of 2023, we increased our exposure to ESG Index equities. We have softened our negative view on the economic cycle given the continued economic resilience in the US in recent months and the downside surprises to inflation across developed markets. We have also seen some of the concerns around the global banking sector soften since some of the bank failures earlier in 2023.

In the last few months of 2023, we also reduced our exposure to listed infrastructure, which includes sustainable infrastructure stocks and trusts. This followed downside surprises to inflation across developed markets which has brought forward expectations for interest rate cuts among investors. This has led to large falls in bond yields which worsens the valuation case, in our view. We still maintain a positive view on bonds given bond yields are still attractive in our view, despite falling, and the exposure would benefit either from further downside surprises to inflation, or from a recessionary outcome – one of the key scenarios we consider.

Outlook

Stronger-than-expected US economic data, more rapid declines in inflation, and a policy pivot by the Fed has led us to adjust our base case economic forecast for 2024, with the Fed now seemingly more willing to risk stoking inflation to support economic growth through rate cuts. While we still believe the lagged effects of 2023 rate hikes could precipitate a US recession in 2024, this is no longer our base case view. We now expect a period of weak US growth and should a recession occur, a milder one than previously thought. Despite this upward revision, we remain below market consensus which increasingly expects steady US growth in 2024. In our view, a macroeconomic backdrop of tight labour markets and high interest rates limits the upside growth potential for the economy; we remain vigilant for evidence which refutes this stance.

Although the fourth-quarter risk asset rally left equities looking more expensive in absolute terms, lower bonds yields have improved valuations on a relative basis. Given our more benign economic outlook, we have moderated our negative medium-term view on equities. We prefer more defensive positioning, with current equity market pricing vulnerable to any negative surprises, in our view. The recent sharp rally in yields has prompted us to temper our positive outlook for government bonds. However, we still view rates as restrictive at current levels and anticipate further declines in government bond yields over the medium term.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) 15 March 2024

Important Note from the Manager Geopolitical Events

In response to events in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, the Manager is closely monitoring financial markets and any potential liquidity and volatility risks which may have an impact on the Sub-fund.

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited February 2024

Portfolio Statement

Portfolio Statement as at 15 February 2024

All investments are in investment grade securities, ordinary shares or collective investment schemes unless otherwise stated. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent holdings at 15 August 2023.

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	EQUITIES — 3.43% (3.90%)		
	United Kingdom — 1.36% (1.60%)		
250,332		106,842	0.12
110,718	Gore Street Energy Storage Fund	69,752	0.08
50,864	Grainger	135,400	0.15
107,648	Greencoat UK Wind	138,974	0.15
129,050	HICL Infrastructure	158,732	0.18
70,441	Home REIT ¹	_	_
71,281	Impact Healthcare REIT	56,954	0.06
107,365	Life Science REIT	52,179	0.06
4,975	National Grid	50,546	0.06
90,644	Primary Health Properties	83,619	0.09
125,377	Target Healthcare REIT	98,546	0.11
131,455	Triple Point Social Housing REIT	72,300	0.08
19,336	UNITE Group	193,940	0.22
		1,217,784	1.36
	Channel Islands — 0.45% (0.49%)		
132.608	GCP Infrastructure Investments	93,886	0.10
	International Public Partnerships	161,653	0.18
	Renewables Infrastructure Group	150,390	0.17
	·	405,929	0.45
	Continental Europe — 0.60% (0.59%)		
,	Cellnex Telecom	28,532	0.03
	Getlink	48,257	0.05
	Holmen	138,738	0.16
	Redeia Corporacion	47,480	0.05
	Stora Enso	43,829	0.05
	Svenska Cellulosa 'B'	183,117	0.20
7,659	Terna - Rete Elettrica Nazionale	<u>48,818</u> 538,771	0.06
1.51	North America — 0.77% (0.94%)	00.005	0.00
	American Tower	22,805	0.03
	Consolidated Edison Crown Castle	26,147 50,236	0.03
	Edison International	47,173	0.05
	Eversource Energy	23,970	0.03
	Hydro One	52,618	0.06
	PotlatchDeltic	162,071	0.18
	Rayonier	138,961	0.15
	SBA Communications	47,472	0.05
	Weyerhaeuser	118,202	0.13
4,440	Weyerindedser	689,655	0.77
1 127	Asia Pacific — 0.25% (0.28%) East Japan Railway	52,643	0.06
	MTR Corporation	35,682	0.04
	Oji Holdings	53,235	0.04
	Sumitomo Forestry Company	41,706	0.04

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	Asia Pacific — (cont.)		
6,597	Transurban Group	44,207	0.05
		227,473	0.25
	GOVERNMENT BONDS — 7.69% (6.76%) United Kingdom — 1.58% (1.71%) International Finance Facility for Immunisation 1.00% 21/04/2026 United Kingdom Gilt 0.875% 31/07/2033	509,213 915,755	0.56 1.02
		1,424,968	1.58
EUD1 45 000	Ireland — 0.13% (0.15%)	114 (70	0.12
EUR 145,000	Ireland Government Bond 1.35% 18/03/2031	114,670	0.13
	Continental Europe — 1.22% (1.43%)		
EUR894,311	Bundesrepublik Deutschland Bundesanleihe 0.00% 15/08/2030	664,169	0.74
EUR452,843	French Republic Government Bond 1.75% 25/06/2039	326,495	0.36
EUR190,000	Spain Government Bond 1.00% 30/07/2042	105,606	0.12
		1,096,270	1.22
USD5,587,000	North America — 4.76% (3.47%) United States Treasury Inflation Indexed Bonds 1.125% 15/01/2033	4,275,921	4.76
	SUPRANATIONAL — 4.91% (5.03%)		
GBP565,000	Asian Development Bank 0.25% 28/10/2027	488,416	0.54
EUR410,000	Council of Europe Development Bank 1.00% 13/04/2029	322,090	0.36
EUR265,000	European Investment Bank 0.05% 16/01/2030	194,467	0.22
	European Investment Bank 5.625% 07/06/2032	509,918	0.57
	European Investment Bank 1.5% 15/06/2032	147,548	0.16
	Inter-American Development Bank 2.25% 18/06/2029	537,877	0.60
	Inter-American Development Bank 3.5% 14/09/2029	114,284	0.13
	Inter-American Development Bank 1.125% 13/01/2031	274,758	0.31
	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 1.375% 20/04/2028	361,708	0.40
	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 1.25% 13/12/2028 International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 1.00% 21/12/2029	189,988 120,063	0.21 0.13
	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 3.875% 14/02/2030	522,021	0.13
	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 1.625% 03/11/2031	168,084	0.19
	International Development Association 0.75% 10/06/2027	340,208	0.38
	International Development Association 0.75% 21/09/2028	118,175	0.13
		4,409,605	4.91
	COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES INVESTING IN — 76.10% (78.36%): United Kingdom — 11.70% (12.15%)		
1,624,079	Legal & General All Stocks Gilt Index Trust 'I' Inc ²	1,553,107	1.73
16,414,892	Legal & General Future World ESG UK Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	8,924,777	9.93
62,604	Legal & General UK Property Fund 'L' Inc ²	33,531	0.04
		10,511,415	11.70
	Continental Europe 4 14% (5 94%)		
131.783	Continental Europe — 6.14% (5.84%) Legal & General Euro Treasury Bond Index Fund 'Z' Acc²	126,683	0.14
	Legal & General Future World ESG Europe ex UK Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	5,388,173	6.00
		5,514,856	6.14

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
7,436,397	North America — 5.02% (3.75%) Legal & General Future World ESG North America Index Fund 'L' Acc²	4,514,637	5.02
4 200 270	Asia Pacific — 5.95% (5.56%)	0.004.010	0.47
	Legal & General Future World ESG Asia Pacific Index Fund 'L' Acc ² Legal & General Future World ESG Japan Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	2,394,913 2,949,731	2.67 3.28
0,000,000		5,344,644	5.95
	Global — 36.17% (38.92%)		
1,314,607	Legal & General Active Global High Yield Bond Fund 'l' Inc ²	497,053	0.55
	Legal & General Artificial Intelligence 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	1,856,115	2.07
14,428	Legal & General Battery Value-Chain 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	186,319	0.21
97,104	Legal & General Clean Energy 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	748,575	0.83
49,451	Legal & General Clean Water 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	652,951	0.73
91,757	Legal & General ESG GBP Corporate Bond 0-5 Year 'GBP' Inc UCITS ETF	860,956	0.96
618,318	Legal & General ESG GBP Corporate Bond 'GBP' Inc UCITS ETF	4,935,414	5.49
	Legal & General Future World ESG Developed Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	12,855,464	14.31
	Legal & General Future World Global Credit Fund 'Z' Inc ²	46,453	0.05
	Legal & General Global High Yield Bond Fund 'Z' Acc GBP Hedged ²	1,305,077	1.45
	Legal & General Global Inflation Linked Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ²	2,061,890 2,709,830	2.29
	Legal & General Global Real Estate Dividend Index Fund 'L' Inc ² Legal & General Net Zero Global Corporate Bond Fund 'Z' Acc Hedged ²	2,709,830 3,779,730	3.02 4.21
3,704,326	Legal & General Net Zelo Global Colporate Bolta Forta Z. Acc neaged-		
		32,495,827	36.17
1 750 500	Emerging Markets — 11.12% (12.14%)		
1,/39,302	Legal & General ESG Emerging Markets Government Bond (Local Currency) Index Fund 'Z' Acc ²	1,788,006	1.99
2.648.946	Legal & General ESG Emerging Markets Government Bond (US\$) Index Fund 'Z'	.,, 66,666	,
	Acc ²	2,663,780	2.97
11,121,752	Legal & General Future World ESG Emerging Markets Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	5,536,408	6.16
		9,988,194	11.12
	EODWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS 0.059 (0.079)		
USD (1.58 625)	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — -0.05% (-0.06%) Sold US Dollars		
, ,	for Euro (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(2,327)	_
USD(3,303,074)		, ,	
GBP2,590,000	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(33,997)	(0.04)
USD(1,278,447)		1 200	
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ² Sold US Dollars	1,389	_
,	for Norwegian Krone (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(11,206)	(0.01)
	Sold Japanese Yen	(,,	()
	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	3,753	_
EUR(377,000)	Sold Euro for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	2,293	
035410,220	101 00 Dollars (EADIICS 17704) 2024)		(0.05)
		(40,095)	(0.05)
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — 0.15% (-0.24%)		
(10)	Euro Bond Future Expiry March 2024	(6,766)	(0.01)
	Long Gilt Future Expiry March 2024	14,300	0.02
	SFE 10 Year Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024	(3,032)	_
	Ultra 10 Year US Treasury Note Future Expiry March 2024	7,978	0.01
14	Ultra US Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024	32,135	0.04
3	Euro STOXX 50 Index Future Expiry March 2024	7,091	0.01
5	Euro STOXX 600 Food & Beverages Index Future Expiry March 2024	2,120	_
4	Euro STOXX 600 Health Care Future Expiry March 2024	9,541	0.01

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
	Investment	£	Assets
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — (cont.)		
19	Euro STOXX 600 Telecommunications Index Future Expiry March 2024	(5,987)	(0.01)
9	Euro STOXX 600 Utilities Index Future Expiry March 2024	(13,197)	(0.01)
(2)	FTSE 100 Index Future Expiry March 2024	1,600	_
3	SFE SPI 200 Index Future Expiry March 2024	13,138	0.01
2	TOPIX Future Expiry March 2024	24,329	0.03
1	EUR/GBP Currency Future Expiry March 2024	(1,037)	_
(28)	EUR/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	13,490	0.01
106	GBP/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	22,622	0.02
(5)	JPY/USD Currency Future Expiry March 2024	13,650	0.02
		131,975	0.15
Portfolio of investments ^{3,4}		82,862,499	92.23
Net other assets ⁵		6,984,423	7.77
Total net assets		£89,846,922	100.00%

¹ Suspended securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

Total purchases for the period: £14,746,103.

Total sales for the period: £6,086,219.

 $^{^{2}}$ Unlisted securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

³ Including investment liabilities.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 4}}$ All investments are admitted to an official stock exchange unless otherwise stated.

⁵ Includes shares in the LGIM Sterling Liquidity Plus Fund Class 1 to the value of £3,697,378 and LGIM Sterling Liquidity Fund Class 1 to the value of £2,670,000 which are shown as cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the Sub-fund.

Financial Statements

Balance Sheet as at 15 February 2024

15/02/24

15/08/23

						13/02/24	13/06/23
Statement of To	tal Returr)				£	£
for the period e	nded 15	February 2	024		ASSETS		
		15/02/24		15/02/23	Fixed assets:		
	£	13/02/24 £	£	15/02/25 £	Investments	82,940,048	69,243,997
	_	_	_	_	Current assets:		
Income					Debtors	362,832	274,973
Net capital gains/				/= /= aa //	Cash and bank balances	1,437,901	2,584,938
(losses)		4,890,538		(549,206)	Cash equivalents	6,367,378	3,214,809
Revenue	1,085,354		606,979		Total assets	91,108,159	75,318,717
Expenses	(141,632)		(95,196)			71,100,107	73,010,717
Interest					LIABILITIES		
payable and similar					Investment liabilities	(77,549)	(314,629)
charges	(29,112)		(16,538)		Creditors:		
Net revenue before taxation	914,610		495,245		Bank overdrafts	(697,867)	(1,015,071)
Taxation	(80,510)		(28,881)		Distributions payable	(149,646)	(167,985)
Net revenue		_			Other creditors	(336,175)	(296,752)
after taxation for the period		834,100		466,364	Total liabilities	(1,261,237)	(1,794,437)
Total return	_		_		Net assets attributable		
before distributions		5,724,638		(82,842)	to Unitholders	£89,846,922	£73,524,280
Distributions		(836,088)		(467,403)			
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activities	_	£4,888,550	_	£(550,245)			
	_		_				

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders for the period ended 15 February 2024

	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £
Opening net assets attributable to Unitholders	3	73,524,280		49,756,305
Amounts received on issue of units	16,619,066		14,523,759	
Amounts paid on cancellation of units	(5,975,811)	_	(2,227,808)	
		10,643,255		12,295,951
Dilution levy ¹		712		_
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activitie	es	4,888,550		(550,245)
Retained distribution on accumulation u		758,480		503,934
Compensation		31,645		_
Closing net assets attributable to Unitholders	_	£89,846,922		£62,005,945

Restated comparative figure to present separately dilution levy from amounts received on issue of units and amounts paid on cancellation of units.

The difference between the opening net assets and the comparative closing net assets is the movement in the second half of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with the most recent annual Financial Statements.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. In making this assessment, the Manager has considered, amongst other things, factors such as Sub-fund size, cash flows through the Sub-fund and Sub-fund liquidity in its assessment of the Sub-fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the twelve month period from the date the financial statements are signed. Based on this assessment, the Manager deems the basis of preparation appropriate.

Sub-fund Information

Net Asset Values and Units in Issue

Class	Net Asset Value (£)	Units in Issue	Net Asset Value per Unit (p)
R-Class			
Distribution Units	1,215	2,127	57.12
Accumulation Units	164,667	269,120	61.19
I-Class			
Distribution Units	14,685,901	25,686,702	57.17
Accumulation Units	70,427,866	113,744,871	61.92
C-Class			
Distribution Units	1,011	2,000	50.55
Accumulation Units	4,565,744	8,481,566	53.83
L-Class			
Accumulation Units	518	829	62.48

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Ongoing Charges Figures

	15 Feb 24	15 Aug 23
R-Class	0.66%	0.66%
I-Class	0.36%	0.36%
C-Class	0.29%	0.29%
L-Class	0.08%	0.08%

The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is the ratio of the Sub-fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) and all costs suffered through holdings in underlying Collective Investment Schemes, to the average net assets of the Sub-fund.

The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Distribution Information

R-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.5110p per unit for distribution units and 0.5426p per unit for accumulation units.

I-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 05824p per unit for distribution units and 0.6239p per unit for accumulation units.

C-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.5325p per unit for distribution units and 0.5571p per unit for accumulation units.

L-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.7008p per unit for accumulation units.

Risk and Reward Profile



- The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. It is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Sub-fund. The shaded area in the table above shows the Sub-fund's ranking on the Risk and Reward Indicator.
- The Sub-fund is in category four because the mix of different asset types in which the Sub-fund invests has a balancing effect on the rate at which the Sub-fund share price moves up and down. This type of fund is generally considered to be higher risk than one investing only in bonds and lower risk than one investing only in company shares.
- Even a fund in the lowest category is not a risk free investment.

The Sub-fund targets risk profile five as calculated by Distribution Technology. They are an independent agency who provide risk profiling tools to advisers and fund managers.

The Risk and Reward profile scale above is calculated differently to the Distribution Technology Risk Profiles. The Distribution Technology profiles range from 1 to 10 with 10 being the highest (rather than a scale of 1 to 7 for the Risk and Reward profile).

More information on the Distribution Technology risk profiles is shown in the Prospectus. Alternatively, you can contact us with any queries.

Manager's Investment Report

Investment Objective and Policy

The objective of the Sub-fund is to provide a combination of growth and income within a pre-determined risk profile. The Sub-fund's potential gains and losses are likely to be constrained by the objective to remain within the risk profile.

The risk profiles used by the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range reflect the scale of risk that each fund can take in pursuit of achieving its investment objective, with 1 being the lowest risk and 10 being the highest risk. The risk profiles are based on pre-determined volatility bands determined by an external agency, please refer to the "Additional Information" section below for more detail. This Sub-fund's objective is to remain within the risk profile 6.

The Sub-fund's risk profile is managed by adjusting the level of exposure to bonds, shares in companies, money market instruments and alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property within the portfolio based on the scale and frequency of their change in value. The Investment Manager uses a flexible asset allocation approach meaning that the Sub-fund's exposure to each asset class will vary over time. For full details of the portfolio breakdown, please refer to the factsheet available on the Manager's website.

The Sub-fund is actively managed and will invest at least 75% in collective investment schemes. At least 50% of the Sub-fund will invest in index tracker schemes which are operated by the Manager or an Associate.

The Sub-fund may have exposure (directly and/or indirectly) to bonds (both government and non-government), shares in companies, money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash,permitted deposits and indirectly to alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property. Due to the risk profile, the expectation is that the Sub-fund will typically have higher exposure to shares in companies (typically between 50% and 90%, however it is not guaranteed and the exposure can be lower or higher than the stated range) than to bonds, money market instruments and cash relative to other funds with a lower risk profile in the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range. However, the Sub-fund may still have exposure to such lower risk assets.

The Sub-fund may make limited use of derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes.

The Sub-fund belongs to the Future World product range which represents the Manager's conviction and framework for responsible investing. The Sub-fund aims to reduce exposure to issuers associated with poor environmental, social and governance (ESG) practices and to provide greater exposure to those that are better positioned from an ESG perspective. ESG practices being considered may include but are not limited to carbon footprint consideration, workforce diversity and numbers of independent directors on the board. The Sub-fund aims to achieve this by investing at least 75% in other collective investment schemes or direct holdings which, in the Investment Manager's view, can be considered ESG assets. These include:

I. collective investment schemes that also belong to the Future World product range and are aligned with LGIM's Future World principles such as:

i. the application of LGIM's Climate Impact Pledge, which maps out a large number of companies worldwide, in climate-critical sectors against key indicators; and

ii. minimum exclusions criteria in accordance with LGIM's Future World Protection List, which captures companies failing to meet globally accepted business practices on sustainability, or our minimum requirements on the carbon transition (for further information on LGIM's Climate Impact Pledge and LGIM's Future World Protection List, please refer to the Definitions in Section 1 of the prospectus);

II. collective investment schemes outside of the Future World product range which enhance their ESG profile by increasing investment in companies or government issuers that demonstrate strong ESG characteristics, and/or reducing, though not necessarily removing, investment in those with lower ESG characteristics, using proprietary and external ESG research. This may include but not limited to funds tracking a Benchmark Index that is designed to increase exposure to companies that demonstrate good ESG efforts by tilting towards companies awarded higher ESG scores and away from those awarded lower scores;

III. collective investment schemes and direct holdings that in the Investment Manager's opinion can deliver clear sustainable characteristics, such as green bonds or instruments providing exposure to renewable energy infrastructure (for a complete list of the types of assets which currently fall in this category please refer to the Sub-fund's factsheet available on the Manager's website); and

IV. collective investment schemes other than those described above and direct holdings screened against the Manager's minimum exclusion criteria which comprises a minimum ESG score (determined using proprietary and external ESG research) and, where applicable, contravention of international norms (e.g. UN Global Compact violation). For a complete list of the types of assets which currently fall in this category please refer to the Sub-fund's factsheet available on the Manager's website.

Manager's Investment Report continued

The Investment Manager may actively engage with companies on specific ESG issues and to drive improvement in a company's ESG profile. The Investment Manager may formulate an engagement strategy with regards to an ESG issue and will track and review the progress of the company during the process. This active engagement may be conducted by the Investment Manager and/or in collaboration with industry peers and broader stakeholders. In the case of climate engagement, if, following a reasonable timeframe, engagement does not result in an improvement in the issues identified, then the Investment Manager may disinvest from that company.

The Sub-fund's ability to incorporate ESG criteria may be limited when the Investment Manager may need to increase the Sub-fund's cash exposure in volatile market conditions given the Sub-fund's primary objective to remain within its risk profile.

Manager's Investment Report

During the period under review, the published price of the Sub-fund's I-Class accumulation units increased by 7.16%.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Market/Economic Review

Over the six months under review, inflationary pressures and tighter monetary policy dominated the thoughts of market participants. Fears of an economic slowdown remain at the forefront of the minds of investors but, even with inflation falling across developed markets, expectations are that interest rates will remain higher for longer and no sharp cutting of rates is anticipated imminently.

In the UK, there was positive news as wage growth slowed yet further in the three months to November, rising at an annual rate of 6.50%, down from 7.20% in the three months to October. Annualised consumer price inflation was at 4.00% in December. The Bank of England has held rates unchanged at the 15-year high of 5.25% since its August 2023 meeting, while expectations for rate cuts have been pushed into the back end of 2024 at the earliest.

In the US, Federal Reserve (Fed) Chair Jerome Powell poured cold water on the prospects of an interest rate cut in March, despite inflation continuing to fall in recent months. The US Central Bank chief explained that the Fed needs to have confidence that inflation is 'sustainably' lower. US interest rates remain at a 23-year high of between 5.25% and 5.50%.

The European Central Bank (ECB) kept its headline deposit facility rate at an all-time high of 4.00% in January, with President Christine Lagarde reiterating that it is premature to be discussing interest rate cuts.

Global equity markets made decent gains over the six months in US Dollar terms, despite developed market monetary tightening in progress and recessionary fears coming to the fore.

US equities made solid gains over the period in US Dollar terms and outperformed the global average. Communication services and technology led the way with double-digit returns, while strong performances also came from financials and healthcare. UK equities finished the six-month period in marginal negative territory in Sterling terms, some way behind the global average. At the sector level, while technology enjoyed a strong six months, along with decent showings from real estate and industrials, these were largely offset by weakness from other sectors. European equity markets rose over the six months in Euro terms but marginally underperformed the global average over the period.

Asia Pacific ex Japan equity markets lost notable ground over the past six months in US Dollar terms and underperformed global equities. While Chinese equities had rallied at the start of 2023 as Beijing announced an easing of its pandemic restrictions, the rebound could not be sustained. Indeed, over the six months, the Chinese market lost significant ground on fears about the state of its property market and the general health of its ailing economy. India, by contrast, delivered a double-digit return.

Benchmark developed market government bond yields painted a mixed picture, with significant fluctuations throughout the period. The yield on the 10-year US Treasury was flat from start to finish but this masks a 100 basis-point rise to mid-October before falling back to almost flat by year end on rate-cutting expectations and growing hopes of an economic 'soft landing'. The yield on the 10-year UK Gilt fell (prices rose) markedly; it started the period touching the heady highs it reached during the brief tenure of the Liz Truss-led Conservative government, before falling sharply, by 90 basis points, into year end. It then rose again marginally in January. The yield on the 10-year German Bund made a less drastic move, but still fell sharply over the period.

Elsewhere, Japanese government bond yields moved higher over the period. Towards the end of the period, the Bank of Japan made the notable move to effectively scrap its yield curve control, having eased the limits over the course of the past 12 months. The policy, in place since 2016, had limited the movement of the 10-year bond yield to 0.50%.

Spreads on UK investment-grade bonds narrowed over the six months. Spreads on US investment-grade bonds narrowed too but were tighter than their UK peers, a move matched by European investment-grade bonds. High yield bond yield spreads, having fluctuated early in the period, also narrowed over the six months as a whole.

Despite the headwinds of tight Fed monetary policy, fears of a US recession and ongoing worries around the economic growth prospects of the world's second largest economy, China, emerging market debt held up remarkably well over the period, making decent gains.

Manager's Investment Report continued

Sub-fund Review

The Sub-fund delivered a positive return over the period, with the main positive contributions to performance coming from Index ESG US Equities & Index ESG European ex-UK equities. There were no significant negative contributors over the period.

In the third quarter of 2023, we reduced exposure to UK Gilts and added to global government bonds, following strong performance from our UK Gilt trade which we have held in recent months.

In the same period, we also increased our exposure to listed infrastructure, which includes sustainable infrastructure stocks and trusts. Relative valuations for listed infrastructure (compared to equites) have become more interesting recently, driven by weak infrastructure returns. However, we consider listed infrastructure to be a 'defensive' asset class, and given we are currently forecasting a recession, we would expect relative outperformance for the asset class, and are looking for opportunities in this space.

In the fourth quarter of 2023, we increased our exposure to ESG index equities. We have softened our negative view on the economic cycle given the continued economic resilience in the US in recent months and the downside surprises to inflation across developed markets. We have also seen some of the concerns around the global banking sector soften since some of the bank failures earlier in 2023.

In the last few months of 2023, we also reduced our exposure to US inflation-linked bonds over December. This followed downside surprises to inflation across developed markets which has brought forward expectations for interest rate cuts among investors. This has led to large falls in bond yields which worsens the valuation case, in our view. We still maintain a positive view on bonds given bond yields are still attractive in our view, despite falling, and the exposure would benefit either from further downside surprises to inflation, or from a recessionary outcome – one of the key scenarios we consider.

Outlook

Stronger-than-expected US economic data, more rapid declines in inflation, and a policy pivot by the Fed has led us to adjust our base case economic forecast for 2024, with the Fed now seemingly more willing to risk stoking inflation to support economic growth through rate cuts. While we still believe the lagged effects of 2023 rate hikes could precipitate a US recession in 2024, this is no longer our base case view. We now expect a period of weak US growth and should a recession occur, a milder one than previously thought. Despite this upward revision, we remain below market consensus which increasingly expects steady US growth in 2024. In our view, a macroeconomic backdrop of tight labour markets and high interest rates limits the upside growth potential for the economy; we remain vigilant for evidence which refutes this stance.

Although the fourth-quarter risk asset rally left equities looking more expensive in absolute terms, lower bonds yields have improved valuations on a relative basis. Given our more benign economic outlook, we have moderated our negative mediumterm view on equities. We prefer more defensive positioning, with current equity market pricing vulnerable to any negative surprises, in our view. The recent sharp rally in yields has prompted us to temper our positive outlook for government bonds. However, we still view rates as restrictive at current levels and anticipate further declines in government bond yields over the medium term.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) 15 March 2024

Important Note from the Manager Geopolitical Events

In response to events in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, the Manager is closely monitoring financial markets and any potential liquidity and volatility risks which may have an impact on the Sub-fund.

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited February 2024

Portfolio Statement

Portfolio Statement as at 15 February 2024

All investments are in investment grade securities, ordinary shares or collective investment schemes unless otherwise stated. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent holdings at 15 August 2023.

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£	Assets
	EQUITIES — 3.58% (3.72%) United Kingdom — 1.42% (1.40%)		
37,119	Assura	15,842	0.11
18,968	Gore Street Energy Storage Fund	11,950	0.08
8,516	Grainger	22,670	0.15
25,703	Greencoat UK Wind	33,183	0.22
24,012	HICL Infrastructure	29,535	0.20
3,798	Home REIT ¹	_	_
16,576	Impact Healthcare REIT	13,244	0.09
23,117	Life Science REIT	11,235	0.07
479	National Grid	4,867	0.03
23,155	Primary Health Properties	21,360	0.14
11,689	Target Healthcare REIT	9,187	0.06
16,687	Triple Point Social Housing REIT	9,178	0.06
3,235	UNITE Group	32,447	0.21
		214,698	1.42
	Channel Islands 0 5007 (0 4707)		
10 751	Channel Islands — 0.50% (0.47%) GCP Infrastructure Investments	13,984	0.09
	International Public Partnerships	33,350	0.07
	Renewables Infrastructure Group	28,721	0.22
27,210	kenewabies initiasitaciale Group	76,055	0.17
1.40	Continental Europe — 0.47% (0.61%)	4.005	0.00
	Cellnex Telecom	4,235	0.03
	Getlink	5,027	0.03
	Holmen	20,567	0.14
	Redeia Corporacion	5,056	0.03
	Stora Enso	5,550	0.04
	Svenska Cellulosa 'B'	25,825	0.17
/32	Terna - Rete Elettrica Nazionale	4,666	0.03
		70,926	0.47
	North America — 0.97% (0.87%)		
	American Tower	9,363	0.06
	Consolidated Edison	7,010	0.05
	Crown Castle	9,220	0.06
	Edison International	5,265	0.04
	Eversource Energy	4,682	0.03
	Hydro One	8,502	0.06
	PotlatchDeltic	32,199	0.21
	Rayonier	23,665	0.16
	SBA Communications	16,834	0.11
1,106	Weyerhaeuser	29,444	0.19
		146,184	0.97
	Asia Pacific — 0.22% (0.37%)		
	East Japan Railway	8,408	0.05
	MTR Corporation	5,734	0.04
	Oji Holdings	5,838	0.04
275	Sumitomo Forestry Company	5,884	0.04

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	Asia Pacific — (cont.)		
1,067	Transurban Group	7,150	0.05
		33,014	0.22
	COVERNMENT ROMPS / 1007 / 4 FORT)		
	GOVERNMENT BONDS — 6.19% (4.50%) United Kingdom — 1.57% (1.72%)		
USD58,000	International Finance Facility for Immunisation 1.00% 21/04/2026	42,557	0.28
GBP257,696	United Kingdom Gilt 0.875% 31/07/2033	194,122	1.29
		236,679	1.57
	Continental Europe — 0.20% (0.33%)		
EUR41,407	Bundesrepublik Deutschland Bundesanleihe 0.00% 15/08/2030	30,751	0.20
	North America — 4.42% (2.45%)		
USD872,900	United States Treasury Inflation Indexed Bonds 1.125% 15/01/2033	668,060	4.42
	SUPRANATIONAL — 3.94% (3.49%)		
GBP91,000	Asian Development Bank 0.25% 28/10/2027	78,665	0.52
	European Investment Bank 2.75% 28/07/2028	12,873	0.08
GBP65,000	European Investment Bank 5.625% 07/06/2032	71,897	0.48
USD58,000	Inter-American Development Bank 3.5% 14/09/2029	44,190	0.29
	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 1.375% 20/04/2028	86,020	0.57
	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 1.25% 13/12/2028	37,647	0.25
	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 1.00% 21/12/2029	27,707	0.18
	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 3.875% 14/02/2030 International Development Association 0.75% 10/06/2027	178,138 21,131	1.18 0.14
	International Development Association 0.75% 21/09/2028	37,679	0.14
ОЫ 44,000	illiandididi Bevolopinani / issocianon e./ e/s 21/07/2020	595,947	3.94
	COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES INVESTING IN — 82.51% (84.44%): United Kingdom — 15.57% (15.74%)		
56,427	Legal & General All Stocks Gilt Index Trust 'I' Inc ²	53,961	0.36
	Legal & General Future World ESG UK Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	2,300,383	15.21
		2,354,344	15.57
0.007.010	Continental Europe — 8.55% (8.59%)	1 000 /00	0.55
2,306,213	Legal & General Future World ESG Europe ex UK Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	1,292,632	8.55
4 0 40 170	North America — 19.45% (18.00%)	0.000.400	10.45
4,842,172	Legal & General Future World ESG North America Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	2,939,682	19.45
	Asia Pacific — 9.89% (9.63%)		
	Legal & General Future World ESG Asia Pacific Index Fund 'L' Acc²	752,490	4.98
1,335,984	Legal & General Future World ESG Japan Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	743,074	4.91
		1,495,564	9.89
	Global — 15.43% (17.87%)		
192,338	Legal & General Active Global High Yield Bond Fund 'I' Inc ²	72,723	0.48
21,039	Legal & General Artificial Intelligence 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	322,486	2.13
	Legal & General Battery Value-Chain 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	24,033	0.16
	Legal & General Clean Energy 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	92,539	0.61
	Legal & General Clean Water 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	123,761	0.82
9,969	Legal & General ESG GBP Corporate Bond 0-5 Year 'GBP' Inc UCITS ETF	93,539	0.62

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	Global — (cont.)		
	Legal & General ESG GBP Corporate Bond 'GBP' Inc UCITS ETF	248,576	1.64
	Legal & General Global High Yield Bond Fund 'Z' Acc GBP Hedged ²	310,799	2.06
	Legal & General Global Inflation Linked Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ²	309,670	2.05
	Legal & General Global Infrastructure Index Fund 'L' Inc ²	495	_
	Legal & General Global Real Estate Dividend Index Fund 'L' Inc ²	470,884	3.12
258,452	Legal & General Net Zero Global Corporate Bond Fund 'Z' Acc Hedged ²	263,698	1.74
		2,333,203	15.43
215,403	Emerging Markets — 13.62% (14.61%) Legal & General ESG Emerging Markets Government Bond (Local Currency) Index Fund 'Z' Acc²	218,893	1.45
299,257	Legal & General ESG Emerging Markets Government Bond (US\$) Index Fund 'Z'		
	Acc ²	300,933	1.99
3,093,374	Legal & General Future World ESG Emerging Markets Index Fund 'L' Acc²	1,539,882	10.18
		2,059,708	13.62
	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — -0.08% (-0.14%)		
	Sold US Dollars for Furo (Expires 19/04/2024)?	(658)	
	for Euro (Expires 19/04/2024) ² Sold US Dollars	(656)	_
, ,	for Euro (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(242)	_
	Sold US Dollars	,	
GBP168,000	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	229	_
, ,	Sold US Dollars		
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(9,126)	(0.06)
, ,	Sold US Dollars for Japanese Ven (Expires 19/04/2024)?	(514)	
	for Japanese Yen (Expires 19/04/2024) ² Sold US Dollars	(514)	_
	for Japanese Yen (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(2,254)	(0.02)
	Sold US Dollars	(2,201)	(0.02)
	for Norwegian Krone (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(2,190)	(0.02)
USD(28,618)	Sold US Dollars		
NOK299,000	for Norwegian Krone (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(151)	_
EUR(191,800)			
	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	3,096	0.02
, ,	Sold Sterling for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	542	
000102,044	101 00 Dollars (Expires 17704) 2024)	(11,268)	(0.08)
			<u>`</u>
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — -0.05% (-0.10%)		
3	Long Gilt Future Expiry March 2024	(3,470)	(0.02)
1	SFE 10 Year Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024	(202)	_
1	Ultra US Treasury Bond Future Expiry March 2024	2,732	0.02
1	US 10 Year Treasury Notes Future Expiry March 2024	(50)	_
(2)	Euro STOXX 50 Index Future Expiry March 2024	(3,126)	(0.02)
1	Euro STOXX 600 Food & Beverages Index Future Expiry March 2024	287	_
1	Euro STOXX 600 Health Care Future Expiry March 2024	(231)	_
	Euro STOXX 600 Telecommunications Index Future Expiry March 2024	(1,156)	(0.01)
2	Euro STOXX 600 Utilities Index Future Expiry March 2024	(2,925)	(0.02)

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£	Assets
	FUTURES CONTRACTS — (cont.)		
(1)	MSCI Emerging Markets Index Future Expiry March 2024	(80)	
		(8,221)	(0.05)
Portfolio of investments ^{3,4}		14,527,958	96.09
Net other assets⁵		591,492	3.91
Total net assets		£15,119,450	100.00%

 $^{^{1}\,}$ Suspended securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

Total purchases for the period: £6,029,585. Total sales for the period: £763,500.

 $^{^{2}}$ Unlisted securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

³ Including investment liabilities.

⁴ All investments are admitted to an official stock exchange unless otherwise stated.

⁵ Includes shares in the LGIM Sterling Liquidity Plus Fund Class 1 to the value of £382,128 and LGIM Sterling Liquidity Fund Class 1 to the value of £146,000 which are shown as cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the Sub-fund.

Financial Statements

Balance Sheet as at 15 February 2024

						15/02/24 £	15/08/23 £
Statement of To for the period of			024		ASSETS	L	r
ioi iiio ponou i		-		15/00/02	Fixed assets:		
	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £	Investments	14,554,333	8,541,286
	_	_	_	_	Current assets:		
Income					Debtors	160,197	37,826
Net capital gains		677,884		84,770	Cash and bank balances	190,335	127,661
Revenue	142,509		21,723		Cash equivalents	528,128	274,143
Expenses	(17,275)		(3,114)		Total assets	15,432,993	8,980,916
Interest payable and similar					LIABILITIES		
charges	(3,224)		(247)		Investment liabilities	(26,375)	(30,682)
Net revenue					Creditors:		
before taxation	122,010		18,362		Bank overdrafts	(10,500)	(17,044)
Taxation	(6,305)		(1,109)		Distributions payable	(43,449)	(19,310)
Net revenue after taxation for					Other creditors	(233,219)	(40,570)
the period	_	115,705	_	17,253	Total liabilities	(313,543)	(107,606)
Total return before distributions		793,589		102,023	Net assets attributable to Unitholders	£15,119,450	£8,873,310
Distributions		(115,942)		(17,299)			
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activities	_	£677,647	_	£84,724			

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders for the period ended 15 February 2024

	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £
Opening net assets attributable to Unitholders		8,873,310		1,918,457
Amounts received on issue of units	7,289,066		3,468,174	
Amounts paid on cancellation of units	(1,840,376)	_	(1,488,314)	
		5,448,690		1,979,860
Dilution levy		824		_
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activitie	s	677,647		84,724
Retained distribution on accumulation un		118,979		26,762
Closing net assets attributable to Unitholders	_	£15,119,450	_	£4,009,803

The difference between the opening net assets and the comparative closing net assets is the movement in the second half of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with the most recent annual Financial Statements.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. In making this assessment, the Manager has considered, amongst other things, factors such as Sub-fund size, cash flows through the Sub-fund and Sub-fund liquidity in its assessment of the Sub-fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least the twelve month period from the date the financial statements are signed. Based on this assessment, the Manager deems the basis of preparation appropriate.

Sub-fund Information

Net Asset Values and Units in Issue

Class I-Class Distribution Units Accumulation Units	Net Asset Value (£) 4,063,057 6,739,031	7,432,476	Net Asset Value per Unit (p) 54.67 56.21
C-Class Distribution Units Accumulation Units	22,597 2,743,489	41,357 4,876,397	54.64 56.26
L-Class Accumulation Units	1,551,276	2,749,609	56.42

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Ongoing Charges Figures

	15 Feb 24	15 Aug 23
I-Class	0.36%	0.36%
C-Class	0.29%	0.29%
L-Class	0.08%	0.08%

The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is the ratio of the Sub-fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) and all costs suffered through holdings in underlying Collective Investment Schemes, to the average net assets of the Sub-fund.

The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Distribution Information

I-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.5812p per unit for distribution units and 0.5915p per unit for accumulation units.

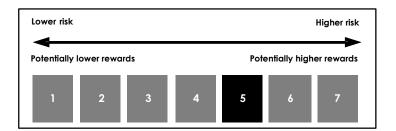
C-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.6007p per unit for distribution units and 0.6070p per unit for accumulation units.

L-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.6714p per unit for accumulation units.

Risk and Reward Profile



- The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. It is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Sub-fund. The shaded area in the table above shows the Sub-fund's ranking on the Risk and Reward Indicator.
- The Sub-fund is in category five because the mix of different asset types in which the Sub-fund invests has a balancing effect on the rate at which the Sub-fund share price moves up and down. This type of fund is generally considered to be higher risk than one investing only in bonds and lower risk than one investing only in company shares.
- Even a fund in the lowest category is not a risk free investment.

The Sub-fund targets risk profile six as calculated by Distribution Technology. They are an independent agency who provides risk profiling tools to advisers and fund managers.

The Risk and Reward profile scale above is calculated differently to the Distribution Technology Risk Profiles. The Distribution Technology profiles range from 1 to 10 with 10 being the highest (rather than a scale of 1 to 7 for the Risk and Reward profile).

More information on the Distribution Technology risk profiles is shown in the Prospectus. Alternatively, you can contact us with any queries.

Manager's Investment Report

Investment Objective and Policy

The objective of the Sub-fund is to provide a combination of growth and income within a pre-determined risk profile. The Sub-fund's potential gains and losses are likely to be constrained by the objective to remain within the risk profile.

The risk profiles used by the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range reflect the scale of risk that each fund can take in pursuit of achieving its investment objective, with 1 being the lowest risk and 10 being the highest risk. The risk profiles are based on pre-determined volatility bands determined by an external agency, please refer to the "Additional Information" section below for more detail. This Sub-fund's objective is to remain within the risk profile 7.

The Sub-fund's risk profile is managed by adjusting the level of exposure to bonds, shares in companies, money market instruments and alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property within the portfolio based on the scale and frequency of their change in value. The Investment Manager uses a flexible asset allocation approach meaning that the Sub-fund's exposure to each asset class will vary over time. For full details of the portfolio breakdown, please refer to the factsheet available on the Manager's website.

The Sub-fund is actively managed and will invest at least 75% in collective investment schemes. At least 50% of the Sub-fund will invest in index tracker schemes which are operated by the Manager or an Associate.

The Sub-fund may have exposure (directly and/or indirectly) to bonds (both government and non-government), shares in companies, money market instruments (such as Treasury bills), cash, permitted deposits and indirectly to alternative asset classes (such as commodities) and property. Due to the risk profile, the expectation is that the Sub-fund will typically have higher exposure to shares in companies (typically between 70% and 95%, however is it not guaranteed and the exposure can be lower or higher than the stated range) than to bonds, money market instruments and cash relative to other funds with a lower risk profile in the Legal & General Multi-Index Funds range. However, whilst the Sub-fund will focus on investing in shares in companies compared to other funds in the range, it may still have exposure to bonds, money market instruments and cash.

The Sub-fund may make limited use of derivatives for Efficient Portfolio Management purposes.

The Sub-fund belongs to the Future World product range which represents the Manager's conviction and framework for responsible investing. The Sub-fund aims to reduce exposure to issuers associated with poor environmental, social and governance (ESG) practices and to provide greater exposure to those that are better positioned from an ESG perspective. ESG practices being considered may include but are not limited to carbon footprint consideration, workforce diversity and numbers of independent directors on the board. The Sub-fund aims to achieve this by investing at least 75% in other collective investment schemes or direct holdings which, in the Investment Manager's view, can be considered ESG assets. These include:

I. collective investment schemes that also belong to the Future World product range and are aligned with LGIM's Future World principles such as:

i. the application of LGIM's Climate Impact Pledge, which maps out a large number of companies worldwide, in climate-critical sectors against key indicators; and

ii. minimum exclusions criteria in accordance with LGIM's Future World Protection List, which captures companies failing to meet globally accepted business practices on sustainability, or our minimum requirements on the carbon transition (for further information on LGIM's Climate Impact Pledge and LGIM's Future World Protection List, please refer to the Definitions in Section 1 of the prospectus);

II. collective investment schemes outside of the Future World product range which enhance their ESG profile by increasing investment in companies or government issuers that demonstrate strong ESG characteristics, and/or reducing, though not necessarily removing, investment in those with lower ESG characteristics, using proprietary and external ESG research. This may include but not limited to funds tracking a benchmark index that is designed to increase exposure to companies that demonstrate good ESG efforts by tilting towards companies awarded higher ESG scores and away from those awarded lower scores;

III. collective investment schemes and direct holdings that in the Investment Manager's opinion can deliver clear sustainable characteristics, such as green bonds or instruments providing exposure to renewable energy infrastructure (for a complete list of the types of assets which currently fall in this category please refer to the Sub-fund's factsheet available on the Manager's website); and

IV. collective investment schemes other than those described above and direct holdings screened against the Manager's minimum exclusion criteria which comprises a minimum ESG score (determined using proprietary and external ESG research) and, where applicable, contravention of international norms (e.g. UN Global Compact violation). For a complete list of the types of assets which currently fall in this category please refer to the Sub-fund's factsheet available on the Manager's website.

Manager's Investment Report continued

The Investment Manager may actively engage with companies on specific ESG issues and to drive improvement in a company's ESG profile. The Investment Manager may formulate an engagement strategy with regards to an ESG issue and will track and review the progress of the company during the process. This active engagement may be conducted by the Investment Manager and/or in collaboration with industry peers and broader stakeholders. In the case of climate engagement, if, following a reasonable timeframe, engagement does not result in an improvement in the issues identified, then the Investment Manager may disinvest from that company.

The Sub-fund's ability to incorporate ESG criteria may be limited when the Investment Manager may need to increase the Sub-fund's cash exposure in volatile market conditions given the Sub-fund's primary objective to remain within its risk profile.

Manager's Investment Report

During the period under review, the published price of the Sub-fund's I-Class accumulation units increased by 8.55%.

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The value of investments and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Market/Economic Review

Over the six months under review, inflationary pressures and tighter monetary policy dominated the thoughts of market participants. Fears of an economic slowdown remain at the forefront of the minds of investors but, even with inflation falling across developed markets, expectations are that interest rates will remain higher for longer and no sharp cutting of rates is anticipated imminently.

In the UK, there was positive news as wage growth slowed yet further in the three months to November, rising at an annual rate of 6.50%, down from 7.20% in the three months to October. Annualised consumer price inflation was at 4.00% in December. The Bank of England has held rates unchanged at the 15-year high of 5.25% since its August 2023 meeting, while expectations for rate cuts have been pushed into the back end of 2024 at the earliest.

In the US, Federal Reserve (Fed) Chair Jerome Powell poured cold water on the prospects of an interest rate cut in March, despite inflation continuing to fall in recent months. The US central bank chief explained that the Fed needs to have confidence that inflation is 'sustainably' lower. US interest rates remain at a 23-year high of between 5.25% and 5.50%.

The European Central Bank (ECB) kept its headline deposit facility rate at an all-time high of 4.00% in January, with President Christine Lagarde reiterating that it is premature to be discussing interest rate cuts.

Global equity markets made decent gains over the six months in US Dollar terms, despite developed market monetary tightening in progress and recessionary fears coming to the fore.

US equities made solid gains over the period in US Dollar terms and outperformed the global average. Communication services and technology led the way with double-digit returns, while strong performances also came from financials and healthcare. UK equities finished the six-month period in marginal negative territory in Sterling terms, some way behind the global average. At the sector level, while technology enjoyed a strong six months, along with decent showings from real estate and industrials, these were largely offset by weakness from other sectors. European equity markets rose over the six months in Euro terms but marginally underperformed the global average over the period.

Asia Pacific ex Japan equity markets lost notable ground over the past six months in US Dollar terms and underperformed global equities. While Chinese equities had rallied at the start of 2023 as Beijing announced an easing of its pandemic restrictions, the rebound could not be sustained. Indeed, over the six months, the Chinese market lost significant ground on fears about the state of its property market and the general health of its ailing economy. India, by contrast, delivered a double-digit return.

Benchmark developed market government bond yields painted a mixed picture, with significant fluctuations throughout the period. The yield on the 10-year US Treasury was flat from start to finish but this masks a 100 basis-point rise to mid-October before falling back to almost flat by year end on rate-cutting expectations and growing hopes of an economic 'soft landing'. The yield on the 10-year UK Gilt fell (prices rose) markedly; it started the period touching the heady highs it reached during the brief tenure of the Liz Truss-led Conservative government, before falling sharply, by 90 basis points, into year end. It then rose again marginally in January. The yield on the 10-year German Bund made a less drastic move, but still fell sharply over the period.

Elsewhere, Japanese government bond yields moved higher over the period. Towards the end of the period, the Bank of Japan made the notable move to effectively scrap its yield curve control, having eased the limits over the course of the past 12 months. The policy, in place since 2016, had limited the movement of the 10-year bond yield to 0.50%.

Spreads on UK investment-grade bonds narrowed over the six months. Spreads on US investment-grade bonds narrowed too but were tighter than their UK peers, a move matched by European investment-grade bonds. High yield bond yield spreads, having fluctuated early in the period, also narrowed over the six months as a whole.

Despite the headwinds of tight Fed monetary policy, fears of a US recession and ongoing worries around the economic growth prospects of the world's second largest economy, China, emerging market debt held up remarkably well over the period, making decent gains.

Manager's Investment Report continued

Sub-fund Review

The Sub-fund delivered a positive return over the period, with the main positive contributions to performance coming from Index ESG US Equities & Japanese equities. There were no significant negative contributors over the period.

In the third quarter of 2023, we increased exposure to listed infrastructure. Relative valuations for listed infrastructure (compared to equites) have become more interesting recently, driven by weak infrastructure returns. However, we consider listed infrastructure to be a 'defensive' asset class, and given we are currently forecasting a recession, we would expect relative outperformance for the asset class, and are looking for opportunities in this space.

In the fourth quarter of 2023, we reduced our exposure to decarbonisation stocks following an increase to this exposure earlier in the quarter. Since the increase, we saw weaker government support for these sectors and a slight outperformance relative to broader market equities. We therefore saw this as a good opportunity to moderate our view somewhat.

We have recently held a position in the US Dollar versus the Swiss Franc. Since its implementation we have seen strong performance from the Dollar given increased interest rate expectations in the US, while the Swiss Franc has benefited from its reputation as a 'safe haven' currency amid plenty of geopolitical risk globally. We were becoming less positive on the Dollar and decided to remove the position with broadly flat returns.

Outlook

Stronger-than-expected US economic data, more rapid declines in inflation, and a policy pivot by the Fed has led us to adjust our base case economic forecast for 2024, with the Fed now seemingly more willing to risk stoking inflation to support economic growth through rate cuts. While we still believe the lagged effects of 2023 rate hikes could precipitate a US recession in 2024, this is no longer our base case view. We now expect a period of weak US growth and should a recession occur, a milder one than previously thought. Despite this upward revision, we remain below market consensus which increasingly expects steady US growth in 2024. In our view, a macroeconomic backdrop of tight labour markets and high interest rates limits the upside growth potential for the economy; we remain vigilant for evidence which refutes this stance.

Although the fourth-quarter risk asset rally left equities looking more expensive in absolute terms, lower bonds yields have improved valuations on a relative basis. Given our more benign economic outlook, we have moderated our negative medium-term view on equities. We prefer more defensive positioning, with current equity market pricing vulnerable to any negative surprises, in our view. The recent sharp rally in yields has prompted us to temper our positive outlook for government bonds. However, we still view rates as restrictive at current levels and anticipate further declines in government bond yields over the medium term.

Legal & General Investment Management Limited (Investment Adviser) 15 March 2024

Important Note from the Managers Geopolitical Events

In response to events in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, the Manager is closely monitoring financial markets and any potential liquidity and volatility risks which may have an impact on the Sub-fund.

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited February 2024

Portfolio Statement

Portfolio Statement as at 15 February 2024

All investments are in ordinary shares, investment grade securities or collective investment schemes unless otherwise stated. The percentages in brackets show the equivalent holdings at 15 August 2023.

Holding/ Nominal		Market Value	% of Net
Value	Investment	£	Assets
	EQUITIES — 3.47% (4.26%)		
	United Kingdom — 1.26% (1.46%)		
	Assura	5,198	0.10
	Gore Street Energy Storage Fund	2,301	0.05
	Grainger	6,157	0.12
	Greencoat UK Wind	10,806	0.21
	HICL Infrastructure	8,482	0.17
	Home REIT ¹	- 2.140	
	Impact Healthcare REIT	3,168	0.06
	Life Science REIT	1,994	0.04
	National Grid Primary Health Properties	2,012	0.04
		5,984 4,846	0.12 0.09
	Target Healthcare REIT Triple Point Social Housing REIT	4,046	0.09
	UNITE Group	9,147	0.08
712	UNITE GIOUP	64,375	1.26
	Channel Islands — 0.38% (0.47%)		
	GCP Infrastructure Investments	3,073	0.06
	International Public Partnerships	7,982	0.16
8,185	Renewables Infrastructure Group	8,046	0.16
		19,101	0.38
	Continental Europe — 0.56% (0.77%)		
84	Cellnex Telecom	2,387	0.05
153	Getlink	2,013	0.04
278	Holmen	8,458	0.16
200	Redeia Corporacion	2,534	0.05
	Stora Enso	2,367	0.05
858	Svenska Cellulosa 'B'	9,048	0.18
278	Terna - Rete Elettrica Nazionale	1,772	0.03
		28,579	0.56
	North America — 1.00% (1.12%)		
14	American Tower	2,114	0.04
100	Consolidated Edison	7,010	0.14
21	Crown Castle	1,809	0.04
100	Edison International	5,265	0.10
100	Eversource Energy	4,681	0.09
	Hydro One	2,362	0.05
	PotlatchDeltic	10,769	0.21
	Rayonier	9,360	0.18
294	Weyerhaeuser	7,827	0.15
		51,197	1.00
	Asia Pacific — 0.27% (0.44%)		
95	East Japan Railway	4,437	0.09
	MTR Corporation	3,247	0.06
	Oji Holdings	2,041	0.04
	Sumitomo Forestry Company	2,140	0.04
100		2,110	0.01

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	Asia Pacific — (cont.)		
301	Transurban Group	2,017	0.04
	_	13,882	0.27
	GOVERNMENT BONDS — 2.98% (2.13%)		
	United Kingdom — 0.19% (0.24%)		
USD13,000	International Finance Facility for Immunisation 1.00% 21/04/2026	9,539	0.19
	Continental Europe — 0.29% (0.38%)		
EUR20,159	Bundesrepublik Deutschland Bundesanleihe 0.00% 15/08/2030	14,971	0.29
	North America — 2.50% (1.51%)		
USD167,000	United States Treasury Inflation Indexed Bonds 1.125% 15/01/2033	127,811	2.50
	SUPRANATIONAL — 1.27% (1.16%)		
	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 1.375% 20/04/2028	8,461	0.17
	International Bank for Reconstruction & Development 3.875% 14/02/2030 International Development Association 1.00% 03/12/2030	37,176 19.077	0.73 0.37
00200,000		64,714	1.27
	-		
	COLLECTIVE INVESTMENT SCHEMES INVESTING IN — 92.11% (92.24%): United Kingdom — 18.24% (18.82%)		
1,712,939	Legal & General Future World ESG UK Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	931,325	18.24
	Continental Europe — 9.45% (9.53%)		
861,228	Legal & General Future World ESG Europe ex UK Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	482,718	9.45
	North America — 26.34% (24.62%)		
2,216,268	Legal & General Future World ESG North America Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	1,345,496	26.34
	Asia Pacific — 13.00% (12.82%)		
553,083	Legal & General Future World ESG Asia Pacific Index Fund 'L' Acc²	301,154	5.90
651,878	Legal & General Future World ESG Japan Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	362,575	7.10
	-	663,729	13.00
	Global — 9.70% (9.87%)		
13,011	Legal & General Artificial Intelligence 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	199,433	3.90
776	Legal & General Battery Value-Chain 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	10,021	0.20
	Legal & General Clean Energy 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	40,657	0.80
	Legal & General Clean Water 'USD' Acc UCITS ETF	42,768	0.84
	Legal & General Global High Yield Bond Fund 'Z' Acc GBP Hedged ² Legal & General Global Inflation Linked Bond Index Fund 'L' Inc ²	51,346 24,134	1.01 0.47
	Legal & General Global Real Estate Dividend Index Fund 'L' Inc ²	126,865	2.48
	<u> </u>	495,224	9.70
	Emerging Markets — 15.38% (16.58%)		
.,	Legal & General ESG Emerging Markets Government Bond (Local Currency) Index Fund 'Z' Acc²	44,702	0.87
54,005	Legal & General ESG Emerging Markets Government Bond (US\$) Index Fund 'Z' Acc ²	54,308	1.06

Portfolio Statement continued

Holding/ Nominal Value	Investment	Market Value £	% of Net Assets
	For exercise Mandreds (Acada)		
1 379 582	Emerging Markets — (cont.) Legal & General Future World ESG Emerging Markets Index Fund 'L' Acc ²	686,756	13.45
1,077,302	Edgar & Gorioral Fordic World 250 Emorging Markots index Ford 2 Acc	-	
		785,766	15.38
	FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS — -0.02% (-0.06%)		
USD(61,597)	Sold US Dollars		
GBP49,000	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	67	_
, ,	Sold US Dollars		
	for Sterling (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(4,152)	(80.0)
, , ,	Sold US Dollars		
	for Norwegian Krone (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	(1,194)	(0.02)
· · ·	Sold Japanese Yen		
	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	373	0.01
	Sold Sterling	212	
EUR(75,700)	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	212	_
, , ,	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	1,222	0.02
	Sold Japanese Yen	1,222	0.02
	for US Dollars (Expires 19/04/2024) ²	2,512	0.05
		(960)	(0.02)
Portfolio of investments ^{3,4}		5,097,467	99.81
Net other assets		9,828	0.19
Total net assets		£5,107,295	100.00%

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 1}$ Suspended securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

Total purchases for the period: £1,183,819.

Total sales for the period: £282,924.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Unlisted securities are valued at the Manager's best assessment of their fair and reasonable value.

³ Including investment liabilities.

⁴ All investments are admitted to an official stock exchange unless otherwise stated.

Financial Statements

Balance Sheet as at 15 February 2024

15/02/24

15/08/23

						13/02/24	13/06/23
Statement of To		- '				£	£
for the period e	ended 15 f	February 2	024		ASSETS		
					Fixed assets:		
		15/02/24		15/02/23	Investments	5,102,813	3,831,696
	£	£	£	£	Current assets:		
Income					Debtors	97,630	78,364
Net capital		343,476		15,003	Cash and bank balances	29,382	49,902
gains		343,476		15,003	Cash equivalents	_	762
Revenue	50,543		14,209				
Expenses	(4,804)		(1,263)		Total assets	5,229,825	3,960,724
Interest					LIABILITIES		
payable and similar					Investment liabilities	(5,346)	(8,520)
charges	(16)		(647)		Creditors:	(0,010)	(0,020)
Net revenue	_	_	-			(4,000)	(00.101)
before taxation	45,723		12,299		Bank overdrafts	(4,300)	(32,191)
Taxation	(1,033)		(209)		Distributions payable	(8,514)	(7,035)
Net revenue		_			Other creditors	(104,370)	(79,337)
after taxation for the period		44,690		12,090	Total liabilities	(122,530)	(127,083)
Total return	_				Net assets attributable		
before distributions		388,166		27,093	to Unitholders	£5,107,295	£3,833,641
Distributions		(44,818)		(12,114)			
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from	_	0040.045	_	014.0=0			
investment activities	_	£343,348	_	£14,979			

Statement of Change in Net Assets attributable to Unitholders for the period ended 15 February 2024

	£	15/02/24 £	£	15/02/23 £
Opening net assets attributable to Unitholders	;	3,833,641		1,922,389
Amounts received on issue of units	1,467,673		714,953	
Amounts paid on cancellation of units	(580,986)	_	(441,962)	
		886,687		272,991
Change in net assets attributable to Unitholders from investment activitie	2 5	343,348		14,979
Retained distribution on accumulation u		43,619		13,426
Closing net assets attributable to Unitholders	_	£5,107,295	_	£2,223,785

The difference between the opening net assets and the comparative closing net assets is the movement in the second half of the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Association in May 2014 (2014 SORP) and amended in June 2017.

2. Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied are consistent with the most recent annual Financial Statements.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. In making this assessment, the Manager has considered, amongst other things, factors such as Sub-fund size, cash flows through the Sub-fund and Sub-fund liquidity in its assessment of the Sub-fund's ability to meet its liabilities as they fall due at least the twelve month period from the date the financial statements are signed. Based on this assessment, the Manager deems the basis of preparation appropriate.

Sub-fund Information

Net Asset Values and Units in Issue

Class I-Class Distribution Units	Net Asset Value (£)	Units in Issue	Net Asset Value per Unit (p)
Accumulation Units	1,519,785	2,614,254	58.13
C-Class Distribution Units Accumulation Units	42,544 1,102,679	74,955 1,895,149	56.76 58.18
L-Class Accumulation Units	1,625,434	2,785,805	58.35

Past performance is not a guide to future performance.

The price of units and any income from them may go down as well as up.

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of any overseas investments to rise or fall.

Ongoing Charges Figures

	15 Feb 24	15 Aug 23
I-Class	0.36%	0.36%
C-Class	0.29%	0.29%
L-Class	0.08%	0.08%

The Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) is the ratio of the Sub-fund's total disclosable costs (excluding overdraft interest) and all costs suffered through holdings in underlying Collective Investment Schemes, to the average net assets of the Sub-fund.

The OCF is intended to provide a reliable figure which gives the most accurate measure of what it costs to invest in a fund and is calculated based on the last period's figures.

Distribution Information

I-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.5616p per unit for distribution units and 0.5664p per unit for accumulation units.

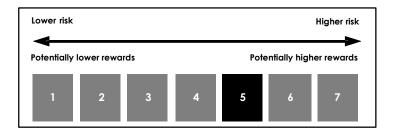
C-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.5727p per unit for distribution units and 0.5785p per unit for accumulation units.

L-Class

The distribution payable on 15 April 2024 is 0.6406p per unit for accumulation units.

Risk and Reward Profile



- The Risk and Reward Indicator table demonstrates where the Sub-fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. It is based on historical data and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Sub-fund. The shaded area in the table above shows the Sub-fund's ranking on the Risk and Reward Indicator.
- The Sub-fund is in category five because the mix of different asset types in which the Sub-fund invests has a balancing effect on the rate at which the Sub-fund share price moves up and down. This type of fund is generally considered to be higher risk than one investing only in bonds and lower risk than one investing only in company shares.
- Even a fund in the lowest category is not a risk free investment.

The Sub-fund targets risk profile seven as calculated by Distribution Technology. They are an independent agency who provides risk profiling tools to advisers and fund managers.

The Risk and Reward profile scale above is calculated differently to the Distribution Technology Risk Profiles. The Distribution Technology profiles range from 1 to 10 with 10 being the highest (rather than a scale of 1 to 7 for the Risk and Reward profile).

More information on the Distribution Technology risk profiles is shown in the Prospectus. Alternatively, you can contact us with any queries.

Legal & General Multi-Index Funds

General Information

Constitution			Future World ESG Multi-Index	R-Class	Annual 0.66%
Launch date:	21 August 20)13	4 - 5	I-Class	Annual 0.36%
Period end dates for distributions:	_			C-Class*	Annual 0.29%
renod end dates for distributions.	15 February (Interim) and 15 of each month for monthly distributing		Future World ESG Multi-Index 6 - 7	L-Class** I-Class C-Class* L-Class**	Annual 0.08% Annual 0.36% Annual 0.29% Annual 0.08%
D: 1 1 1	Sub-funds^	TE' 1)	Initial charge:	Nil for all ex	isting unit classes
Distribution dates:	15 October (Final), 15 April (Interim) and 14 of each month for monthly distributing Sub-funds^		^ The Scheme's policy is to distribute revenue monthly for the L&G Multi-Index Income 4 Fund, L&G Multi-Index Income 5 Fund and L&G Multi-Index Income 6 Fund. All other Sub-funds distribute revenue bi-annually.		
Minimum initial lump					
sum investment:	R-Class I-Class C-Class* L-Class** J-Class*	£100 £1,000,000 £100,000,000 £500,000 £100,000,000	* Class C and Class J units are avail investors who meet the criteria for as outlined in the share class policy available to investors in the C-Class Where investors in the C-Class and	investment in of the Manag s and J-Class u l J-Class no los	such units ger, which is upon request. nger continue
Minimum monthly contributions:	R-Class	£20	to meet the criteria for investment investment in such units may not b		turmer
	I-Class* C-Class* L-Class** J-Class*	N/A N/A N/A N/A	** Class L units are only available t funds and/or companies which hav with the Manager or an affiliate of	o other Legal we entered into	
Valuation point:	3pm		*** Class Expits are alosed to max	au ba animei a na	
Fund Management Fees:			*** Class F units are closed to new	subscriptions	•
Diversified	I-Class C-Class* L-Class**	Annual 0.28% Annual 0.21% Annual 0.08%	Pricing and Dealing The prices are published on the int www.legalandgeneral.com/investm		rices-and-
Multi-Index 3 - 7	R-Class F-Class*** I-Class C-Class* L-Class**	Annual 0.61% Annual 0.50% Annual 0.31% Annual 0.24% Annual 0.06%	reports/daily-fund-prices immedia available. Dealing in units takes place on a fo 9:00am to 5:00pm, Monday to Frid	rward pricing	
	J-Class*	Annual 0.24%	Buying and Selling Units		
Multi-Index Income 4	R-Class I-Class* C-Class* L-Class** J-Class*	Annual 0.65% Annual 0.31% Annual 0.24% Annual 0.06% Annual 0.24%	Units may be bought on any busine or through a financial adviser by co- form or on the internet at www.leg normally be sold back to the Mana the bid price calculated at the follow	ompleting an a alandgeneral.c ger on any bu	pplication com. Units may siness day at
Multi-Index Income 5	R-Class	Annual 0.68%	ISA Status		
Multi-Index Income 6	I-Class* C-Class** L-Class** J-Class*	Annual 0.31% Annual 0.24% Annual 0.06% Annual 0.24% Annual 0.70%	This Scheme may be held within the arrangement. The favourable tax to maintained. For full written informusual financial adviser or ring 0370	eatment of IS ation, please o	As may not be
Wuld-mack meonic o	I-Class C-Class* L-Class** J-Class*	Annual 0.31% Annual 0.24% Annual 0.06% Annual 0.24%	Call charges will vary. We may reco	rd and monito	or calls.
Future World ESG Multi-Index 3	R-Class I-Class C-Class*	Annual 0.66% Annual 0.36% Annual 0.29%			

Legal & General Multi-Index Funds

General Information (continued)

Prospectus and Manager's Report

Copies of the Prospectus and the most recent annual or interim reports are available free of charge by telephoning 0370 050 0955 or by writing to the Manager.

Do you have difficulty in reading information in print because of a disability? If so, we can help. We are able to produce information for our clients in large print and braille. If you would like to discuss your particular requirements, please contact us on 0370 050 0955.

Call charges will vary. We may record and monitor calls.

EU Savings Directive

The Scheme has been reviewed against the requirements of the Directive 2003/48/EC on Taxation of savings in the form of interest payments (ESD), following the HM Revenue & Customs debt investment reporting guidance notes.

Under the directive, information is collected about the payment of distributions to residents in certain other countries and is reported to HM Revenue & Customs to be exchanged with Tax authorities in those countries.

The Scheme falls within the 25% debt investment reporting threshold. This means that details of all distributions and redemption proceeds paid to non UK investors will be reported by Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited to HM Revenue & Customs to be exchanged with the relevant Tax authorities.

Taskforce on Climate related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) Report

In accordance with the Taskforce on Climate related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) requirements, Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited (UTM) has prepared its public TCFD report which is available for investors to read and review at the following website link:

https://www.lgim.com/landg-assets/lgim/_document-library/capabilities/lgim-ltd-tcfd-legal-entity-report-2022.pdf.

Authorised Fund Manager

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited Registered in England and Wales No. 01009418 Registered office:

One Coleman Street, London EC2R 5AA Telephone: 0370 050 3350

Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Directors of the Manager

M. M. Ammon

E. Cowhey*

A. J. C. Craven

D. J. Hosie*

R. R. Mason

L. W. Toms

Secretary

J. McCarthy One Coleman Street, London EC2R 5AA

Registrar

Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited
Four Central Square
Cardiff CF10 1FS

Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Dealing: 0370 050 0956 Enquiries: 0370 050 0955 Registration: 0370 050 0955

Call charges will vary. We may record and monitor calls.

Trustee

Northern Trust Investor Services Limited Trustee and Depositary Services 50 Bank Street, Canary Wharf, London E14 5NT

Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

Independent Auditor

KPMG LLP 319 St Vincent Street, Glasgow G2 5AS

Investment Adviser

Legal & General Investment Management Limited One Coleman Street, London EC2R 5AA Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority

^{*}Non-executive Director



Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority
Legal & General (Unit Trust Managers) Limited
Registered in England and Wales No. 01009418
Registered office: One Coleman Street, London EC2R 5AA www.legalandgeneral.com