

Strategy

The fund is managed using a team approach, aiming to offer an optimised and dynamic asset class selection between asset classes with different characteristics such as equities, bonds and others. The optimised asset class selection has been scientifically designed to dynamically de-risk the portfolio up to the fund's target date: the initial allocation is 100% in high risk assets such as equities and becomes more diversified over the life of the funds. The final portfolio at target date is 100% cash. Relative performance will be driven primarily by allocation selection. Allocation selection is a research-driven process where we filter managers based on qualitative and quantitative criteria. Qualitative analysis focuses on understanding how the investment process works, considering factors such as investment philosophy, stock selection process, portfolio construction and risk controls. Quantitative analysis examines where a fund's performance comes from, measuring historical performance factors and conducting holdings-based analysis.

Objectives & Investment Policy

Objective: The fund aims to achieve capital growth over the long term for investors planning to withdraw substantial portions of their investment in the year 2030.

Investment Policy: The fund invests in a range of asset classes such as bonds, equities, interest bearing and money market instruments as well as eligible exposure to commodities from anywhere in the world, including emerging markets. These investments may be denominated in any currency and some of them may be below investment grade or unrated. The proportion of assets allocated to each asset class varies over time and the fund will increasingly favour lower risk investments as it approaches its target date, shifting to an increasingly conservative asset allocation. The fund invests at least 50% of its assets in securities of issuers with favourable environmental, social and governance (ESG) characteristics. The fund may invest in the following assets according to the percentages indicated: collateralised and securitised debt instruments: up to 20% SPACs: less than 5% The fund will not terminate at the target date but will continue to be managed in accordance with its investment objective and policy.

Investment Process: The fund is actively managed and references a blend of market indices (each a "Market Index") in order to set internal guidelines around the weightings allocated to different asset classes. The fund is managed to offer an optimized asset allocation between asset classes with different risk and return characteristics. The asset allocation has been designed to de-risk portfolio by migrating from a growth to a defensive asset allocation up to the fund's target date. The Investment Manager also considers ESG characteristics when assessing investment risks and opportunities. In determining favourable ESG characteristics, the Investment Manager takes into account ESG ratings provided by Fidelity or external agencies. Through the investment management process the Investment Manager aims to ensure that investee companies follow good governance practices. The fund adheres to the Fidelity Sustainable Investing Framework standards. For more information, see "Sustainable Investing and ESG Integration" and the Sustainability Annex.

Derivatives and Techniques: The fund may use derivatives for hedging, efficient portfolio management and investment purposes.

Benchmark: As at 1 January 2023, the Market Indices consist of ICE BofA Euro Large Cap; MSCI Europe (N); MSCI Emerging Markets (N); MSCI World ex Europe (N). Further information is available on request at <https://www.fidelity.lu>.

Fund Facts

Launch date: 16.05.05

Portfolio manager: Ayesha Akbar, Julie-Ann Ashcroft

Appointed to fund: 31.05.23, 01.01.24

Years at Fidelity: 16, 2

Fund size: € 453m

Number of allocations in fund: 22

Fund reference currency: Euro (EUR)

Fund domicile: Luxembourg

Fund legal structure: SICAV

Management company: FIL Investment Management (Luxembourg) S.A.

Capital guarantee: No

Share Class Facts

Other share classes may be available. Please refer to the prospectus for more details.

Launch date: 16.05.05

NAV price in share class currency: 50.87

ISIN: LU0215159145

SEDOL: BNTD4D1

WKN: A0EAD3

Bloomberg: FID2030 LX

Distribution type: Income

Distribution frequency: Annual

Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) per year: 1.53% (Estimated)

OCF takes into account annual management charge per year: 1.10%

Independent Assessment

Information is the latest available at date of publication. See Glossary for further details. As some ratings agencies may use past performance to produce their assessments, these are not a reliable indicator of future results.

Morningstar Rating: ****

The rating measures how well a fund has balanced risk and reward relative to its peers. Star ratings are strictly based on past performance and Morningstar suggests investors use them to identify funds that are worthy for further research. The top 10% of funds in a category will receive a 5-star rating and the next 22.5% receive a 4-star rating. Only ratings of 4 or 5 stars are displayed on the factsheet.

Share Class Risk and Reward Profile



This risk indicator is taken from the key information document at the relevant month-end. Because it may be updated during a month, please refer to the key information document for the most up-to-date information.

- Historical data may not be a reliable indication for the future.
- The risk category shown is not guaranteed and may change over time.
- The lowest category does not mean a "risk free" investment.
- The risk and reward profile is classified by the level of historical fluctuation of the Net Asset Values of the share class, and within this classification, categories 1-2 indicate a low level of historical fluctuations, 3-5 a medium level and 6-7 a high level.
- The value of your investment may fall as well as rise and you may get back less than you originally invested.
- The fund may invest in instruments denominated in currencies other than the fund base currency. Changes in currency exchange rates can therefore affect the value of your investment.

Important Information

The value of your investment may fall as well as rise and you may get back less than you originally invested. Liquidity is a measure of how easily an investment can be converted into cash. Under certain market conditions assets may be more difficult to value or sell at a desired price. This could affect the fund's ability to meet redemptions in a timely manner. When referring to sustainability - related aspects of the promoted fund, the decision to invest should take into account all characteristics or objectives of the promoted fund as detailed in the Prospectus. Information on sustainability-related aspects is provided pursuant to SFDR at <https://www.fidelity.lu/sfd-entirety-disclosures>.

There is a risk that the issuers of bonds may not be able to repay the money they have borrowed or make interest payments. When interest rates rise, bonds may fall in value. Rising interest rates may cause the value of your investment to fall. The fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics. The Investment Manager's focus on securities of issuers which maintain sustainable characteristics may affect the fund's investment performance favourably or unfavourably in comparison to similar funds without such focus. The sustainable characteristics of securities may change over time.

Past performance does not predict future returns. The fund's returns may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations. The investment which is promoted concerns the acquisition of units or shares in a fund, and not in a given underlying asset owned by the fund.

Performance Comparator(s)

Peer Group Universe

Morningstar EAA Fund Target Date 2026 - 2030

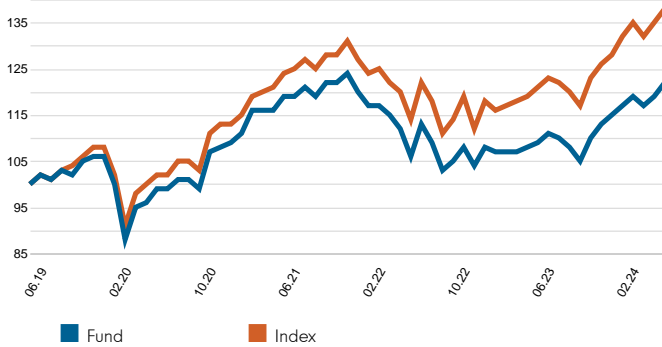
Market index from 03.06.24

The index used for comparison is a blend of market indices representing the various asset classes, They are combined using weights that change as the target asset allocation changes, Further details are available on request,

Market index is for comparative purposes only unless specifically referenced in the Objectives & Investment Policy on page 1.

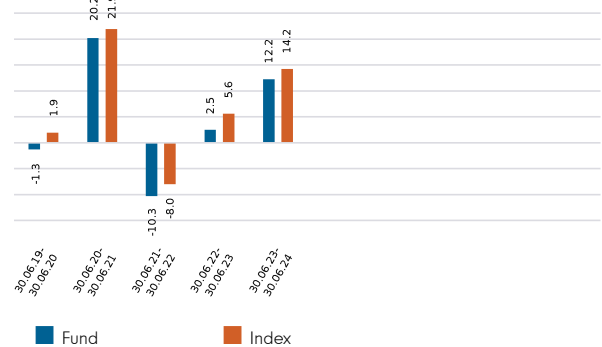
Where the effective date for the current market index is after the share class launch date, full history is available from Fidelity.

Cumulative performance in EUR (rebased to 100)



Performance is shown for the last five years (or since launch for funds launched within that period).

Performance for 12 month periods in EUR (%)



Performance for calendar years in EUR (%)



Volatility & Risk (3 years)

Annualised Volatility: fund (%)	9.86	Annualised Alpha	-2.28
Relative Volatility	0.97	Beta	0.95
Sharpe Ratio: fund	-0.04	Annualised Tracking Error (%)	1.63
Sharpe Ratio: index	0.20	Information Ratio	-1.54
		R²	0.98

Calculated using month-end data points. Definitions of these terms can be found in the Glossary section of this factsheet.

Performance to 30.06.24 in EUR (%)

	1m	3m	YTD	1yr	3yr	5yr	Since 16.05.05*
Fund cumulative growth	3.0	2.5	8.0	12.2	3.1	22.2	164.9
Index cumulative growth	2.2	2.1	8.9	14.2	10.9	37.7	227.4
Fund annualised growth	-	-	-	12.2	1.0	4.1	5.2
Index annualised growth	-	-	-	14.2	3.5	6.6	6.4
Ranking within Peer Group Universe							
A-Euro	2	2	3	3	5	3	
Total number of funds	10	10	10	10	8	6	
Quartile ranking**	1	1	2	2	3	2	

Source of fund performance and volatility and risk measures is Fidelity. Performance is excluding initial charge. Basis: nav-nav with income reinvested, in EUR, net of fees. If you took an initial charge of 5.25% from an investment, this is the equivalent of reducing a growth rate of 6% per annum over 5 years to 4.9%. This is the highest initial charge applicable, if the initial charge you pay is less than 5.25%, the impact on the overall performance will be less. Market indices are sourced from RIMES and other data is sourced from third-party providers such as Morningstar.

*Performance commencement date.

**Quartile rank is for the fund's primary share class as identified by Morningstar, which may be different than the share class detailed in this factsheet and refers to performance over time rated on a scale of 1-4. A ranking of 1 indicates that the item being ranked is in the top 25% of the sample and so on. Rankings are based on a performance record that is included in the Peer Group Universe. In line with Investment Association methodology, this record may include a track record extension from a legacy share class and the record may not be the same class of this factsheet. Quartile ranking is an internal Fidelity International calculation. Ranking may vary by share class.

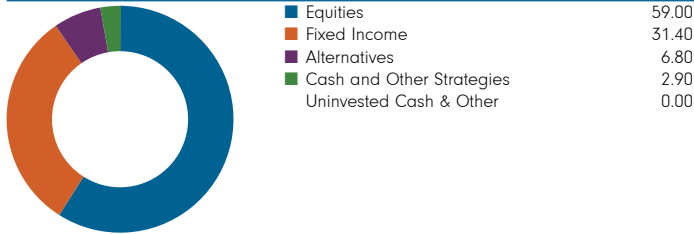
Introduction

This factsheet contains information about the composition of the fund at a particular point in time. It aims to help you understand how the fund manager is positioned to achieve the fund's objectives.

The asset class breakdown displays the totals for investments (which could include derivatives) in each category. Where derivatives are held, their contribution to the total is included on an exposure basis – ie an amount equivalent to the value that would have been invested in a fund to produce an equivalent holding. Where derivatives are used they may cause fund totals to exceed 100% (although very minor differences could be attributable to rounding).

The Top Allocations table provides the next level of detail, showing the manager's choice of investment disciplines, funds or other holdings across the sub asset classes. It includes cash held as a strategic investment. Investment disciplines includes the use of "pools". For internal management purposes, Fidelity forms "pools" to co-manage assets from different funds. (These pools are not directly available to customers and do not constitute separate entities.)

Breakdown by Asset Class (% TNA)



Breakdown within Asset Class (% TNA)

Asset Class	Sub-Asset Class	% TNA
Equities	US Equities	39.7
	Europe Equities	7.4
	Emerging Markets Equities	5.6
	Japan Equities	3.9
	Asia Pacific ex Japan Equities	1.3
	Canadian Equities	1.1
Fixed Income		13.4
		9.0
		9.0
Alternatives	Global High Yield	9.0
	Listed Alternatives	6.8
		6.8
Cash and Other Strategies		2.9
		2.9
Uninvested Cash & Other	Cash & Other Assets	2.9
		0.0
Total		100.1

Top Allocations (% TNA)

Allocation	Sub-Asset Class	% TNA
Fidelity Funds - Fidelity Sustainable Research Enhanced US Equity Pool	US Equities	27.5
Fidelity Funds - Sustainable USD EM Bond Pool		9.0
Fidelity Funds - Sustainable Global High Yield Paris Aligned Pool	Global High Yield	9.0
Fidelity Funds - ETF	US Equities	8.2
Fidelity Funds - Systematic Global Government Bond Pool		8.1
Fidelity Funds - Institutional TDF Listed Alternatives Pool	Listed Alternatives	6.8
Fidelity Funds - US Core Equity Pool	US Equities	3.9
Fidelity Funds - European Core Equity Pool	Europe Equities	3.7
Fidelity Funds - Sustainable Research Enhanced Europe Equity Pool	Europe Equities	3.7
Fidelity Funds - Renaissance 2 Pool		3.4

Figures may not always sum to totals due to rounding

Glossary / additional notes

Volatility & Risk

Annualised volatility: a measure of how variable returns for a fund or comparative market index have been around their historical average (also known as “standard deviation”). Two funds may produce the same return over a period. The fund whose monthly returns have varied less will have a lower annualised volatility and will be considered to have achieved its returns with less risk. The calculation is the standard deviation of 36 monthly returns presented as an annualised number. Volatility for funds and indices are calculated independently of each other.

Relative volatility: a ratio calculated by comparing the annualised volatility of a fund to the annualised volatility of a comparative market index. A value greater than 1 indicates the fund has been more volatile than the index. A value less than 1 shows the fund has been less volatile than the index. A relative volatility of 1.2 means the fund has been 20% more volatile than the index, while a measure of 0.8 would mean the fund has been 20% less volatile than the index.

Sharpe ratio: a measure of a fund’s risk-adjusted performance, taking into account the return on a risk-free investment. The ratio allows an investor to assess whether the fund is generating adequate returns for the level of risk it is taking. The higher the ratio, the better the risk-adjusted performance has been. If the ratio is negative, the fund has returned less than the risk-free rate. The ratio is calculated by subtracting the risk-free return (such as cash) in the relevant currency from the fund’s return, then dividing the result by the fund’s volatility. It is calculated using annualised numbers.

Annualised alpha: the difference between a fund’s expected return (based on its beta) and the fund’s actual return. A fund with a positive alpha has delivered more return than would be expected given its beta.

Beta: a measure of a fund’s sensitivity to market movements (as represented by a market index). The beta of the market is 1.00 by definition. A beta of 1.10 shows that the fund could be expected to perform 10% better than the index in up markets and 10% worse in down markets, assuming all other factors remain constant. Conversely, a beta of 0.85 indicates that the fund could be expected to perform 15% worse than the market return during up markets and 15% better during down markets.

Annualised tracking error: a measure showing how closely a fund follows the index to which it is being compared. It is the standard deviation of the fund’s excess returns. The higher the fund’s tracking error, the higher the variability of fund returns around the market index.

Information ratio: a measure of a fund’s effectiveness in generating excess return for the level of risk taken. An information ratio of 0.5 shows the fund has delivered an annualised excess return equivalent to half the value of the tracking error. The ratio is calculated by taking the fund’s annualised excess return and dividing it by the fund’s tracking error.

R²: a measure representing the degree to which a fund’s return can be explained by the returns of a comparative market index. A value of 1 signifies the fund and index are perfectly correlated. A measure of 0.5 means only 50% of the fund’s performance can be explained by the index. If the R² is 0.5 or lower, the fund’s beta (and therefore its alpha too) is not a reliable measure (due to a low correlation between fund and index).

Ongoing charges

The ongoing charges figure represents the charges taken from the fund over a year. It is calculated at the fund’s financial year end and may vary from year to year. For classes of funds with fixed ongoing charges, this may not vary from year to year. For new classes of funds or classes undergoing corporate actions (eg amendment to annual management charge), the ongoing charges figure is estimated until the criteria are met for an actual ongoing charges figure to be published. The types of charges included in the ongoing charges figure are management fees, administration fees, custodian and depositary fees and transaction charges, shareholder reporting costs, regulatory registration fees, Directors fees (where applicable) and bank charges. It excludes: performance fees (where applicable); portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/exit charge paid by the fund when buying or selling units in another collective investment undertaking.

For more information about charges (including details of the fund’s financial year end), please consult the charges section in the most recent Prospectus.

Historic yield

The historic yield for a fund is based on its dividends declared over the preceding 12 months. It is calculated by summing the dividend rates declared in that period, divided by the price as at the date of publication. Declared dividends may not be confirmed and may be subject to change. Where 12 months of declared dividend data does not exist a historic yield will not be published.

Sector/industry classification

GICS: The Global Industry Classification Standard is a taxonomy mainly used across MSCI and S&P indices in which each company is assigned by its principal business activity to one of 11 sectors, 24 industry groups, 69 industries and 158 sub-industries. More information is available at <http://www.msci.com/gics>

ICB: The Industry Classification Benchmark is a taxonomy mainly used across FTSE Russell indices in which each company is assigned by its principal business activity to one of 11 industries, 20 supersectors, 45 sectors and 173 subsectors. More information is available at <https://www.ftserussell.com/data/industry-classification-benchmark-icb>

TOPIX: Tokyo stock Price Index, commonly known as TOPIX, is a stock market index for the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE) in Japan, tracking all domestic companies of the exchange’s First Section. It is calculated and published by the TSE.

IPD means the Investment Property Databank who are a provider of performance analysis and benchmarking services for investors in real estate. IPD UK Pooled Property Funds Index - All Balanced Funds is a component of the IPD Pooled Funds Indices which is published quarterly by IPD.

Independent Assessment

Primary share class: is identified by Morningstar when the analysis calls for only one share class per fund to be in the peer group. It is the share class Morningstar recommends as the best proxy for the portfolio for the relevant market and category/GIF combination. In most cases the share class chosen will be the most retail version (based upon actual management charge, inception date, distribution status, currency and other factors) unless a share class that is less retailed focused has a much longer track record. It is different to the oldest share class data point in that it is on an available for sale level and not all markets will have the oldest share class for sale in that region. The Primary share class is also based on category so each available for sale/category combination for the fund will have its own primary share class.

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